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CONTRACTOR (full legal name of	Program	Program Name:				
ADDRESS:		PI Name:				
				-		
		Project Number:		Award Number:	Task Number:	
Citizenship Status (Refer to reverse	e side of form for applicable def			Number.	ivuiliber.	
U.S. Citizen	Nonresident Alien	,				
Resident Alien	Visa/NAFTA stat	us:				
	Country of citizen	ship:				
** W9 form r	nust be completed by Contra	-	ttp://www.irs.gov/p	ub/irs-pdf/fw9.pd	lf **	
			1			
Fee: per hour	Estimated		Estimated		Attach documentation of	
lioui	Expenses:		Total:		rate or basis of fee	
		Contractor S				
If additional space Scheduled Dates of Performance	is needed for the following sect	ion, please u	se separate sheets a	nd attach them to	this form.	
(dd-mmm-yy to dd-mmm-yy)			to			
Name of country where services are to be performed						
Description of Services to be						
performed						
Need Access to Oswego Campus & Facilities	Yes If 'Yes' a No	attach details				
Criteria for the classification of the						
person as an independent contractor	Individual or firm that offers services to the public The RF does not exercise control or direction as to the details or means by which a result is					
(See reverse for the "Common Law	accomplished					
Test" and IRS Categories of	Not Currently an employ	yee at SUNY	or RF			
Evidence)	Other					
Contractor Selection Criteria						
(See reverse for Qualifications of Contractor to perform scope of						
work)						
	CERTIFICATION OF	THE PRO.	JECT DIRECTO	2		
-	formed is essential to the project,					
	t be provided by any other person 1 derstood the Common Law Test (s		y support under the g	rant,		
	ropriate based on the qualifications		e and the nature of th	e work to be done.		
Signature of the	nvestigator			Date		
Approved:						
(Operations Manager)					Date	

Citizens Status Definitions				
Resident	The term applied by the IRS to a noncitizen in the U.S. who either holds an Alien Registration Receipt Card (INS-551),			
Alien	commonly known as a "Green Card," representing approval from the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service to remain in			
	the U.S. for an indefinite period of time, or meets the requirements of the substantial presence test for taxation and withholding purposes.			
Nonresident	The term applied by the IRS to a person in the U.S. who is neither an U.S. citizen nor a resident alien.			
Alien	Visa Status - Nonresident aliens who have a visa must indicate the type of visa that they hold. The visa type can be obtained			
	from the visa or from the alien's Arrival/Departure Record (Form I-94). The visa type determines the type of payment the			
	nonresident alien can receive.			
	NAFTA Status - Canadian and Mexican business persons can enter the U.S. under one of four categories covered under the			
	North American Free Trade Agreement. Only two of the four categories apply to Research Foundation business. The alien			
	must indicate that they are either a B-1 Temporary Business Visitor or a TN Professional.			

Twenty Factors of the "Common Law Test"

- All of the following factors must be considered in determining whether an employment relationship exists:
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- Does an employer set instructions on when, where, and how work is performed?
- 2 Is training required?
- 3 Are services a vital part of daily operation?
- 4 Are services rendered personally (as opposed to dellegated).
- 5 Does this person hire, supervise, and pay assistants?
- 6 Is there a continuing relationship after a specific job is completed?
- 7 Are hours of work set by the employer?
- 8 Does the individual work full-time for an employer?
- 9 Does the individual work on the employer's premise?
- 10 Is the individual told to perform work in a certain sequence?
- 11 Does the individual submit regular oral or written reports?
- 12 Are payments regular; by hour, week, month? (Contractors are compensated lump-sum based on deliverables.)
- 13 Does the individual receive payment of business and/or travel expenses?
- 14 Are supplies, tools, and materials provided by the employer?
- 15 Does the individual have a significant personal investment in the facilities they use for work?
- 16 Does the individual realize a profit or loss based on their success in performing a service?
- 17 Is the individual performing services for a number of employers concurrently?
- 18 Does the individual regularly make their services available to the general public?
- 19 Can the individual be discharged by the employer?
- 20 Can the individual terminate relationship without liability?

Since these tests are subjective, an individual need not meet all, or even most, of these tests to be classified as an employee, since the IRS may give more weight to a certain factor depending on the individual occupation or other facts and circumstances.

IRS Categories of Evidence

The IRS has categorized the facts that provide evidence of the degree of control and independence in the relationship between the worker and the business into the following three categories:

- **Behavioral Control**
- Financial Control

Type of Relationship

These "categories of evidence" can be used by locations when examining a work relationship to make an independent contractor - employee determination. All evidence of control and independence must be examined.

Qualifications of Contractor to perform scope of work

When selecting an independent contractor, consider and be prepared to document:ExpertiseSingle/sole source procurementsCredibilityExport Controls & Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), if applicableOpen and free completionConflict of interestPrice and cost analysisFederal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), if applicable