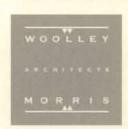


STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT OSWEGO

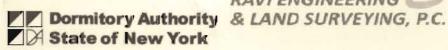
WEST CAMPUS DINING HALL **BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS**

FEASIBILITY STUDY • MAY 10, 2011









RAVI ENGINEERING

Introduction

Review Criteria

Building Analysis

Pathfinder Hall • Littlepage Hall Connecting Tunnels and Retaining Walls

Opinion of Probable Construction Costs

Appendices

Asbestos Technical Memorandum PCB Technical Memorandum

INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

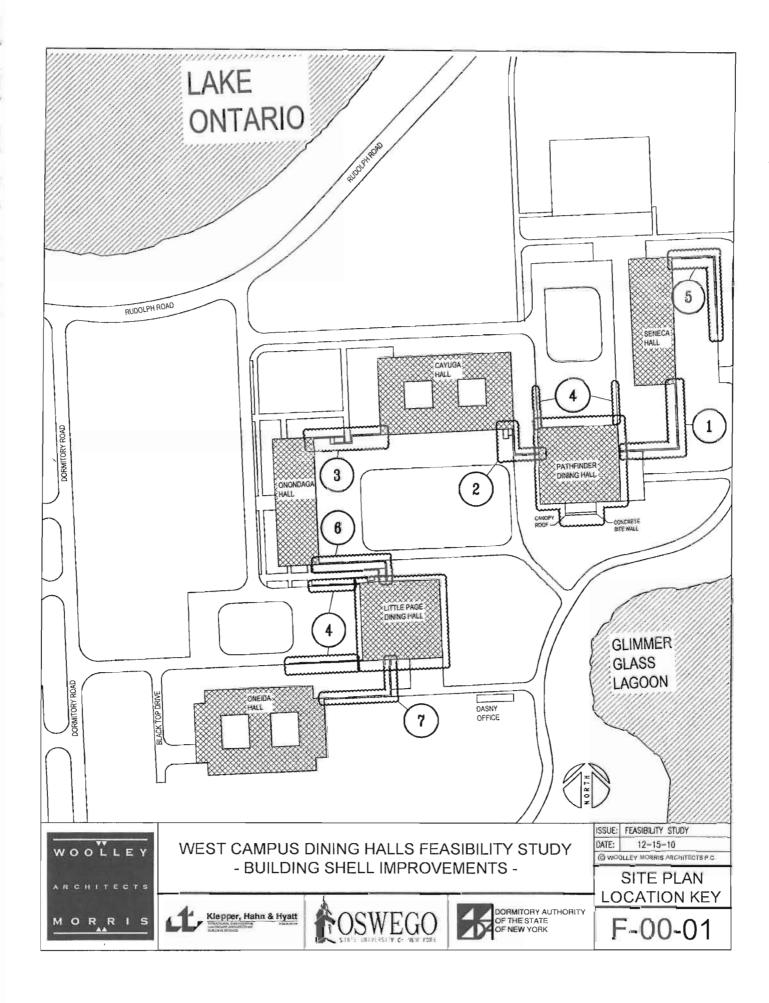
In accordance with our Proposal to the Dormitory Authority State of New York, authorized on October 18, 2010, we submit this Feasibility Study encompassing two dining halls, Pathfinder and Littlepage Halls, and associated connecting tunnels, retaining walls and exterior stairs. This study examines the condition of the exterior walls, roofs, fenestration, associated mechanical, plumbing and electrical, and extent of related asbestos abatement, and recommends the extent and type of repair and/or replacement of components in a cost effective manner, optimizing the life of each system.

Woolley Morris Architects, the prime consultant for the report's preparation, focused on the fenestration systems and project coordination. Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt provided façade and roof services, C&S Companies provided MEP services, and Ravi Engineering assisted with asbestos inspection, sampling, and asbestos cost estimating. All observations and recommendations are included in this study.

The extent of the report is limited to those specific systems as identified for analysis by SUNY Oswego as outlined above. In addition, the following areas are specifically noted as outside the limits of the report's investigation, and include:

- Analysis of life safety systems and potential violations thereof.
- Any requirements for OSHA compliance for employee roof access, including guardrails, tie offs for fall protection devices, ladders and safety cages, etc.
- Design and construction administration services relating to the design of repairs or development of schemes to address the conditions observed in this study.

If any of these systems have not been assessed by the Campus recently, their need should be determined, and then the in-place conditions should be reviewed, assessed, and any deficiencies addressed.



REVIEW CRITERIA

REVIEW CRITERIA

EXTENT OF OBSERVATIONS, SITE ANALYSIS, AND REVIEW OF DOCUMENTS:

ROOF:

Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt spent several days onsite performing limited visual review of the buildings' roofs. A roofer was engaged to perform test cuts and repairs on the buildings' roofs.

The campus provided Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt with copies of design drawings of both buildings, which were reviewed for information relative to the roofing assessment and structural information for snowdrift loading analyses.

FAÇADE:

Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt spent multiple days onsite performing limited visual review and hammer sounding of nearly 100% of the building façades from the ground, roofs and from a 50' scissors lift.

The purpose of the Façade Condition Review section is to perform a limited observation of the façade elements, and to develop a professional opinion of the cause of any distress, damage, and deterioration observed. This report includes a description of observations, descriptions of mechanisms that are believed to be the cause of the observed distress, damage, and deterioration, as well as recommendations for remedial work.

This review was limited to the visual described here in only. Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt did no physical testing of structural elements, or mathematical structural analysis of the elements' capacities. Site observations of the existing conditions were not exhaustive, and there have been some significant conditions which were not visible.

Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt was not made aware of, nor encountered to their knowledge, the presence of any hazardous or toxic materials. These materials include, but are not limited to, asbestos, combustible materials and gases, PCB's, radioactive materials, and hazardous waste.

The campus provided Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt with copies of design drawings of the buildings, which we rereviewed for the limited purpose of the detailing of the facade and the structure's possible effect on the performance of the facade.

WINDOWS:

Woolley Morris Architects spent several days on site performing close range visual inspections of the window systems, entrance storefronts and exterior doors of both dining halls and adjacent tunnels, with the aid of a 50' scissors lift. Available drawings, representing original construction and subsequent renovation scopes, were also analyzed.

Information derived during investigative demolition of windows at Onondaga, Oneida and Cayuga Halls during previous renovation projects helped to ascertain whether typical windows can be replaced without impacting interior finishes and convectors at the buildings covered under the present study.

ASBESTOS AND PCB:

Non-analytical documentation of past asbestos sampling conducted within the dining halls was reviewed prior to the inspection. In addition, as-built record drawings were also reviewed prior to the inspection. Window sections from these drawings indicate an asbestos cement backer board on the bottom window panels within the two tunnels attached to each of the two dining halls, and vinyl asbestos floor tile. Suspect asbestos and PCB containing materials not previously identified or sampled which have the potential to be impacted by this

study were sampled and analyzed for asbestos and PCB content determination. The AHERA and DASNY sampling protocol (for asbestos) were not utilized for the feasibility study. Areas of inspection were limited to potential areas of impact with regards to the feasible options of the window, façade and roof renovations. Roof materials have been sampled and the results indicate the presence of ACM.

CODE REFERENCES:

ROOF:

2010 Existing Building Code of New York State

Campus specific presents wind uplift design values (Figure 1608.2 of NYS Building Code):

Building	Design Snow Loads, psf	Roof Load
All	55 psf = P _G	$42.4 \text{ psf} = P_F$

Importance factor, wind $-I_W$ 1.15 Importance factor, snow $-I_S$ 1.10

Since all of the subject buildings were built before 1980, the roof structures should be evaluated for load capacity prior to any reroofing project where the roof insulation will be increased, or the vapor retarder will accumulate much less snow and ice loading over the course of a winter season than a well insulated roof. Prior to the mid-1970's, the NYS code did not require roofs to be designed to support drifting snow.

Design Uplift, Highest Main Area

<u>Building</u>	<u>Main</u>	<u>Perimeter</u>	Corner
Pathfinder	45		
Littlepage	45		

Design "R' Values all roofs, thermal insulation, based on Table 802.2(5), Energy Code, concrete decks, climate zone 14a, 25% to 40% glass wall coverage. The actual values given below are exclusive of deck, ceilings, if any, and interior air film values – added "R" values can be expected, generally, from 5% to 10%. Isocyanurate insulation is calculated at a conservative 5.88 per inch (C-0.17).

Building	Design New	Actual Calculated
Pathfinder	"R" = 23	"R" = Unknown
Littlepage	"R" = 23	"R" = Unknown

Seismic Review: The 2010 Existing Building Code of New York State, Section 506 Structural 506.1 General applies only to buildings built after January 1, 2006.

There are no unreinforced masonry parapets on the buildings in this project.

FAÇADE:

• 2010 Existing Building Code of New York State – Section 402 Repairs and Chapter 5 Repairs.

Review Criteria:

1. Observation and hammer sounding of cast in place concrete façade elements.

- 2. Inspection and documentation of deteriorated elements including sealant joints, exposed aggregate pre-cast concrete façade panels, exterior attachments of electrical conduit, lights, vent stacks, rails, plumbing fixtures, etc.
- 3. Observation and hammer sounding of cast in place concrete retaining walls, concrete railing elements and link tunnel concrete façade elements for concrete delaminating and spalling that require repair.

Evidence of mechanisms occurring which accelerate the deterioration of the façade or other systems.

WINDOWS AND DOORS:

- 2010 Existing Building Code of New York State Section 403 Alteration Level 1 and Chapter 6 Alterations – Level 1.
- 2010 Energy Conservation Construction Code of New York State Section 101.

Section 602 Building Elements and Materials, Paragraph 602.3 Materials and Methods states that all new work shall comply with materials and methods requirements of the 2010 Building Code of New York State that specify material standards, detail of installation and connection, joints, penetrations, and continuity of any element, component, or system in the building.

Section 604 Means of Egress, Paragraph 604.1 General states that repairs shall be done in a manner that maintains the level of protection provided for the means of egress.

Section 605 Accessibility, Paragraph 605,1 states that a building, facility or element that is altered shall comply with the applicable provisions in Sections 605.1.1 through 605.1.12 of the Existing Building Code of New York State, Chapter 11 of the Building Code of New York State and ICC/ANSI A117.1 unless it technically infeasible. Where compliance with this section is technically infeasible, the alteration shall provide access to the maximum extent that is technically feasible.

ASBESTOS:

Asbestos related work shall be performed in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56, 40 CFR 61 and 29 CFR 1926. Contractors who disturb asbestos containing materials must maintain a current license pursuant to New York State Department of Labor and Department of Environmental Conservation. All asbestos related work must be completed by workers who have a valid NYS asbestos handling or supervisor certificate pursuant to Industrial Code Rule 56.

PCB containing materials shall be removed, handled and disposed of in accordance with current Federal, State and Local requirements. Contract specifications should be developed and included within Contract Documents when this project progresses to the point to do so.

MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING:

Existing devices will be removed and installed to account for the installation/replacement of the window and door assemblies. All work shall be performed in accordance to the following codes:

- 2010 Mechanical Code of New York State.
- 2010 Plumbing Code of New York State
- 2008 National Electrical Code NFPA 70.
- 2010 Existing Building Code of New York State.

SUNY Oswego Dining Hall Improvements FEASIBILITY STUDY

BUILDING DESCRIPTION:

Pathfinder Hall is a cast-in-place concrete framed building of two stories, built from drawings dated 1965. The building is square in plan with 127'-4" sides, giving it a footprint of 16,200 square feet. The façade consists of exposed cast-in-place concrete columns, and spandrel beams that extend out proud of the plane of the façade. The bays formed by the concrete beams and columns are in-filled with glass curtain wall on the south elevation and the central half of the east and west elevations. Exposed aggregate precast concrete wall panels fill out the ends of the east and west elevations and all of the north elevation. Window and entrance door systems are composed of narrow profile bronze anodized aluminum curtain wall framing, single pane glazing at upper sash, spandrel glazing at lower sash, and matching entrance storefront systems.

Both floors of the building are above grade on the south elevation and two thirds of the east and west elevations. Enclosed tunnels extend from the lower level to adjacent dormitory buildings from both the east and west. The tunnels are cast in place concrete with the south façades exposed concrete with punched window openings. The tunnel structures function as retaining walls allowing the grade to step up leaving only the top floor above grade at the north elevation, the higher grade continues around on the east and west elevations over the tunnels. The link tunnels are covered in detail in the "Connecting Tunnels & Retaining Walls" section of this Feasibility Study.

A loading dock is centrally located on the north elevation. Two low retaining walls extending north from the northeast and northwest corners of the building border a paved parking/loading dock access lot that slopes toward the building.

The University Police Department occupies most of the lower level with the entrance centrally located on the south side of the building.

ROOF:

Number of stories: 2.

The building roof is flat, essentially square, with an area of 16,000 square feet. (See Photo R-31-01).

A one story centrally located penthouse is above the main roof. The penthouse is rectangular measuring 19'-4" north-south and 38'-6" in the east-west axes.

Dining Hall kitchen ventilation duct work occupies a space north of the penthouse. (See Photo R-31-01).

The roof perimeter is terminated on the top of a low cast in place concrete parapet capped with a metal gravel stop flashing. The EPDM membrane extends up the interior face, over the top of the low parapet and terminates at the top outer edge of the gravel stop flashing. (See Photo R-31-02).

On the south side of the building there is an entrance canopy roof over the first floor entrance doors, constructed in 2000 when the lower level was renovated for the UPD occupancy. (See Photo R-31-03).

System Description

The roof is comprised of a black single ply EPDM membrane adhered to a tapered polyisocyanurate rigid insulation board system hot mopped to a vapor retarder to the concrete deck. Four roof drains are centrally located.

The roof membrane extends up the interior face of the low concrete parapet, across the top, and terminates on a metal gravel stop flashing bent over the outside face extending down the outside face about 4 inches.

A lightening protection system is situated around the perimeter of the main roof and the penthouse roof.

The penthouse roof is flat with a 2" raised roof edge. The roof membrane appears to be of the same material as the main roof. Drainage is via one roof drain centrally located along the east edge.

Observations

Multiple membrane laps seam laps are de-bonding along the field and perimeter of the roof. (See Photo R-31-04).

Multiple patches and evidence of previous repairs were observed. Building staff indicated that interior leaks have been reported.

Drains were generally clear with adjacent tapered insulation crickets providing some drainage; however, large areas of water ponding was evident below mechanical equipment. One of the roof drains was missing a strainer cover. (See Photo R-31-05).

Walkway pads are missing and others are freely blowing in the wind.

Parapet membrane flashings around the roof perimeter are in poor condition, and have failed in numerous locations.

Lack of positive membrane adhesion to the insulation boards is evident. During the inspection, membrane flutter was observed over several large areas.

The taper substrate is questionable at multiple locations under foot, suggesting that the insulation boards have been exposed and/or are wet. The membrane lacks a positive bond to the insulation board in multiple locations and was observed fluttering during the inspection.

The metal top and sides of the large metal ventilation duct plenum on the roof are heavily rusted. (See Photo R-31-06).

Base flashing around the perimeter of all roof penetrations are showing signs of deterioration.

Test cuts indicate that the roof assembly is wet and has been exposed to water previously. Typical roof assembly consists of:

- 60 mil EPDM membrane adhered to,
- Polyisocyanurate taper board hot mopped to,
- 3 ½" Polyisocyanurate board, hot mopped to,
- 3 ply vapor retarder hot mopped to,
- concrete deck.

Conclusions

The lack of membrane bond and extensive wind fluttering is a concern. Numerous nail holes, rips and tears in the membrane are possible sources of water entry. Perimeter terminations need to be replaced. Large areas of ponding indicate poor drainage and remain a risk for water entry.

Recommendations

It is recommended that membrane and roof assembly be removed to the vapor retarder and replaced. Replace existing roof drain strainers with lockable type or cast iron to reduce the risk of blow off. Replace walkway pads with fully bonded pads and add walk pads below equipment and wiring currently draped across the membrane surface.

We recommend the following temporary measures be taken as soon as possible to improve the likelihood of the roof remaining serviceable until it can be replaced.

 Provide and install ballast in the form of a 2' by 2" concrete pavers over the areas of debonded membrane.

 Closely inspect the roof, particularly the parapet membrane flashings around the roof perimeter, and repair and reinforce existing tears, nail punctures, tents, splits, and seams judged to be inadequate.

We recommend careful inspections of the roof every three or four months until the roof can be replaced.

Reference Drawings:

Roof plan drawing: R-31-1A

Roof plan drawing, drainage spacing:

Roof plan drawing, inspection cut locations:

Reference Photos: R-31-2A, 01 through 06

FAÇADE:

System Description

The façade consists of exposed cast-in-place concrete columns, and spandrel beams that extend out proud of the plane of the façade. The bays formed by the concrete beams and columns are in-filled with glass curtain wall on the south elevation and the central half of the east and west elevations. Exposed aggregate precast concrete wall panels fill out the ends of the east and west elevations and all of the north elevation.

Observations

General: Many of the observations for this building are similar to those documented in the Littlepage Dining Hall report.

There are numerous locations on the concrete façade elements where areas of the concrete surface have spalled, broken, cracked, or deteriorated. These areas can be categorized as follows:

- Small spalls at rusted reinforcing bars frequently beam stirrups. (See Photo F-31-01).
- Surface deterioration of rubbed and parged surfaces. (See Photo F-31-02).
- The top surfaces of concrete façade elements have considerable mosey and liken vegetative growth. (See Photo F-31-03).

The rustication strips in the soffits of the spandrel beams which are transverse to the beam span, that is, perpendicular to the building façade, allow water to run from the face of the spandrel to the surface of the window wall. This is evidenced by staining of the spandrel soffit and the intersecting area of the window wall.

Many of the sealant joints around the window wall areas and exposed aggregate panels are deteriorated. Deterioration includes gaps, adhesive failure, cohesive failure.

Some of the shallow rustication strips in the concrete façade elements have been filled with elastomeric sealant.

None of the exposed aggregate panels were in a condition that required remediation. On approximately 10 percent of the panels there was rust staining. This is likely due to the presence of discrete iron-rich aggregates.

Vertical movement joint between the Tunnel connecting link from the east side of Pathfinder and Seneca Hall is open. The cap flashing on the top appears to have been installed as an interim solution to an apparent water leak. (See Photo F-31-04).

A canopy roof and a concrete site wall were relatively recently added to the south entrance of the building, adorning the University Police headquarters. Both elements are in good condition. (See Photo F-31-05).

Conclusions

The building's original construction had imperfections, which have led to deterioration. These imperfections include:

- Areas of inadequate concrete cover over reinforcing bars
- Over-rubbed surfaces, and excessive parging

The transverse rustication strip at the midspan of the spandrel beam soffits deliver precipitation to the beam

soffit and to the window wall, erasing the benefit of the lateral drip edge rustication strip. This leads to staining, acceleration of beam soffit deterioration, and amplifies any window or sealant condition which could cause leakage.

The parapet has a cold construction joint running horizontally through it, at the roof slab elevation. This has apparently been a location of flexure and/or moisture mitigation that has resulted in a line of cracking and distress.

Nearly forty years of exposure to environmental conditions has deteriorated the surfaces of the cast-in-place concrete façade elements. They are absorbing precipitation and condensation moisture at an increasing rate over time.

The building has experienced a multitude of sealant campaigns, presumably to address water intrusion issues. Some of this work has been done without complete removal of the previous sealant, some of the work has adhesive failure, some sealant was improperly or excessively installed, and some sealant has been installed where none is required or should be, such as in the rustication joints and possibly covering window weeps.

The loading dock on the north side of the building is exhibiting deterioration due to environmental exposure, presumably including the application of deicing chemicals.

Recommendations

Patch deteriorated, spalled, and missing sections of cast-in-place concrete façade. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas. (Estimate 200 sf.) Saw cut adjacent to exposed steel reinforcing with inadequate concrete cover, remove concrete behind the steel reinforcing allowing it to be pounded in below the surface providing space for additional concrete cover over the existing steel reinforcing.

Fill the portion of the transverse spandrel soffit rustication strips from the existing drip channel to the face of the building with concrete repair mortar, in order to mitigate the travel of rainwater running in to the face of the wall and window walls. (Estimate 40 locations.)

Prepare and coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete façade surfaces. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas. (Estimate 8000 sf.)

Remove and replace all sealant joints in the façade which require sealant - not the joints that should not be sealed. (Estimate 650 lf.)

The removal and replacement of sealant joints and backer rod material around the windows is covered in the Windows section of this Report.

Prepare, prime and paint all expose steel on the building exterior including, hand rails, steel angles at the loading dock, pipes, bollards, roof top HVAC units, conduit, grills, stairs, etc.

Apply urethane traffic membrane coating to the top surface of the loading dock.

Reference Drawings: Facade drawings: F-31-1A and F-31-1B

Reference Photos: F-31-2A, 01 through 05

WINDOWS AND DOORS:

System Description

The original window system construction at both upper and lower levels consisted of 7-1/2" deep aluminum curtain wall framing with single pane glazing and matching narrow profile entrance doors. Sill framing was 7-SUNY Oswego Dining Hall Improvements Feasibility StudyPATHFINDER HALL

BUILDING ANALYSIS

1/2" high, while intermediate mullions, head and jamb members were 2-1/2" wide framing. With the exception of the entrance storefront framing, sill, mullion, jamb and head framing members incorporated structural steel reinforcing. Finishes throughout were bronze anodized aluminum.

Upper level dining hall windows featured floor-to-ceiling fixed glass, with large upper vision glazing over lower spandrel glazing backed with rigid insulation and a reinforced porcelain enamel panel interior finish. Lower level office / lounge windows featured full height fixed vision glazing with an integral plastic laminated steel crash bar. (See Photo W-31-01).

The rear (north) loading door featured a pair of swinging hollow metal doors surmounted by painted metal insulated panels. Two fixed louvers with matching bronze anodized aluminum finish were installed in the west and east supporting walls of the loading dock.

Upper level curtain wall systems remain as originally installed, with the exception of entrance storefronts, which have been replaced in their entirety with a slightly modified framing layout, insulated sash, and a bronze anodized aluminum finish darker than the original units. (See Photo W-31-02).

Lower level curtain wall systems have experienced more significant replacement, particularly as a result of a 2000 renovation during which the University Police Department was relocated to this level. As at the upper floor, entrance storefronts at the east and west elevations were replaced in their entirety with a slightly modified framing layout, insulated sash, and a bronze anodized aluminum finish darker than the original units. In addition, modifications at the east, south and west elevations resulted in the selective replacement of original full-height glazing bays with aluminum sliders over opaque aluminum panels and, in one bay, a new glazed aluminum exit door. In general, these replacement units feature the slightly darker bronze anodized aluminum finish. (See Photo W-31-01). However, the central south bay replacements, at the main entrance to UPD, feature a dissimilar blue aluminum finish. In order to achieve a coordinated appearance on the interior, original aluminum framing members were wrapped in aluminum break metal of the matching blue finish. (See Photo W-31-04).

Observations

Original curtain wall units, due to single glazed sash and lack of thermal breaks in framing available at the time of construction, are inherently energy inefficient. Anecdotal evidence from SUNY Oswego attests to the drafty characteristics of these units; further, wind-driven rain can penetrate the sealant locations to interior finishes.

Despite some fade and color variation between panel and frame, the original duranodic finish on the aluminum, now almost forty-five years old, has held up remarkably well, preserving unit integrity.

Analysis of original construction details raises some questions as to the integral connection of the curtain wall unit and adjacent interior wall finishes, and whether curtain wall units can be replaced without impacting interior finishes and attached heating convectors. (See Photos W-31-05 and W-31-06). In addition, previous investigation revealed the absence of cavity wall insulation, blocking, and closed cell backer rod behind perimeter sealants.

Perimeter sealants between window frame and adjacent aggregate wall panels have failed typically, despite successive applications, as noted in Façade Observations.

Removal of existing curtain wall systems and related sealants, and the design of replacement systems, will need to be coordinated closely with asbestos abatement procedures, based on results of asbestos sampling and analysis (Refer to Asbestos Abatement section).

Conclusions

Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls are part of a six-building complex (four residence halls and two dining halls), designed and construction of similar scale, materials and colors, and intended to read as a single large composition. Constructed from the late 1960's to early 1970's, they currently fall outside the time period triggering review by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). However, given the overall scale and integrity of the building complex and the importance that fenestration plays in defining the character of these buildings, fenestration replacement should maintain or redefine a consistent imagery throughout the complex.

Original curtain wall units, while maintaining sash and frame finish integrity, provide substandard thermal performance due to single glazed sash, absence of thermal breaks in framing members and poorly insulated

wall cavities. These should be replaced with aluminum framed, insulated sash units capable of providing thermal performance that meets or exceeds current energy code requirements.

Investigative demolition undertaken at Onondaga, Oneida and Cayuga Halls during previous window replacement projects (representative of similar construction methods throughout West Campus dorms) revealed the likelihood that window replacement <u>can</u> be undertaken with minimal additional impact to interior finishes and attached heating convectors. However, since interior finishes were usually applied up to the curtain wall framing, compatible aluminum trim components may be required to be designed and detailed.

Based on previous west campus fenestration replacement projects undertaken, replacement of curtain wall systems will afford an opportunity to address original construction problems such as inadequate cavity wall insulation and sealant application.

An analysis of the performance of some previous window replacement units throughout the campus, and the effects of the inherently severe weather conditions, dictate curtain wall replacement systems offering superior performance requirements and finishes. In addition, curtain wall replacements should be carefully designed so as to provide optimum attachment, and sized to correctly apply perimeter sealants and back-up materials. A sealant system should be designed and installed that anticipates the need to periodically remove and reinstall subsequent applications while not jeopardizing system integrity.

Recommendations

Remove all existing curtain wall and door systems, including exterior and interior entrance storefront units. Provide temporary protection as necessary. (Refer to Asbestos Abatement Section.)

Remove all previous perimeter sealant applications. (Refer to Asbestos Abatement Section.)

Provide cavity wall insulation as necessary following exposure of wall interior construction.

Install new high-performance aluminum-framed curtain wall systems with fluoropolymer finish (AAMA 2605), narrow profile frames, insulated sash and compatible spandrel panels. Per campus directive, investigate the use of selective operable sash to provide natural ventilation to main dining hall, utilizing narrow profile operable sash framing within curtain wall framing in order to minimize sash frame profiles.

Install new aluminum-framed entrance storefronts at exterior and interior entry vestibules with insulated sash, medium stile door profiles and matching fluoropolymer finish.

Replace rear loading door, matching existing type, with painted finish to match proposed curtain wall framing finish. Existing metal panels above shall remain, painted to match proposed curtain wall framing finish.

Replace all louvers with new fixed units, painted to match proposed curtain wall framing finish.

Provide polyurethane foam joint filler and new sealant system throughout.

At the previous West Campus dorm fenestration replacement projects, the campus recommended that the entrance storefront systems be replaced with a dark green finish. Since the entrance storefronts at the dining hall are asymmetrically placed on the building elevations (unlike adjacent residence halls, where they are centered), it is recommended that their finish match that of adjacent curtain wall replacement systems.

Provide new interior window treatments to match existing throughout.

Reference Drawings:

Elevation drawings: W-31-1A and W-31-1B

Window type elevations: W-31-2A through W-31-2C

Reference Photos: W-31-3A, 1 through 5

ASBESTOS AND PCBs

System Description

The window, roof and façade scopes will impact asbestos and PCB containing materials.

Observations

The upper windows on the west end of the south elevation have a caulk on the far left and right side of the five window unit, full height. This caulk was inaccessible for sampling and is therefore assumed to be asbestos and PCB containing.

The roof is an EPDM system. Suspect asbestos-containing materials were sampled and the results are outlined below.

Conclusions/Recommendations

A reputable contractor in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56, and all applicable codes, rules and regulations must abate asbestos containing materials impacted by the scopes of this study.

Removal of PCB containing caulk generates a regulated hazardous waste. PCB containing materials shall be removed, handled and disposed of in accordance with current Federal, State and Local requirements. Contract specifications should be developed and included within Contract Documents when this project progresses to the point to do so.

Windows:

11

It is recommended that the center upper window unit (7 windows in unit), west elevation, be removed by the abatement contractor and disposed of as asbestos containing, due to the presence of asbestos containing caulk located along the bottom and half way up the far left and right side of the unit.

It is recommended that the upper windows on the west end of the building, south elevation, be removed by the abatement contractor and disposed of as asbestos containing, due to the presence of assumed asbestos containing window caulk located on the far left and right side of the unit, full height.

Roof:

It has been determined by laboratory analysis that the curb/penetration flashing cement associated with the roof mounted mechanical equipment and ductwork is asbestos containing. It is recommended that the abatement contractor remove the asbestos-containing roof curb/penetration flashing cement in its entirety and dispose of as asbestos containing material if this material will be impacted by planned renovations.

MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING:

System Description

The heating system has a radiant fin tubing feed from the existing boiler system. The fin tubing is located along the wall assembly below the windows.

Observations

The radiant heat tubing runs along the entire wall assembly. In some locations, the interior wall shows signs of damage. Wall heating assembly is wall mounted.

Electrical outlets were found located below the existing fin tubing assembly. The outlets are fed from a riser in the wall column, and are then surface-mounted around the room.

Conclusions

The existing heating system will need to be removed and reinstalled to avoid damage, and simplify the replacement of the curtain wall assemblies.

The existing wall outlets will need to be removed and reinstalled. All existing raceway may be reused.

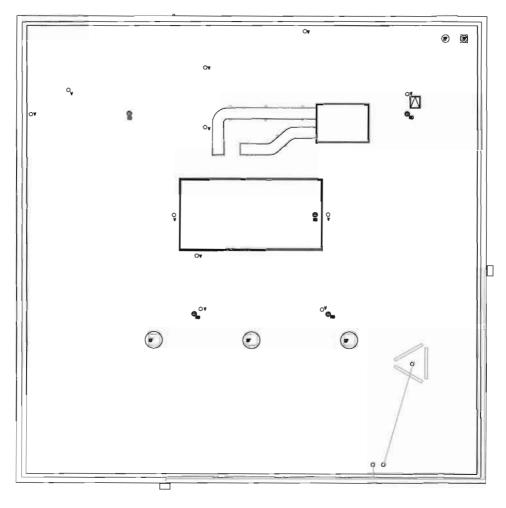
Recommendations

Replace with existing fin tubing enclosures to match.

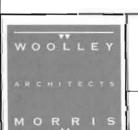
Reference Drawings: Building plans: M-31-1A and M-31-1B



NORTH



PATHFINDER ROOF
SCALE: 1" = 25'



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
- BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -





ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT

DATE: 1-28-11

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PATHFINDER HALL ROOF PLAN

R-31-1A



R-31-01



R-31-02



R-31-03



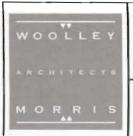
R-31-04



R-31-05



R-31-06



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PATHFINDER HALL

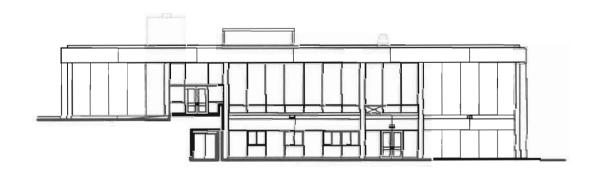
EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

OSWEGO

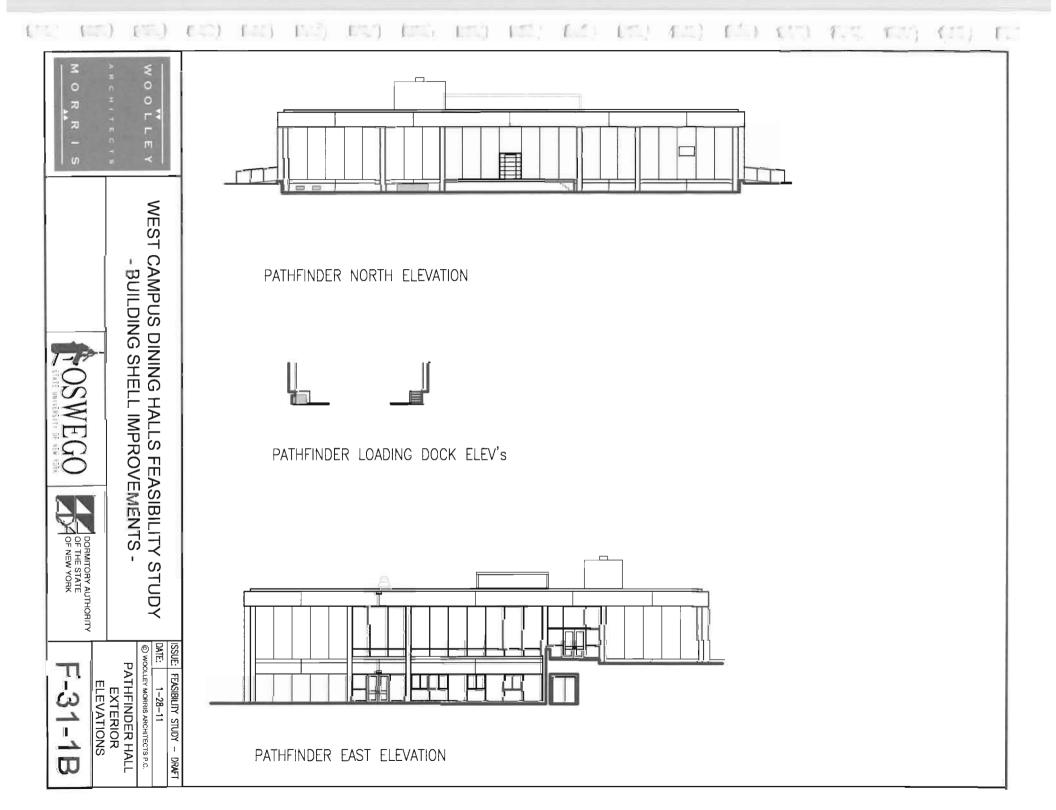
DORMITORY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

F-31-1A

PATHFINDER SOUTH ELEVATION



PATHFINDER WEST ELEVATION





F-31-01



F-31-02



F-31-03

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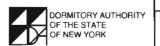
WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY - BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -

ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT 01-28-11 © WOOLLEY MORRIS ARCHITECTS P.C.



Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt





PATHFINDER

F-31-2A



BUILDING

WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY SHELL IMPROVEMENTS STUDY

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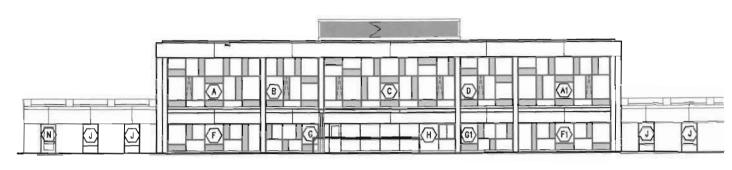
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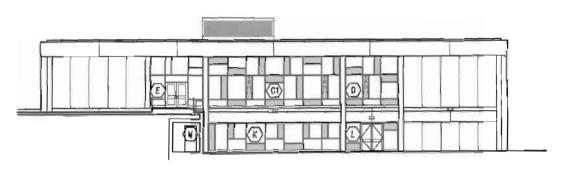
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PATHFINDER SOUTH ELEVATION



PATHFINDER WEST ELEVATION

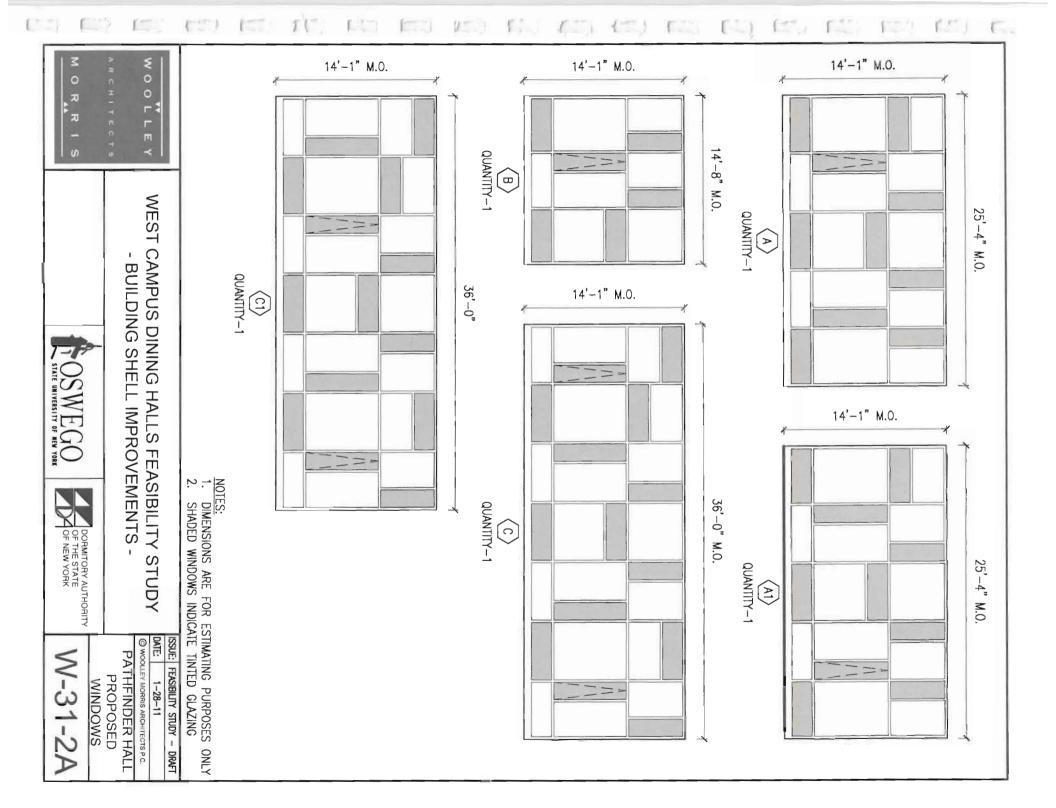
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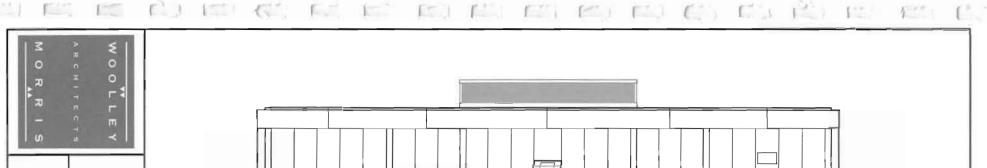
AR-W1 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WINDOWS, DOORS, AND DOOR SYSTEMS CONTAIN ASBESTOS (CAULKING, GLAZING, OR PANELS) AND MUST BE ABATED BY A NYSDOL LICENSED ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW YORK STATE INDUSTRIAL CODE RULE 56 AND ALL APPLICABLE CODES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS.

ELEVATION LEGEND

WINDOW/DOOR TYPE - REFER TO DRAWING W-36-2A

SHADED WINDOWS INDICATE TINTED GLAZING



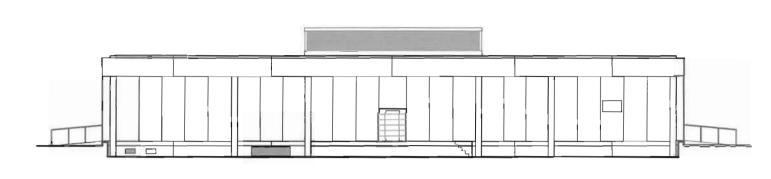


WEST - BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS **FEASIBILITY**

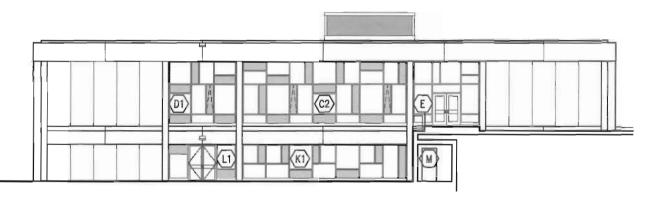
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OF NEW YORK ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAF DATE: 1-28-11 © WOOLLEY MORRIS ARCHITECTS P.C. W-31-1PATHFINDER HALL PROPOSED - DRAFT



PATHFINDER NORTH ELEVATION



PATHFINDER EAST ELEVATION

ASBESTOS NOTE

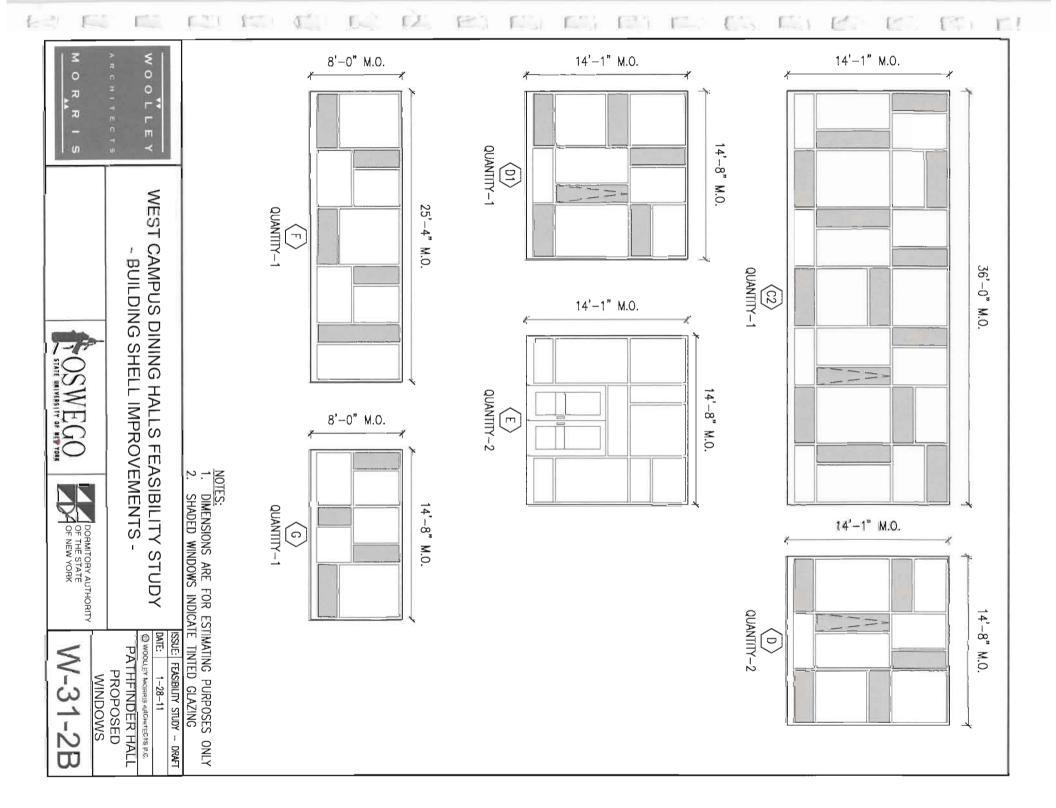
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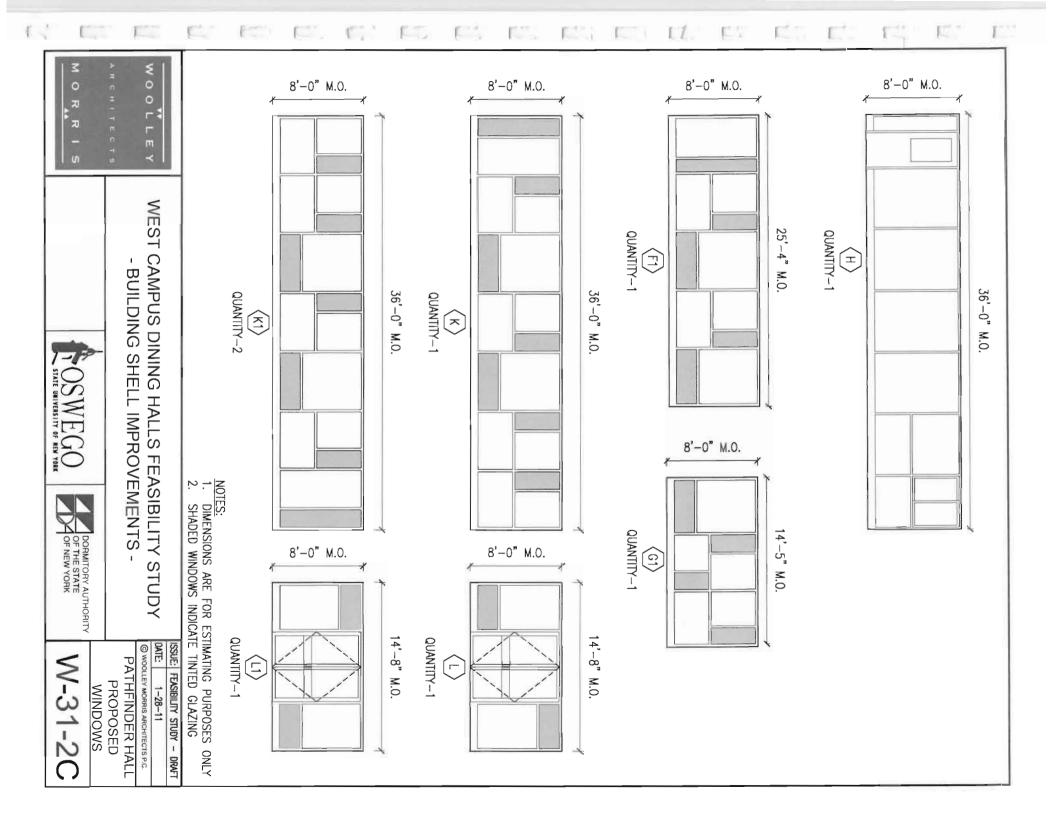
ELEVATION LEGEND

 \langle C \rangle WINDOW/DOOR TYPE - REFER TO DRAWING W-36-2A

NOTE:

SHADED WINDOWS INDICATE TINTED GLAZING







W-31-3A-1



W-31-3A-2



W-31-3A-3



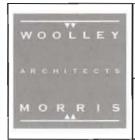
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W-31-3A-6



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
- BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -



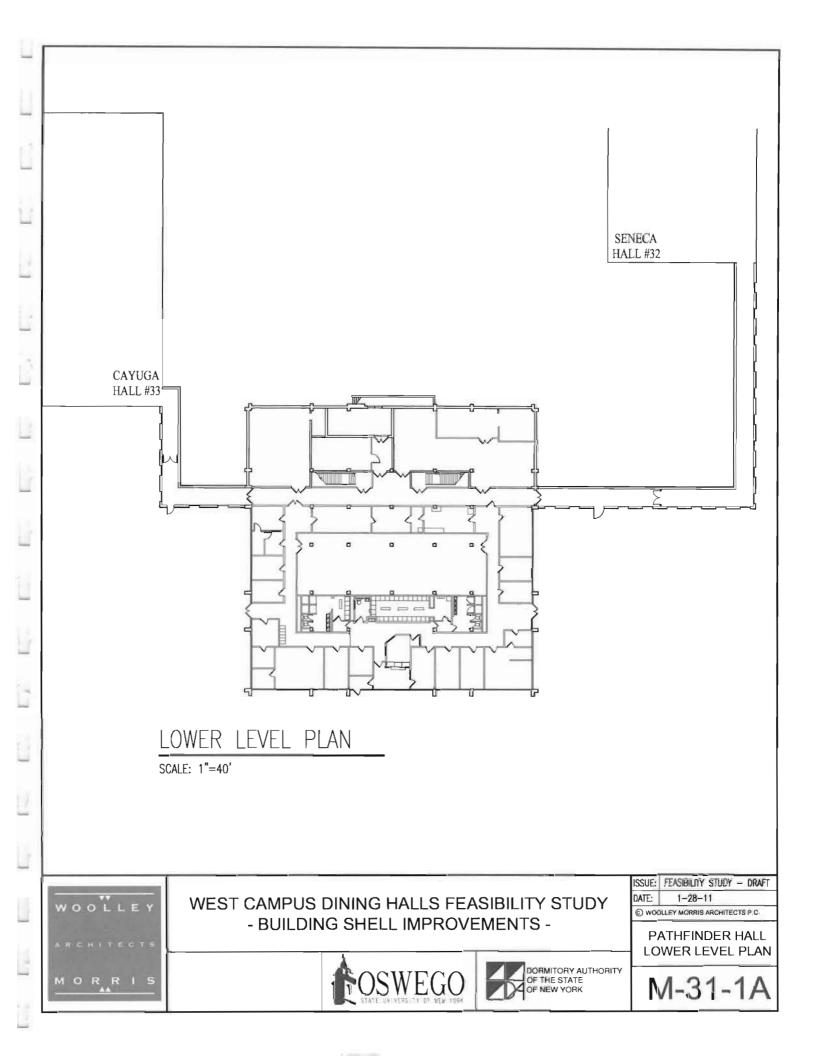


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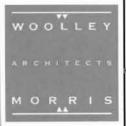
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PATHFINDER

W-31-3A



SENECA HALL #32 CAYUGA HALL #33 UPPER LEVEL PLAN SCALE: 1"=40' ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT 1-28-11



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
- BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -

SWEGO



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PATHFINDER HALL

UPPER LEVEL

PLAN

M-31-1B

BUILDING DESCRIPTION:

Littlepage Hall is a cast-in-place concrete framed building of two stories, built from drawings dated 1966. The building is square in plan with 127'-4" sides, giving it a footprint of 16,200 square feet. The façade consists of exposed cast-in-place concrete columns, and spandrel beams that extend out proud of the plane of the façade. The bays formed by the concrete beams and columns are in-filled with glass curtain walls on the south elevation and the central half of the east and west elevations. Exposed aggregate precast concrete wall panels fill out the ends of the east and west elevations and all of the north elevation. Window and entrance door systems are composed of narrow profile bronze anodized aluminum curtain wall framing, single pane glazing at upper sash, spandrel glazing at lower sash, and matching entrance storefront systems.

Both floors of the building are above grade on the south elevation and two thirds of the east and west elevations. Enclosed tunnels extend from the lower level to adjacent dormitory buildings from west ends of both the north and south elevations. The tunnels are cast in place concrete with the south façades exposed concrete with punched window openings. The tunnel structures function as retaining walls allowing the grade to step up leaving only the top floor above grade at the north elevation, the higher grade continues around on the east and west elevations over the tunnels. The link tunnels are covered in detail in the "Connecting Tunnels & Retaining Walls" section of this Feasibility Study.

A loading dock is centrally located on the west elevation. Two low retaining walls extending west from the northwest and southwest corners of the building border a paved parking/loading dock access lot that slopes toward the building.

ROOF:

Number of stories: 2.

The building roof is flat, essentially square with an area of 16,000 square feet. Access to the roof is through a 30" square roof hatch.

A one story centrally located penthouse is above the main roof. The penthouse is rectangular, measuring 19'-4" east-west and 38'-6" in the north-south axes. (See Photo R-35-01).

Dining Hall kitchen ventilation duct work occupies a space north of the penthouse. (See Photo R-35-02).

The roof perimeter is terminated on the top of a low cast in place concrete parapet capped with a metal gravel stop flashing. The EPDM membrane extends up the interior face, over the top of the low parapet and terminates at the top outer edge of the gravel stop flashing. (See Photo R-35-03).

System Description

The roof is comprised of a black single ply EPDM membrane adhered to a tapered polyisocyanurate rigid insulation board system hot mopped to a vapor retarder to the concrete deck. Four roof drains are centrally located

The roof membrane extends up the interior face of the low concrete parapet, across the top and terminates on a metal drip edge flashing over the outside face extending down the outside face about 4 inches.

A lightening protection system is situated around the perimeter of the main roof and the penthouse roof.

The penthouse roof is flat with a 2" raised roof edge. The roof membrane appears to be of the same material as the main roof. Drainage is via one roof drain centrally located along the north edge.

Observations

Many membrane seam laps are debonded along their edges. (See Photos R-35-04 and R-35-05).

The metal top and sides of the large metal ventilation duct plenum on the roof are heavily rusted.

Base flashing around the perimeter of all roof penetrations are showing signs of deterioration.

Some walkway pads appear to be missing.

Parapet membrane flashings around the roof perimeter are in poor condition, and show signs of possible failure.

Test cuts indicate that the roof assembly is dry and in good condition. The typical roof assembly consists of:

- 60 mil EPDM membrane adhered to,
- Polyisocyanurate taper board hot mopped to,
- 3 1/2" Polyisocyanurate board, hot mopped to,
- 3 ply vapor retarder hot mopped to,
- concrete deck.

Conclusions

Generally, the roof appears to be in fair condition but needs ordinary repairs of the seam laps and perimeter flashings. All building components require maintenance and repairs; this existing roof is no exception. Additional membrane life can be expected from this roof with proper maintenance and repairs.

Recommendations

Replace all perimeter parapet wall flashings and edge metals. Inspect and re-seam membrane lap joints with a compatible repair material. Replace existing roof drain strainers with lockable type or cast iron to reduce the risk of blow off. Replace walkway pads with fully bonded pads and add below equipment and wiring. Repair penetration flashings as needed. Recommend twice annual inspections.

Reference Drawings:

Roof plan drawing: R-35-1A

Roof plan drawing, drainage spacing:

Roof plan drawing, inspection cut locations:

Reference Photos: R-35-2A, 01 through 05

FAÇADES:

System Description

The façade consists of exposed cast-in-place concrete columns, and spandrel beams that extend out proud of the plane of the façade. The bays formed by the concrete beams and columns are in-filled with glass curtain walls on the west elevation and the central half of the north and south elevations. Exposed aggregate precast concrete wall panels fill out the ends of the north and south elevations and all of the east elevation.

Observations

General: Many of the observations for this building are similar to those documented in the Pathfinder Dining Hall report.

There are numerous locations on the concrete façade elements where areas of the concrete surface have spalled, broken, cracked, or deteriorated. These areas can be categorized as follows:

- Small spalls at rusted reinforcing bars frequently beam stirrups. (See Photo F-35-01).
- There are a number of areas where the cast-in-place concrete façade surfaces have been extensively rubbed, or parged, during the original construction. Much of the surfaces have thin hairline cracking or other evidence of superficial distress. (See Photo F-35-02).

The top surfaces of concrete façade elements have considerable mosey and liken vegetative growth.

The rustication strips in the soffits of the spandrel beams which are transverse to the beam span, that is, perpendicular to the building façade, allow water to run from the face of the spandrel to the surface of the window wall. This is evidenced by staining of the spandrel soffit and the intersecting area of the window wall. (See Photo F-35-03).

Many of the sealant joints around window walls, exposed aggregate panels, and adjacent on grade concrete are deteriorated. Deterioration includes gaps, adhesive failure, cohesive failure and improper recoating of existing sealants without proper preparation.

Exposed aggregate panels are generally in good condition. On approximately 10 percent of the panels there was rust staining. This is likely due to the presence of discrete iron-rich aggregates. (See Photo F-35-03).

The concrete entrance walk at the base of the ramp on the south side upper level has settled where it abuts the concrete ramp leaving a one inch or better lip that presents a trip hazard. (See Photo F-35-04).

At grade along the west elevation, the concrete splash strip has settled and cracked and now slopes toward the building. (See Photos F-35-05 and F-35-06).

Loading dock stairs originally had a side light flush mounted in a recess cast into the concrete wall. The fixture box has completely corroded. (See Photo F-35-07).

There is general concrete deterioration at the loading dock. A large vent grill in the north end of the loading dock would seem to support the belief that there is open space below some or all of the loading dock. (See Photo F-35-08).

A gray coating or paint has been applied to the lower half of three concrete columns on the north half of the east elevation. The same coating was applied to the exposed foundation wall below the horizontal spandrel beam. (See Photo F-35-09).

Vertical joints between the Link tunnels and Littlepage are at the end of their service life. The cap flashing on the top appears to have been installed as an interim solution to an apparent water leak.

Conclusions

The building's original construction had imperfections, which have led to deterioration. These imperfections include:

- Areas of inadequate concrete cover over reinforcing bars
- Over-rubbed surfaces, and excessive parging

The transverse rustication strip at the midspan of the spandrel beam soffits deliver precipitation to the beam soffit and to the window wall or building facade, erasing the benefit of the lateral drip edge rustication strip. This leads to staining, acceleration of beam soffit deterioration, and amplifies any window or sealant condition which could cause leakage.

Nearly 44 years of exposure to increasing detrimental environmental conditions has deteriorated the surfaces of the cast-in-place concrete façade elements. They are absorbing precipitation and condensation moisture at an increasing rate over time.

The building has experienced a multitude of sealant campaigns, presumably to address water intrusion issues. Some of this work has been done without complete removal of the previous sealant, some of the work has adhesive failure, some sealant was improperly or excessively installed, and some sealant has been installed where none is required or should be, such as in the rustication joints and possibly covering window weeps.

The loading dock on the east side of the building is exhibiting deterioration due to environmental exposure, presumably including the application of deicing chemicals.

The concrete entrance walk on the west side of the upper level has settled where it abuts the concrete ramp leaving a one inch or better lip that presents a trip hazard.

Recommendations

Patch deteriorated, spalled, and missing sections of cast-in-place concrete façade. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas. (Estimate 200 sf.) Saw cut adjacent to exposed steel reinforcing with inadequate concrete cover; remove concrete behind the steel reinforcing, allowing it to be pounded in below the surface providing space for additional concrete cover over the existing steel reinforcing.

Fill the portion of the transverse spandrel soffit rustication strips from the existing drip channel to the face of the building with concrete repair mortar, in order to mitigate the travel of rainwater running in to the face of the wall and window walls. (Estimate 40 locations.)

Remove existing concrete coatings, prepare and coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete façade surfaces. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas. (Estimate 8000 sf.)

Remove and replace all sealant joints in the façade which require sealant - not the joints that should not be sealed. (Estimate 650 lf.)

The removal and replacement of sealant joints and backer rod material around the windows is covered in the Windows and Doors section of this Report.

Remove and replace 10 feet of the concrete entrance walk at the south upper level entrance to eliminate the existing lip that presents a trip hazard.

Prepare, prime and paint all expose steel on the building exterior including, hand rails, steel angles at the loading dock, pipes, bollards, roof top HVAC units, conduit, grills, stairs, etc.

Apply urethane traffic membrane coating to the top surface of the loading dock.

Reference Drawings:

Facade drawings: F-35-1A and F-35-1B

Reference Photos: F-35-2A and 2B, 01 through 09

WINDOWS AND DOORS:

System Description

Similar to Pathfinder Hall, Littlepage features 7-1/2" deep aluminum curtain wall framing with single pane glazing matching profiles and matching narrow profile entrance doors. With the exception of the entrance storefront framing, curtain wall framing members incorporated structural steel reinforcing. Finishes throughout were bronze anodized aluminum.

Upper level dining hall windows, as at Pathfinder, featured floor-to-ceiling fixed glass, with large upper vision glazing over lower spandrel glazing backed with rigid insulation and a reinforced porcelain enamel panel interior finish. Lower level office / lounge windows featured full height fixed vision glazing with an integral plastic laminated steel crash bar. (See Photo W-35-01).

The rear (west) loading door featured a pair of swinging hollow metal doors surmounted by painted metal insulated panels. (See Photo W-35-02). Two fixed louvers with matching bronze anodized aluminum finish were installed in the west and east supporting walls of the loading dock.

Upper level curtain wall systems remain as originally installed, with the exception of entrance storefronts, which have been replaced in their entirety with a slightly modified framing layout, insulated sash, and a bronze anodized aluminum finish darker than the original units. (See Photo W-35-03).

Lower level curtain wall systems have experienced significantly less replacement than at Pathfinder. All original curtain wall framing and glazing remains intact, including entrance storefronts. (See Photo W-35-04).

LITTLEPAGE HALL

Observations

Littlepage Hall is essentially identical to Pathfinder Hall in original fenestration design, detailing and workmanship. Therefore, those comments noted for Pathfinder are common to Littlepage as well, and include the following in brief:

- Lack of thermal efficiency due to single glazing, and inadequate thermal break in curtain wall frame construction.
- Original aluminum finishes have maintained integrity over time.
- Original installation detailing provided inadequate cavity wall insulation and affords little through-wall protection against air infiltration.
- Perimeter sealants have failed typically and lack sufficient backup. (See Photo W-35-05).
- Original construction details indicate an integral connection between the curtain wall units and adjacent interior wall finishes and attached heating convectors. (See Photo W-35-06).
- Removal of existing curtain wall systems and related sealants, and the design of replacement systems, will need to be coordinated closely with asbestos abatement procedures, based on results of asbestos sampling and analysis (Refer to Asbestos Abatement section).
- · Replacement fenestration at upper level entrance storefronts currently provides insulated sash.

Conclusions

Original curtain wall units provide substandard thermal performance, and should be replaced with aluminum framed, insulated sash units capable of providing thermal performance that meets or exceeds current energy code requirements.

Curtain wall unit replacements can be undertaken with minimal additional impact to interior finishes and attached heating convectors. However, compatible aluminum trim components may be required to be designed and detailed.

Replacement of curtain wall systems will afford an opportunity to address original construction problems such as inadequate cavity wall insulation and sealant application.

Selected existing entry storefronts, although insulated sash replacements, should be replaced with new high-performance aluminum systems with finish to match new curtain wall units.

Curtain wall replacements should be carefully designed so as to provide optimum attachment, and sized to correctly apply perimeter sealants and back-up materials, including insulation. A sealant system should be designed and installed that anticipates the need to periodically remove and reinstall subsequent applications while not jeopardizing system integrity.

Recommendations

Remove all existing curtain wall and door systems, including exterior and interior entrance storefront units. Provide temporary protection as necessary. (Refer to Asbestos Abatement Section.)

Remove all previous perimeter sealant applications. (Refer to Asbestos Abatement Section.)

Provide cavity wall insulation as necessary following exposure of wall interior construction.

Install new high-performance aluminum-framed curtain wall systems with fluoropolymer finish (AAMA 2605), narrow profile frames, insulated sash and compatible spandrel panels. Per campus directive, investigate the use of selective operable sash to provide natural ventilation to main dining hall, utilizing narrow profile operable sash framing within curtain wall framing in order to minimize sash frame profiles.

Install new aluminum-framed entrance storefronts at exterior and interior entry vestibules with insulated sash, medium stile door profiles and matching fluoropolymer finish.

Replace rear loading door, matching existing type, with painted finish to match proposed curtain wall framing finish. Existing metal panels above shall remain, painted to match proposed curtain wall framing finish.

LITTLEPAGE HALL

Replace all louvers with new fixed units, painted to match proposed curtain wall framing finish.

Provide polyurethane foam joint filler and new sealant system throughout.

Replace entrance storefront framing with a finish to match that of adjacent curtain wall replacement systems.

Provide new interior window treatments to match existing throughout.

Reference Drawings:

Elevation drawings: W-35-1A and W-35-1B

Window type elevations: W-35-2A through W-35-2C

Reference Photos: W-35-3A, 1 through 6

ASBESTOS AND PCBs:

System Description

The window, roof and façade scopes will impact asbestos and PCB containing materials.

Observations

The roof is an EPDM system. Suspect asbestos-containing materials were sampled and the results are outlined below.

Conclusions/Recommendations

A reputable contractor in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56, and all applicable codes, rules and regulations must abate asbestos containing materials impacted by the scopes of this study.

Removal of PCB containing caulk generates a regulated hazardous waste. PCB containing materials shall be removed, handled and disposed of in accordance with current Federal, State and Local requirements. Contract specifications should be developed and included within Contract Documents when this project progresses to the point to do so.

Windows:

It is recommended that the windows in the work-out room in Littlepage Dining Hall be removed by the abatement contractor, due to the presence of asbestos containing window glaze around each window.

Roof:

It has been determined by laboratory analysis that the curb/penetration flashing cement associated with the roof mounted mechanical equipment and ductwork is asbestos containing. It is recommended that the abatement contractor remove the asbestos-containing roof curb/penetration flashing cement in its entirety and dispose of as asbestos containing material if this material will be impacted by planned renovations.

MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING:

System Description

The heating system has a radiant fin tubing feed from the existing boiler system. The fin tubing is located along the wall assembly below the windows.

Observations

The radiant heat tubing runs along the entire wall assembly. In some locations, the interior wall shows signs of damage. Wall heating assembly is wall mounted.

LITTLEPAGE HALL

Electrical outlets were found located below the existing fin tubing assembly. The outlets are fed from a riser in the wall column, and are then surface-mounted around the room.

Conclusions

The existing heating system will need to be removed and reinstalled to avoid damage, and simplify the replacement of the curtain wall assemblies.

The existing wall outlets will need to be removed and reinstalled. All existing raceway may be reused.

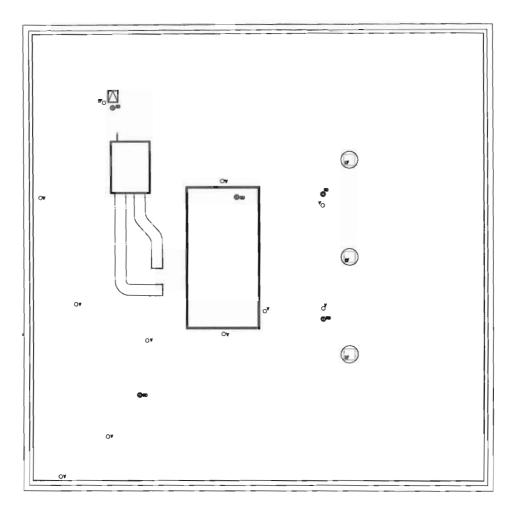
Recommendations

Replace with existing fin tubing enclosures to match.

Reference Drawings:

Building plans: M-35-1A and M-35-1B





ROOF PLAN

SCALE: 1"= 25'



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
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LITTLEPAGE HALL ROOF PLAN

R-35-1A



R-35-01



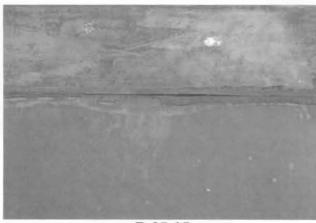
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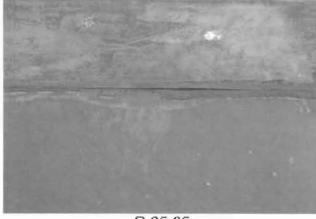
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R-35-04



R-25-05





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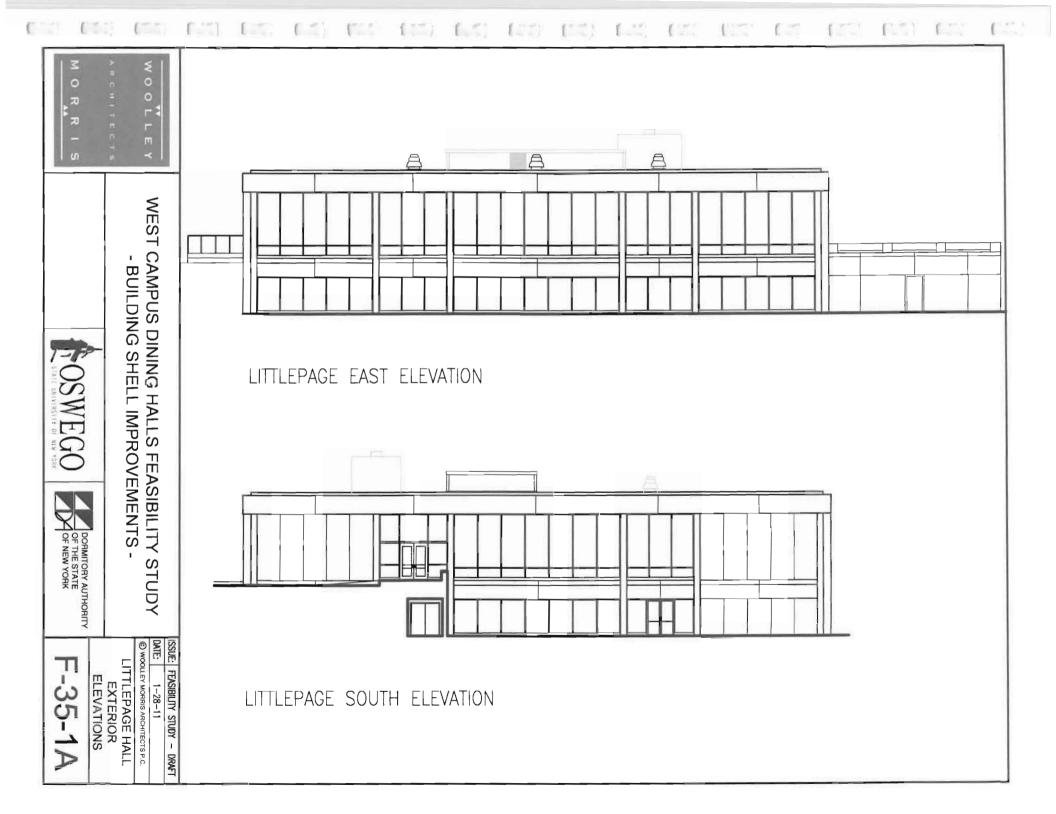


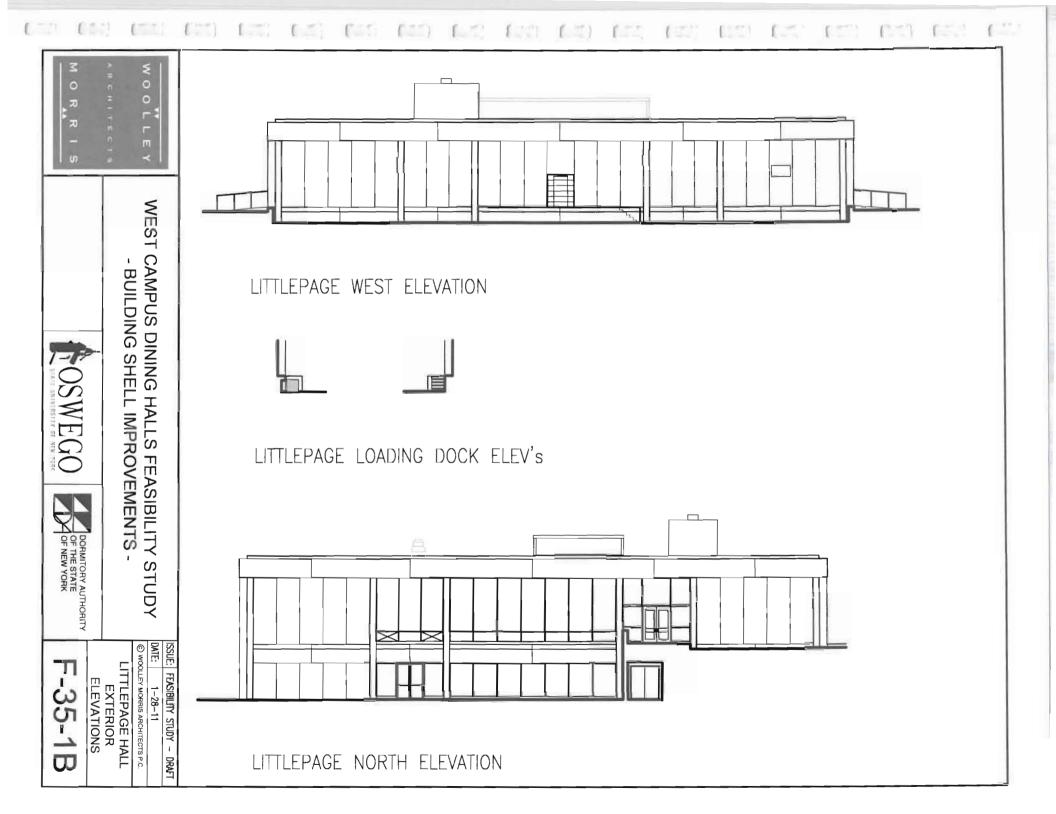


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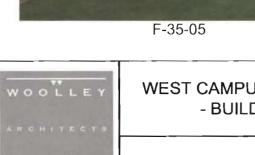


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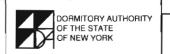


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F-35-06



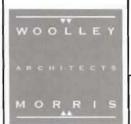
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F-35-08



F-35-09



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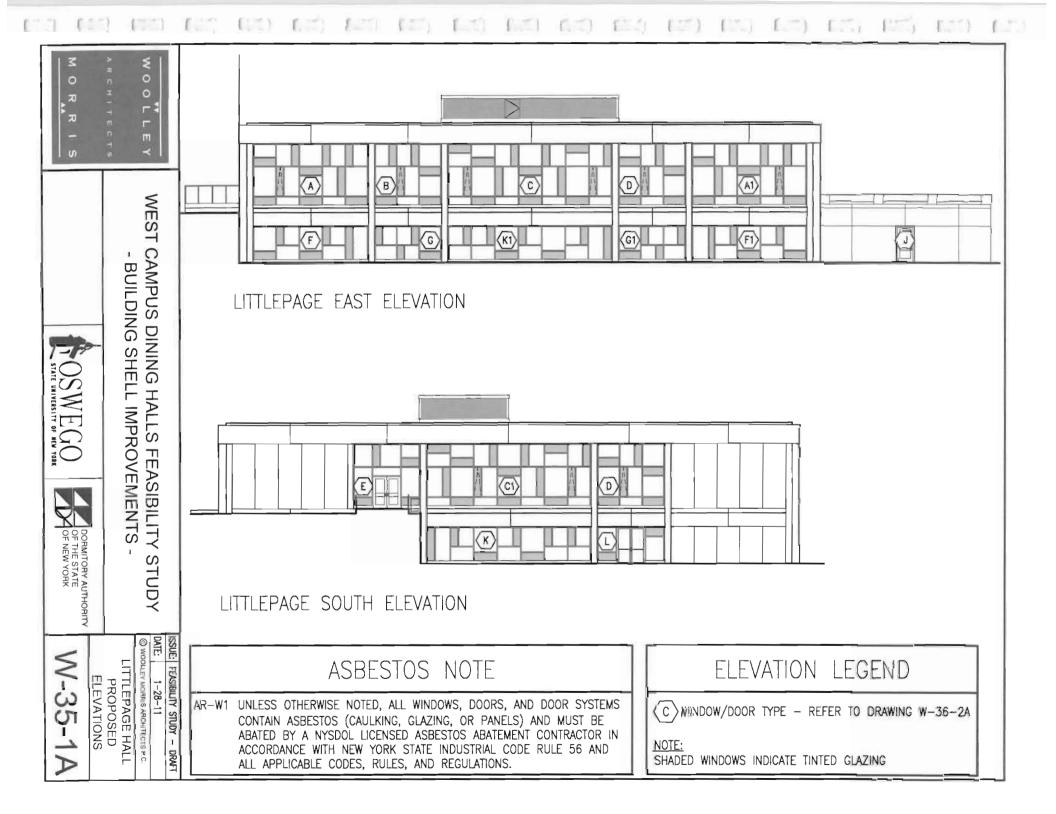


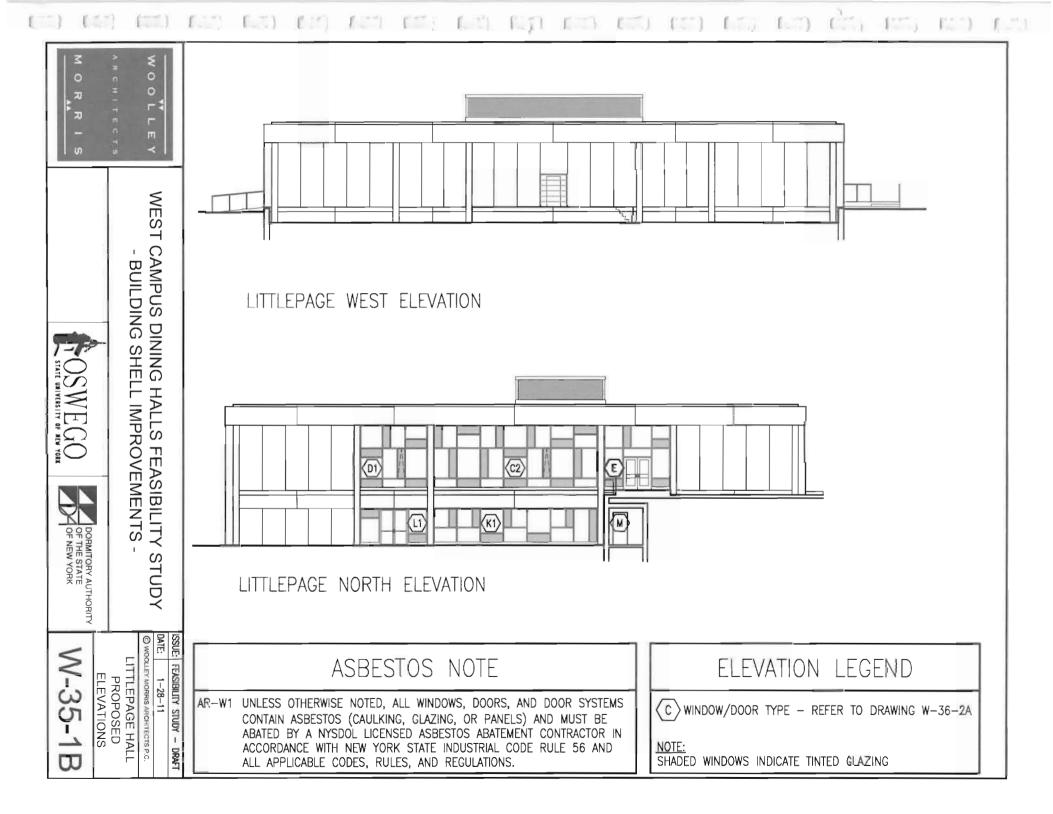
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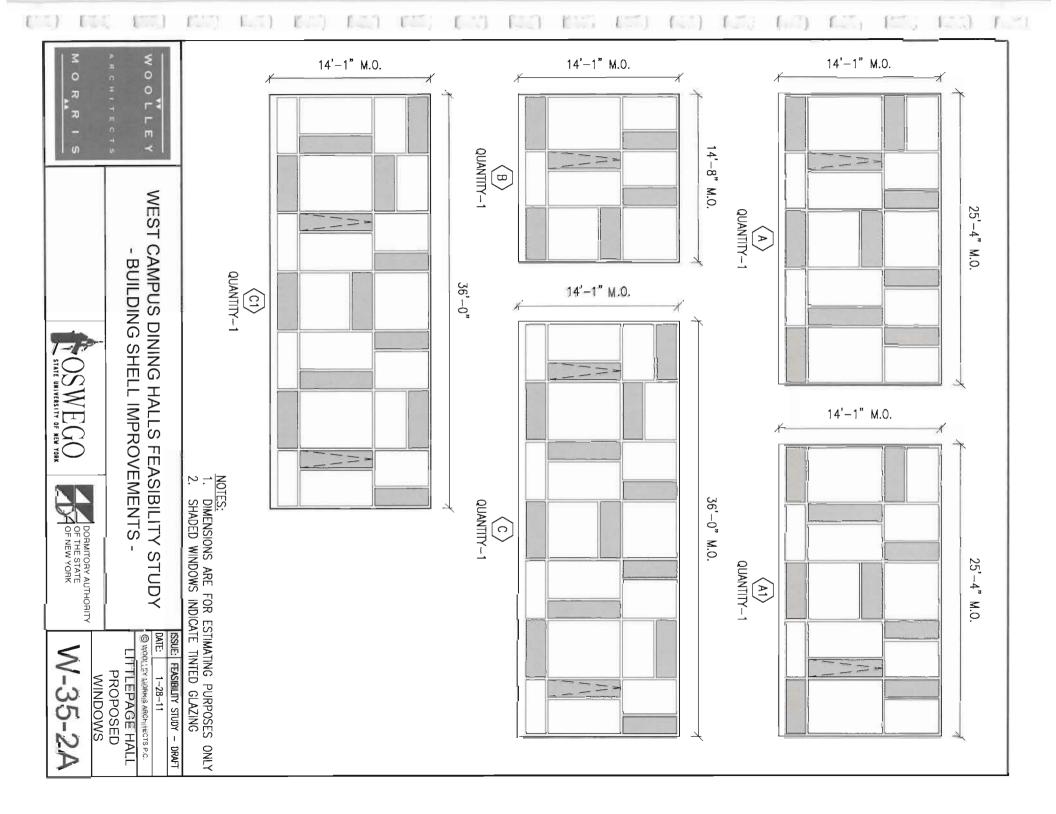
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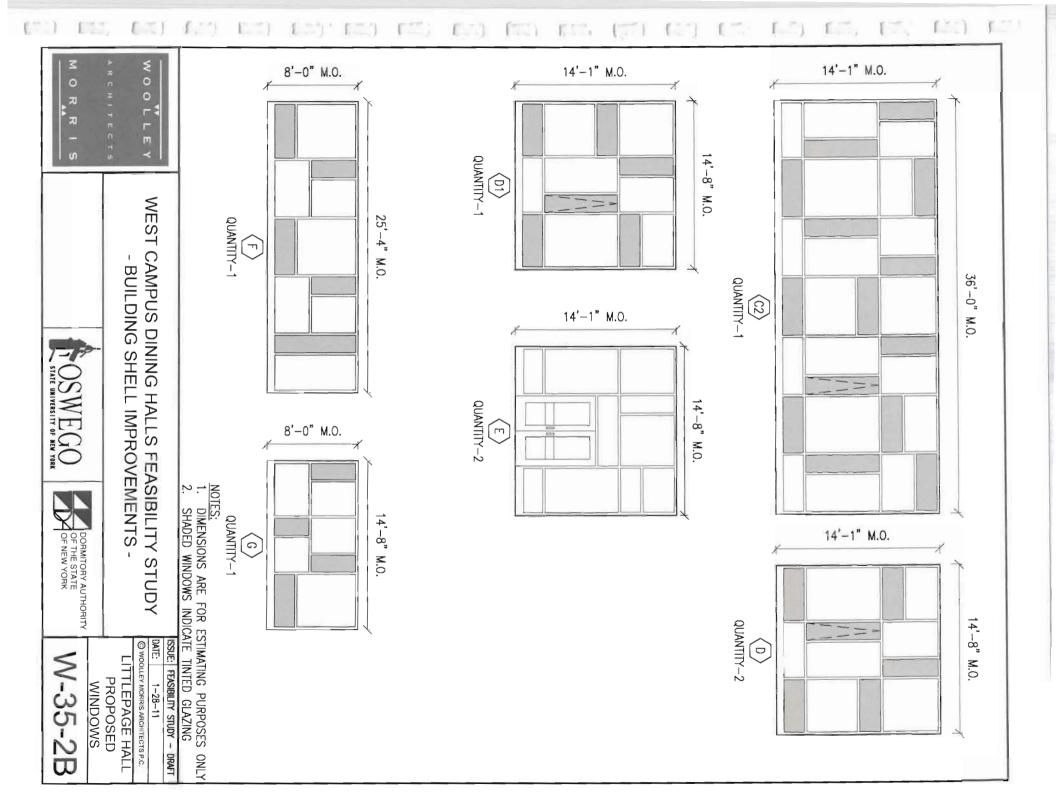
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F-35-2B









[(A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) WOOLLEY 8'-0" M.O. 8'-0" M.O. 8'-0" M.O. WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY 25'-4" M.O. QUANTITY-1 (FJ) **BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS** QUANTITY-2 36'-0" M.O. 36'-0" M.O. QUANTITY-1 Ŝ STATE UNIVERSITY OF REV YORK 8'-0" M.O. NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES ONLY
2. SHADED WINDOWS INDICATE TINTED GLAZING OF THE STATE
OF NEW YORK 14'-5" M.O. QUANTITY-1 8'-0" M.O. 8'-0" M.O. (G1) 14'-8" M.O. 14'-8" M.O. QUANTITY-1 QUANTITY-1 ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT

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W-35-3A-1



W-35-3A-3



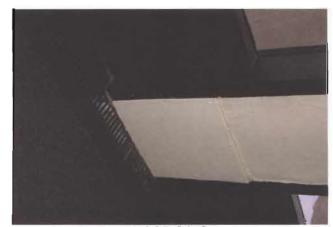
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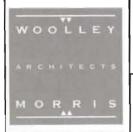
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W-35-3A-6





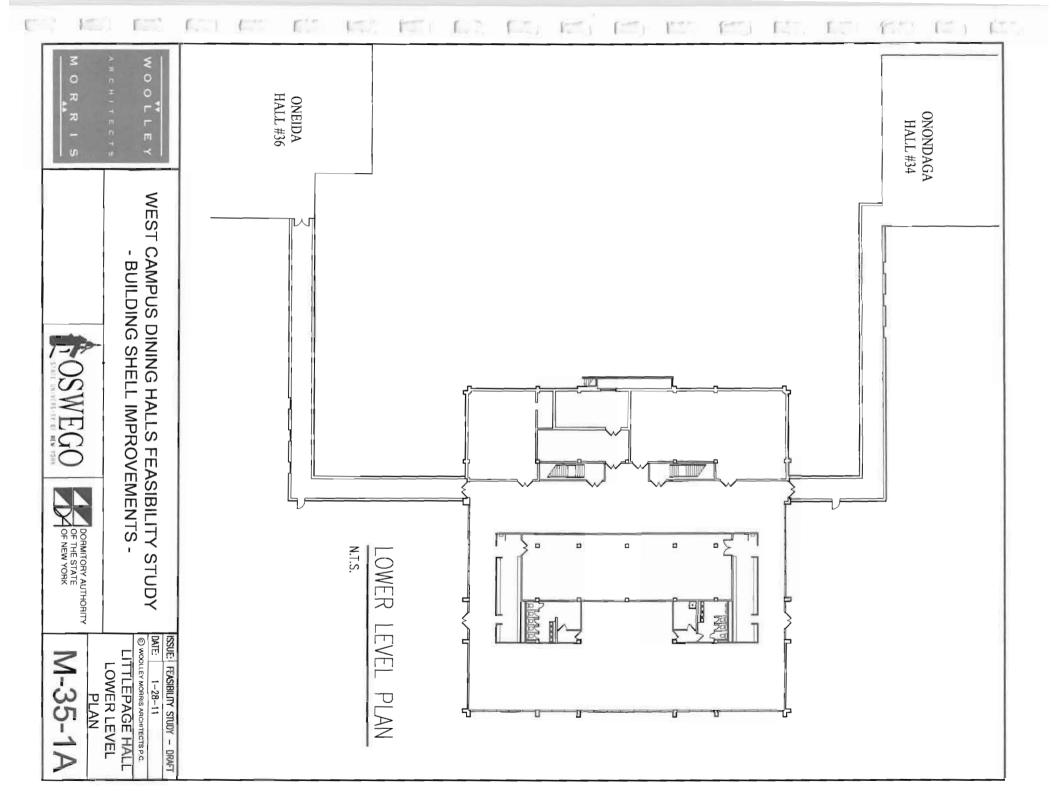


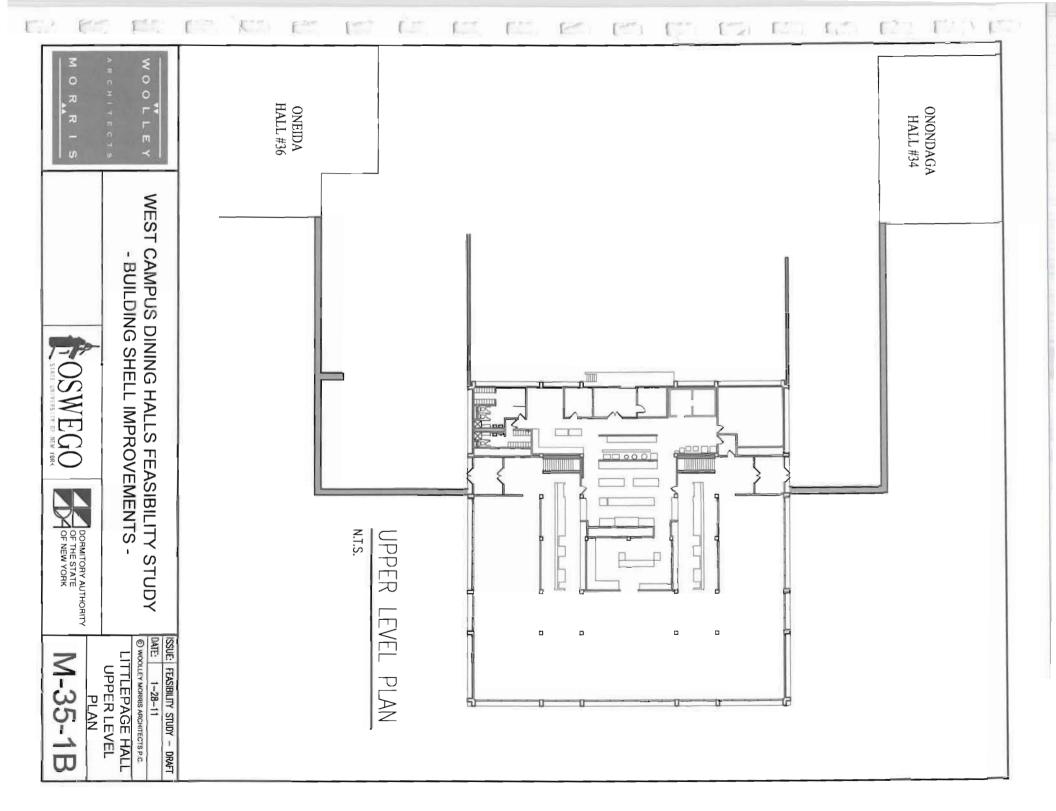
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LITTLEPAGE

W-35-3A





SITE ELEMENT DESCRIPTION:

The four link tunnels included below all are cast-in-place concrete box structures built into grade, have one façade of exposed concrete with windows and doors, and all function as retaining walls.

ROOF:

The existing roof membrane material and condition is not known and is not within the scope of this study. No roof leaks were reported by the facility; see Conclusions below.

System Description

Location -1: The link tunnel from Pathfinder's east elevation lower level to the south elevation of Seneca Hall extends from Pathfinder Hall east 98' and then north 110' connecting to Seneca Hall. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete. An earth and grass plaza extends onto and covers the tunnel roof. (See Photo R-CT-01).

Location -2: Link tunnel between Pathfinder's west elevation lower level extends west about 41' and then north 43' and abuts the east side of Cayuga Hall's southeast corner. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with a waterproof membrane and concrete walks and paver plaza above. (See Photo R-CT-02).

Location – 6: The link tunnel from Littlepage Dining Hall to Onondaga Hall extends from the Littlepage Hall's north façade, lower level, north 36' and then west 110' connecting to the southeast corner of Onondaga Hall. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with an earth and grass plaza covering the tunnel roof. (See Photo R-CT-03).

Location – 7: The link tunnel from Littlepage Dining Hall to Oneida Hall extends from the south façade, lower level of Littlepage Hall, south about 60' and then east 112' connecting to the southeast corner of Oneida Hall. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with concrete walks and grass plaza covering the tunnel roof. (See Photo R-CT-04).

Observations

Typical at all locations:

During a walking tour of the link tunnel interiors some locations of ceiling deterioration were observed but were attributed to water entering at the top of the windows not through the overhead. A vertical architectural reveal in the exterior concrete is centered on the punched window openings and returns into the window recess to the window head intersecting the drip channel. This configuration allows, and in fact channels, water along its length to the center of the window head. Once at the window head water will find any defect in the sealant joint at the perimeter of the window and enter the interior.

Conclusions

In the absence of any known problems with the link tunnel roofs and the disruptive site intrusion that would need to be undertaken to properly assess the existing tunnel roof membranes the determination was made that no intrusion of the existing roof membranes should be done without some indication that there was a problem. At that time full roof membrane replacement would be advisable and undertaken as a project unto its self.

Two items loosely related to the roofing that are addressed in this study include:

- Loose or failing existing cap flashings installed in locations where the retaining walls abut adjacent buildings. The metal flashings were poorly designed and installed and are in need of replacement.
- Damage to the link tunnel roof membrane termination exposed metal counter flashing on the high side of the exposed link tunnel walls is loose and failing in several locations.

Ceiling deterioration within the link tunnel corridors appears to be caused by water entering at the top center of the window heads. The lateral drip channel cast into the exterior concrete across the head of the recessed window return is compromised by an architectural reveal that returns into the window recess intersecting the drip channel. This configuration allows, and in fact channels, water along its length from the façade to the center of the window head. Once at the window head water will find any defect in the sealant joint at the perimeter of the window and enter the interior. It is likely the reveal extends beyond the exterior face of the window and into the jamb. The bead of elastomeric sealant applied across the head of the window is destined to fail prematurely where it crosses the rustication reveal due to the inherent change of cross-section shape at the location of the reveal.

Recommendations

Rehabilitate joint and metal flashing at all joints between the retaining walls and adjacent building facades.

Repair or replace damaged and failing metal counter flashings.

Reference Photos: R-CT-2A, 01 through 04

FACADES:

System Description

Note: See Site location key map for additional information.

Location – 1: The link tunnel from Pathfinder's east side lower level extends east 98' and then north 110' connecting to the south elevation of Seneca Hall. The tunnel structure is cast in place concrete. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with a waterproof membrane, concrete walks and grass plaza above. The south and east facades are exposed concrete with punched, recessed window openings. The top of the exposed wall extends above the roof and upper grade 16" to 20". A bench/rail system constructed of concrete pillars, cast with the wall and precast concrete elements extend the length of the top of the wall. (See Photo F-CT-01).

Location – 2: The link tunnel between Pathfinder's west elevation lower level extends west about 41' and then north 43' and abuts the east side of Cayuga Hall's southeast corner. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with a waterproof membrane and concrete walks and plaza above. The south and west facades of the link tunnel are exposed concrete with punched recessed window openings. In the corner between the south façade of Cayuga Hall and the east façade of the of the link tunnel is an open cast in place concrete stairway consisting of two flights of stairs perpendicular to one another, with midlevel landing, concrete cheek walls with a short steel pipe rail on top. (See Photo F-CT-02).

Location – 3: Included in this study is the cast in place concrete retaining wall that extends 112' east-west between the southwest corner of Cayuga Hall and the northeast corner of Onondaga Hall. (See Photo F-CT-03). Centrally located in the length of the wall is an open, cast in place concrete stairway, consisting of two flights of switch back stairs, with a midlevel landing and a cantilevered top landing. A two rail metal pipe railing sets on low concrete cheek or stringer walls. At the top of the concrete retaining wall is a bench/rail system constructed of concrete pillars cast into the top of the wall, with the wall and precast concrete bench elements set in between. (See Photo F-CT-04).

Location – 4: Two low concrete retaining walls extend 70' north from the northeast and northwest corners of Pathfinder Dining Hall bordering a paved loading dock access and parking area on the north side of the building. (See Photo F-CT-05).

Location – 5: Included in this study is the cast in place concrete retaining wall at the north east corner of Seneca Hall. This retaining wall extends east 72' from the corner of the building and then continues south 128'. The top of the wall slopes from about 14' high at the building down to grade at the south end. Set into the top of the wall and extending the full length of the concrete retaining wall is a two rail, painted metal guard rail, constructed of square tubing. (See Photo F-CT-06).

Location – 6: The link tunnel from Littlepage Dining Hall to Onondaga Hall extends from the north façade, lower level of Littlepage Hall, north 36' and then west 110' connecting to the southeast corner of Onondaga

Hall. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with concrete walks and grass plaza covering the tunnel roof. The north and east facades are exposed concrete with punched, recessed window openings. The top of the exposed wall extends above the roof and upper grade 10" to 15". A bench/rail system constructed of concrete pillars, cast with the wall, and precast concrete elements between extends the length of the top of the wall. (See Photo F-CT-07).

Location – 7: The link tunnel from Littlepage Dining Hall to Oneida Hall extends from the south façade, lower level of Littlepage Hall, south about 60' and then east 112' connecting to the southeast corner of Oneida Hall. The roof of the tunnel structure is cast in place concrete with concrete walks and grass plaza covering the tunnel roof. The south and east facades are exposed concrete with punched, recessed window openings. The top of the exposed wall extends above the roof and upper grade 10" to 12". A bench/rail system constructed of concrete pillars, cast with the wall, and precast concrete elements between extends the length of the top of the north-south wall and the east half of the east-west façade wall. The remaining wall has a painted metal pipe rail with vertical pipe balusters about 2' on center. (See Photo F-CT-08).

Observations

Structurally, all the retaining walls and link tunnel structures are generally in good condition.

The concrete surfaces have been exposed to the environment for forty plus years and are in need of maintenance.

There are numerous locations on the concrete façade elements where areas of the concrete surface have spalled, broken, cracked, or deteriorated. (See Photo F-CT-09).

Most, of the cast-in-place concrete façade element surfaces have been extensively rubbed, or parged, after stripping the forms during the original construction. (See Photo F-CT-10).

Many of the concrete surfaces have thin hairline cracking or other evidence of minor surficial distress. (See Photo F-CT-11).

The rustication strips in the soffits of the window recesses which are transverse to the facade span, that is, perpendicular to the building façade, allow water to run from the face of the facade to the surface of the window frame. This is evidenced by staining of the window soffit and the intersecting area of the window. (See Photo F-CT-12).

Many of the sealant joints around the windows and doors are deteriorated. Deterioration includes gaps, adhesive failure, and cohesive failure.

Some of the shallow revels in the concrete façade elements have been filled with elastomeric sealant. (See Photo F-CT-13).

The exterior concrete stairs are in similar condition as the cast-in-place concrete retaining wall elements. Concrete spalling is a little more prevalent, likely due to the greater prevalence of deicing salts.

Vertical movement joints between retaining walls, the tunnel connecting links and abutted buildings are all in a deteriorated state. The cap flashing on the top lacks design durability and longevity. (See Photo F-CT-14).

Link tunnel roof membrane metal counter flashing is exposed in some areas and has come loose. (See Photo F-CT-15).

Conclusions

Environmental exposure and original construction imperfections, have led to deterioration. Manifestations of the deterioration and imperfections include:

- Areas of inadequate concrete cover over reinforcing bars.
- Over-rubbed surfaces, and delaminating parging.

Areas of concrete which are not adequately resistant to freeze-thaw conditions, possibly the result of inadequate air entrainment by overworking or poor curing conditions.

Inappropriate open-cell backer rod in the sealant joints around the windows, which may have contributed to

water migration and intrusion around the windows.

The transverse rustication strips at the midspan of the window head soffits deliver precipitation to the window frame, compromising the lateral drip channel rustication. This leads to staining, acceleration of soffit deterioration, and amplifies any window or sealant condition which could cause leakage.

Years of exposure to environmental conditions has deteriorated the surfaces of the cast-in-place concrete façade elements. Acid rain reacts with the alkaline components of concrete, increased carbon dioxide in the air contributes to carbonation of the concrete that results in the concrete absorbing precipitation and condensation moisture at an increasing rate over time. Stress created within the concrete due to freezing of absorbed water causes spalling of the concrete surface, both micro and large spalls. Steel reinforcing placed during construction with inadequate concrete cover is at increased risk of being exposed to moisture and air that results in rusting. The expansive nature of rust results in additional spalling of the concrete surface.

A multitude of sealant campaigns, presumably to address water intrusion issues, has been done without complete removal of the previous sealant, some of the work has adhesive failure, some sealant was improperly or excessively installed, and some sealant has been installed where none is required or should be, such as in the rustication joints and possibly covering window weeps.

The exterior concrete stairs have deterioration aggravated by the application of deicing chemicals.

Recommendations

Patch deteriorated, spalled, and missing sections of cast-in-place concrete façade. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas.

Fill the window head returns and transverse spandrel soffit rustication strips with concrete repair mortar, in order to mitigate the travel of rainwater running in to the face of the windows.

Prepare and coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete site-wall façade surfaces with a waterproof, elastomeric acrylic emulsion coating. This should be done to mitigate the ongoing deterioration of the distressed areas.

Remove and replace all sealant joints in the façade which require sealant - not the joints that should not be sealed.

Rehabilitate exterior stairs: Patch concrete, repair treads, prepare and paint steel.

Note: The removal and replacement of sealant joints and backer rod material around the windows is covered in the Windows section of this Report.

Reference Drawings:

Facade drawings: F-CT-1A through F-CT-1D

Reference Photos: F-CT-2A through 2C, 01 through 15

WINDOWS AND DOORS:

System Description

At all four connecting tunnels, windows and doors were recessed within the cast-in-place concrete exterior walls, and spanned full height from the tunnel floor to the underside of the concrete roof above. The original window units consisted of 4" deep aluminum framing, with a single sliding window with single pane glazing over an opaque porcelain enamel panel. Sill, jamb, head and intermediate mullion framing members were 1" wide. Finishes throughout were bronze anodized aluminum. Without exception, these window units remain as originally installed. (See Photo W-CT-01).

Doors were typically constructed of narrow profile glazed aluminum entrance doors, with full-height single pane glazing and aluminum frames. The exception was the Littlepage/Oneida tunnel door, which was

constructed of a flush hollow metal door and frame. Without exception, these units have been replaced with

painted hollow metal doors and frames, composed of a variety of door size, opening infill and glazing layouts. (See Photo W-CT-02).

Location – 1: This link tunnel extends from Pathfinder's lower level east elevation to the basement level south elevation of Seneca Hall. The east wall includes nine windows; the south wall includes seven windows and one door.

Location – 2: This link tunnel extends from Pathfinder's lower level west elevation to the basement level south elevation of Cayuga Hall. The west wall includes four windows; the east wall includes two windows and one door.

Location – 6: This link tunnel extends from Littlepage's lower level north elevation to the basement level south elevation of Onondaga Hall. The north wall includes three windows; the east wall includes one door.

Location - 7: This link tunnel extends from Littlepage's lower level south elevation to the basement level east elevation of Oneida Hall. The south wall includes three windows; the east wall includes one door.

Observations

Original window units, due to single glazed sash and lack of thermal breaks in framing available at the time of construction, are inherently energy inefficient. Further, in selected locations, wind-driven rain has penetrated the sealant locations and damaged adjacent interior finishes. (See Photo W-CT-03).

Despite some fade and color variation between panel and frame, the original duranodic finish on the aluminum, now almost forty-five years old, has held up remarkably well, preserving unit integrity.

Analysis of original construction details raises some questions as to the integral connection of the window unit and adjacent interior wall finishes, and whether window units can be replaced without impacting interior finishes and attached heating convectors. This is further complicated by the fact that the four connecting tunnels were constructed at different times during the construction history of the west campus; in fact, the four tunnels are detailed in four different sets of construction documents. Further, an analysis of these construction drawings and existing construction indicates that the interior wall conditions and materials used vary from tunnel to tunnel. For example:

- Cayuga / Pathfinder tunnel: A continuous vertical separation, or joint, exists full height between the
 window unit and flanking walls. (See Photo W-CT-04). An analysis of construction drawings and on-site
 observation indicate that the interior finish of adjacent walls is plaster, while the lower window spandrel
 backup is finished with gypsum wallboard.
- Seneca / Pathfinder tunnel: No vertical separation, or joint, exists between the lower window unit
 (spandrel) and flanking walls. An analysis of construction drawings and on-site observation indicate that
 both the interior finish of adjacent walls and lower window spandrel backup finish is plaster. In addition,
 vertical cracks in the plaster exist at all of these lower walls in alignment with the separation between the
 window units and adjacent exterior walls. (See Photo W-CT-05).
- Oneida / Littlepage tunnel: No vertical separation, or joint, exists between the lower window unit (spandrel) and flanking walls. An analysis of construction drawings and on-site observation indicate that both the interior finish of adjacent walls and lower window spandrel backup finish is plaster. Unlike the similar construction noted in the Seneca / Pathfinder tunnel, however, there is no evidence of vertical cracks in the plaster of the lower walls.
- Onondaga / Littlepage tunnel: No vertical separation, or joint, exists between the lower window unit (spandrel) and flanking walls. An analysis of construction drawings and on-site observation indicate that the interior finish of adjacent walls is plaster, while the lower window spandrel backup is finished with gypsum wallboard, with what appears to be a thin layer of gypsum wallboard joint compound spanning between the adjacent dissimilar finishes.

Previous investigation revealed the absence of cavity wall insulation, blocking, and closed cell backer rod behind perimeter sealants.

Perimeter sealants between window frame and adjacent aggregate wall panels have failed typically, despite successive applications, as noted in Façade Observations.

Subsequent to the original construction, security screen systems have been added to all tunnel windows. The campus has indicated that the security screen function will need to be maintained when the window systems are replaced. (See Photo W-CT-01).

Replacement of window systems will be impacted by continuous wall-mounted heating convectors in all window locations, and wire mold along ceiling in most locations (none at Oneida / Littlepage tunnel). Refer to MEP section. (See Photo W-CT-04).

Removal of existing curtain wall systems and related sealants, and the design of replacement systems, will need to be coordinated closely with asbestos abatement procedures, based on results of asbestos sampling and analysis (Refer to Asbestos Abatement section).

Conclusions

As components of the larger six-building complex, system components of the tunnel windows and doors (frame finish, window glazing, spandrel colors, and door sash) should match or compliment the adjacent residence hall and dining hall fenestration selections.

Original window units provide substandard thermal performance, and should be replaced with high-performance aluminum-framed, insulated sash units.

Replacement of windows will allow for the application of cavity wall insulation.

The result of the analysis of the differing existing spandrel backup finish conditions will need to be investigated more closely, possibly with some investigative demolition, in order to determine the correct level of demolition and construction detailing for each typical tunnel condition. When this analysis indicates that lower spandrel backup finishes are required to be included in the demolition of the window units, existing floor and base, with possible associated abatement implications, may become involved.

New window security screens will need to be included with the window unit replacements.

Existing tunnel doors should be replaced with door systems offering longevity and high performance, with finish to match new windows. Decisions regarding material selection, size, extent of glazing and overall layout (use of sidelight and transom) should be based on aesthetics, long-term maintenance and security concerns.

The building's window and door systems have a history of improperly selected and poorly installed sealant systems, which should be replaced.

Recommendations

Remove all existing window and door systems; provide temporary protection as necessary. (Refer to Asbestos Abatement section).

Remove all previous perimeter sealant applications.

Provide cavity wall insulation as necessary following exposure of wall interior construction.

Install new high-performance aluminum-framed sliding window units with fluoropolymer finish, narrow profile frames, insulated sash, integral screens, and spandrel glazing in lower panel. Resolve interior finish issues (retention or removal of spandrel backup finish and separation of spandrel interior finish with adjacent walls) following further site investigation, use of custom aluminum interior trim components, and coordination with adjacent heating convectors, wire mold, and existing flooring and base.

Install new security screens at operable sash; provide matching frame finish and narrow frame depth in order to integrate aesthetically with adjacent window systems.

Install new hollow metal exterior doors, frames sidelights and transoms with finish to match window replacements. Specify glazing options, hardware and security tie-ins in conjunction with existing systems and campus standards.

Provide closed cell backer rod and sealant system throughout.

Reference Drawings:

Elevation drawings: W-CT-1A through W-CT-1D

Window type elevations: W-CT-2A and W-CT-2B

Reference Photos: W-CT-3A, 1 through 5

ASBESTOS AND PCBs:

System Description

The window and façade scopes will impact asbestos and PCB containing materials.

Observations

Window units within the adjoining tunnels of Pathfinder contain an asbestos cement backer board on the bottom panels. The tunnel windows are adjacent to asbestos containing spray-on ceiling plaster and asbestos containing floor tile.

Window units within the adjoining tunnels of Littlepage contain an asbestos cement backer board on the bottom panels. The tunnel windows are adjacent to asbestos containing spray-on ceiling plaster and asbestos containing floor tile (floor tile not present in tunnel to Oneida).

Conclusions/Recommendations

A reputable contractor in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56, and all applicable codes, rules and regulations must abate asbestos containing materials impacted by the scopes of this study.

Removal of PCB containing caulk generates a regulated hazardous waste. PCB containing materials shall be removed, handled and disposed of in accordance with current Federal, State and Local requirements. Contract specifications should be developed and included within Contract Documents when this project progresses to the point to do so.

Windows:

It is recommended that the window units within the two adjoining tunnels to both Pathfinder and Littlepage shall be removed by the abatement contractor, due to the presence of the asbestos cement backer board within the window panel, the asbestos containing ceiling plaster that the window tops are adjacent to, and the asbestos containing floor tile and associated mastic that the window bottoms are adjacent to. The materials removed in this process must be disposed of as asbestos containing.

MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING:

System Description

The heating system has a radiant fin tubing feed from the existing boiler system. The fin tubing is located along the wall assembly below the windows.

Observations

The radiant heat tubing runs along the entire wall assembly. In some locations, the wall interior wall shows signs of damage. Wall heating assembly is wall-mounted. The existing enclosures are layered in paint.

Conclusions

The existing heating system will need to be removed and reinstalled to avoid damage, and simplify the replacement of the window assemblies.

Recommendations

Replace with existing fin tubing enclosures to match.



R-CT-01



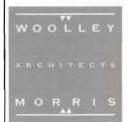
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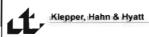


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R-CT-04







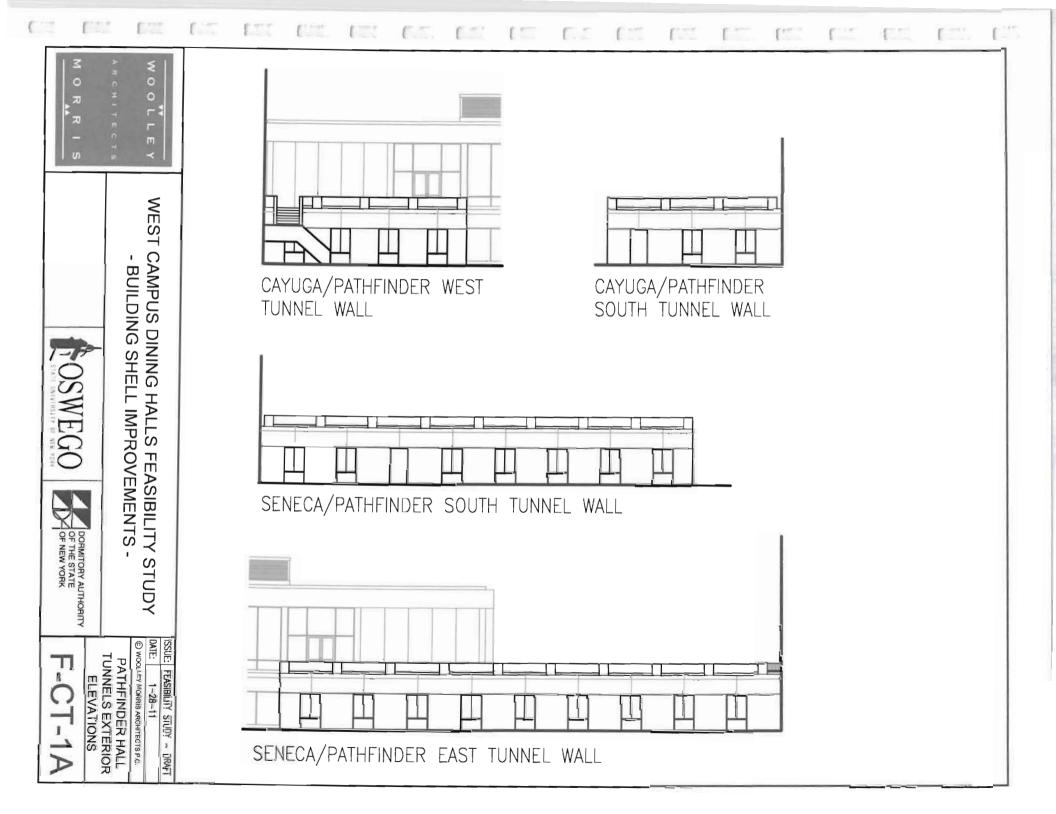


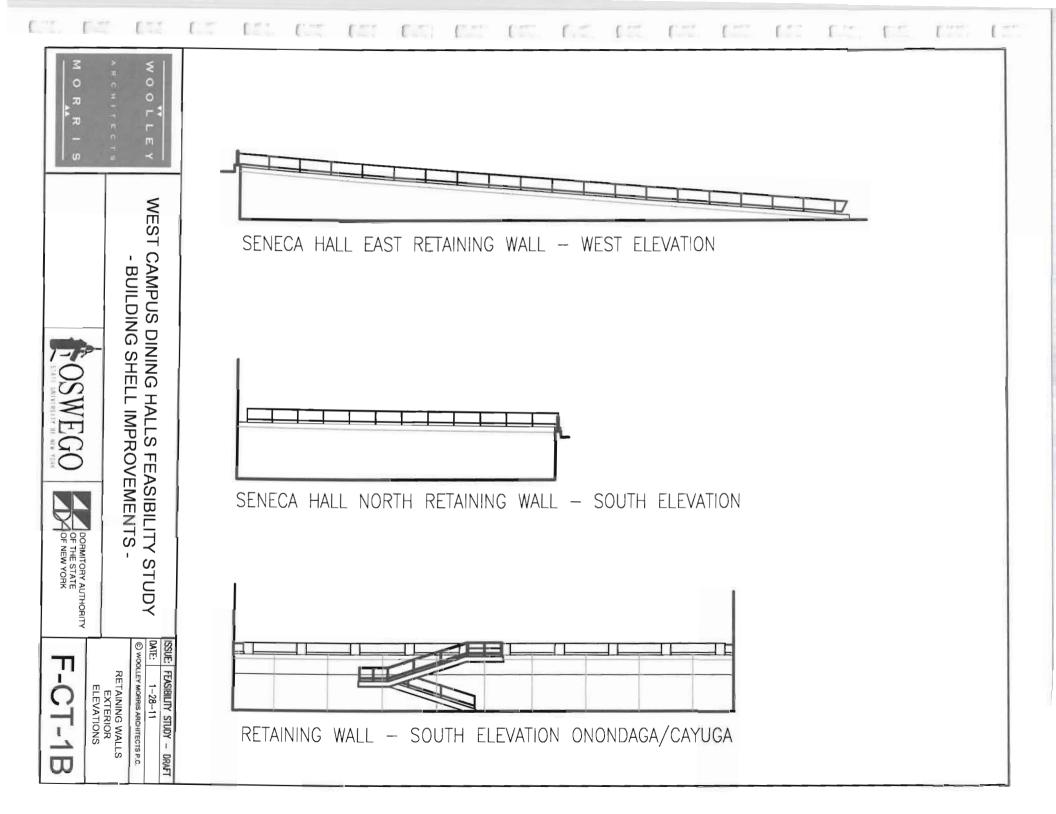
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CONNECTING TUNNELS

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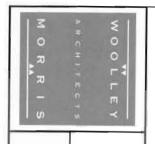




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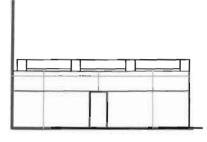


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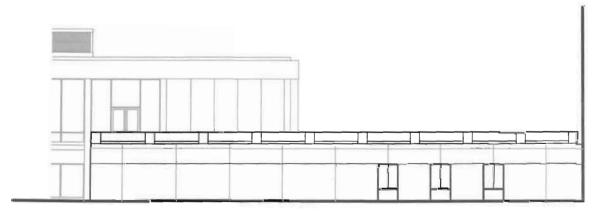
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LITTLEPAGE HALL



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ONONDAGA/LITTLEPAGE EAST TUNNEL WALL



ONONDAGA/LITTLEPAGE NORTH TUNNEL WALL



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F-CT-01



F-CT-02



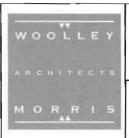
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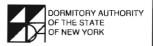


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CONNECTING TUNNELS

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F-CT-06



F-CT-07



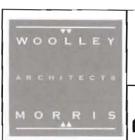
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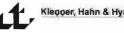


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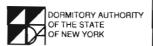


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CONNECTING TUNNELS

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F-CT-11



F-CT-12



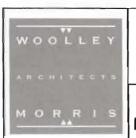
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CONNECTING TUNNELS

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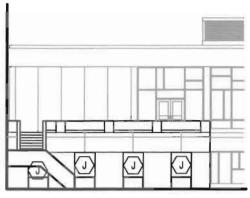
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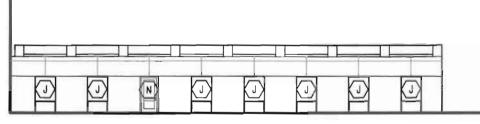
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ELEVATIONS DRAFT



CAYUGA/PATHFINDER WEST TUNNEL WALL



CAYUGA/PATHFINDER SOUTH TUNNEL WALL

ASBESTOS NOTE

AR-W1 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WINDOWS, DOORS, AND DOOR SYSTEMS CONTAIN ASBESTOS (CAULKING, GLAZING, OR PANELS) AND MUST BE ABATED BY A NYSDOL LICENSED ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW YORK STATE INDUSTRIAL CODE RULE 56 AND ALL APPLICABLE CODES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS.

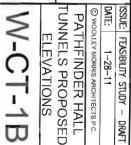
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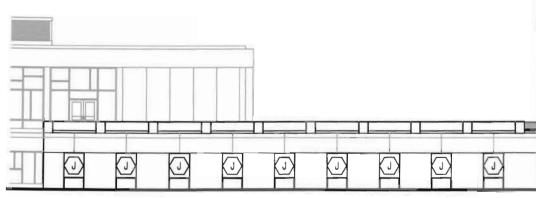
(c) WINDOW/DOOR TYPE - REFER TO DRAWING W-36-2A

NOTE: SHADED WINDOWS INDICATE TINTED GLAZING

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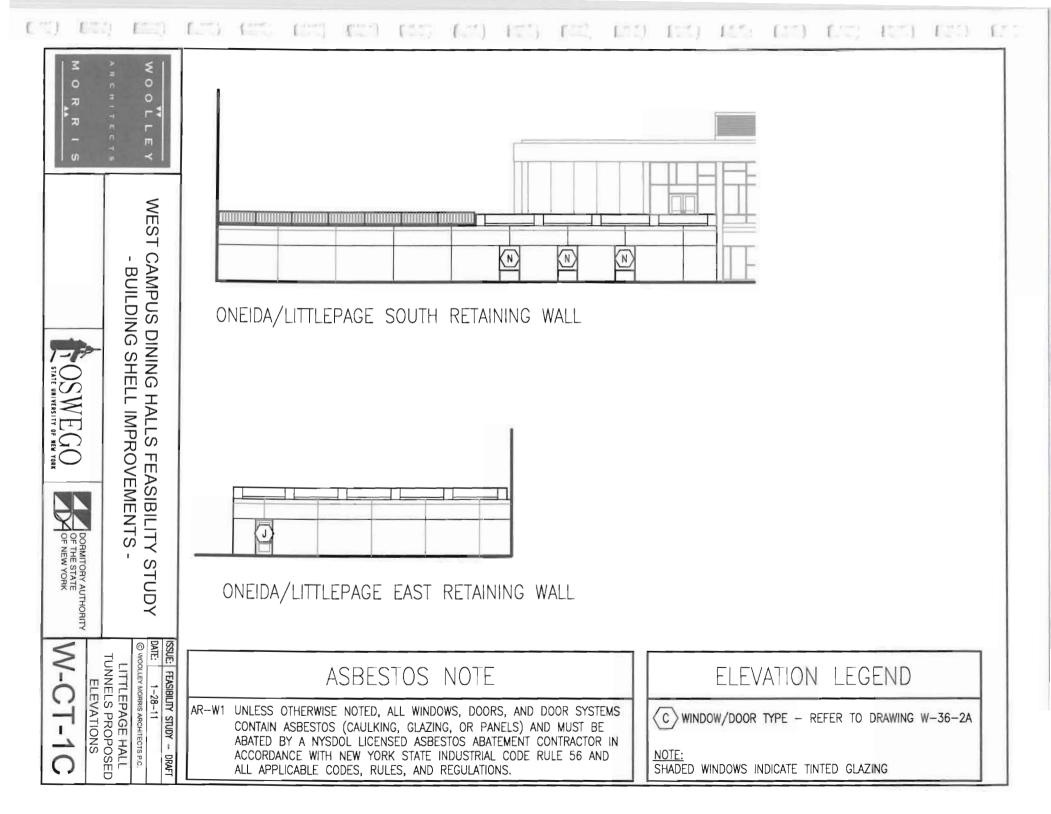
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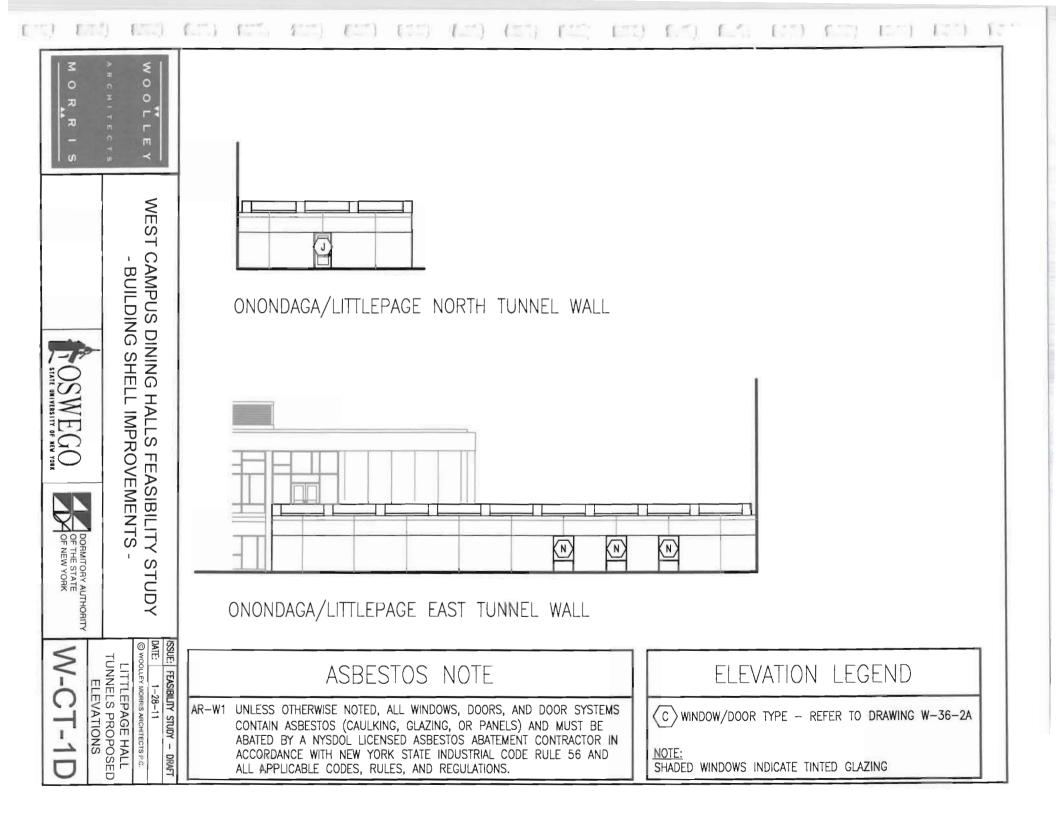
AR-W1 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WINDOWS, DOORS, AND DOOR SYSTEMS CONTAIN ASBESTOS (CAULKING, GLAZING, OR PANELS) AND MUST BE ABATED BY A NYSDOL LICENSED ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW YORK STATE INDUSTRIAL CODE RULE 56 AND ALL APPLICABLE CODES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS.

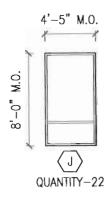
ELEVATION LEGEND

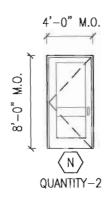
(C) WINDOW/DOOR TYPE - REFER TO DRAWING W-36-2A

SHADED WINDOWS INDICATE TINTED GLAZING









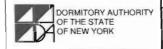
NOTES

1. DIMENSIONS ARE FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES ONLY



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
- BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -





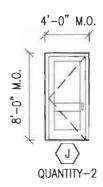
ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT
DATE: 1-28-11

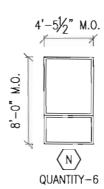
© WOOLLEY MORRIS ARCHITECTS P.C.

PATHFINDER HALL

PROPOSED WINDOWS

W-CT-2A





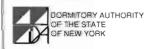
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES ONLY



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY
- BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -





ISSUE: FEASIBILITY STUDY - DRAFT
DATE: 1-28-11

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LITTLEPAGE HALL

TUNNELS

PROPOSED WINDOWS



W-CT-3A-1



W-CT-3A-2



W-CT-3A-3



W-CT-3A-4



W-CT-3A-5



WEST CAMPUS DINING HALLS FEASIBILITY STUDY - BUILDING SHELL IMPROVEMENTS -



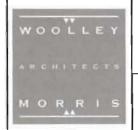


ISSUE:	FEASIBILITY	STUDY	-	DRAFT
DATE:	01-28-	-11		

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CONNECTING **TUNNELS**

W-CT-3A



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST

Dormitory Authority	State	of New	York
515 Broadway			
Albany, NY 12207			
-			

Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No:		
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility S	tudy - Building Shell Improvements		
Contractor:	Trade: GC		

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
			SUMMARY	-				
			SUMMARY					
		007200	GENERAL CONDITIONS					\$537,73
		020000	EXISTING CONDITIONS					\$227,34
		030000	CONCRETE	ļ				\$895,50
		060000	WOOD, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES					\$96,4
		070000	THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION					\$207,0
		080000	OPENINGS					\$849,8
		090000	FINISHES					\$4,9
		120000	FURNISHINGS					\$61,6
		230000	HVAC					\$2,1
		260000	ELECTRICAL					\$5,9
			PROJECT SUBTOTAL (DIVISIONS 020000	12000				\$2,150,94
			FINOSECT SUBTOTAL (DIVISIONS 020000	-12000	,			φ2,150,3
			_	Ţ				

Dormitory Authority State of New York
515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207
Albany, NY 12207

Project No: JDE# 2938509999	Contract No:	116504

Date:

Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility Study - Building Shell Improvements

Contractor: 100% Construction Documents Estimate Trade: GC

	1			T		ONTRACT		
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
							-	
		00700	GENERAL CONDITIONS	_				
	 		General Conditions	%	8		172,076	\$172,076
	-		Overhead & Profit	%	7		150,566	\$150,560
			Contingency	%	10		215,095	\$215,095
			77 - 21					
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TOTALS \$537,737

Dormitory Authority State of New York
515 Broadway
Albany, NY 12207

TRADE	PAYMENT	BREAKDOWN

Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No:	0	
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining H	alls Feasibility Study - Build	ling Shell Improvements	
Contractor:	0	Trade:	GC

CONTRACT AMOUNT UM QUANTITY LABOR MATERIAL TOTAL DESCRIPTION No. **GSA** CSI **EXISTING CONDITIONS** 022000 \$0 024119 General Building Removals \$0 Pathfinder \$0 Selective demolition curtain walls 024119 \$1,575 630 Upper Level West SF \$2.50 \$3,175 SF 1270 \$2.50 Upper Level South \$2,825 1130 \$2.50 Upper Level East SF \$1,020 SF 408 \$2.50 Lower Level West \$2,320 SF 928 \$2.50 Lower Level South \$770 \$2.50 308 Lower Level East \$250 024119 Selective demolition overhead door LS 1 Dispose of debris for temporary protection at \$2,500 LS 1 024119 openings \$0 Littlepage Selective demolition curtain walls 024119 Upper Level South \$2,825 SF 1130 \$2.50 SF 1620 \$2.50 \$4,050 Upper Level East \$2,825 Upper Level North SF 1130 \$2.50 \$250 024119 Selective demolition overhead door LS 1 Dispose of debris for temporary protection at \$2,500 024119 openings LS 1 \$0 **Connecting Tunnels** \$0 Selective demolition security screens 024119 \$1,100 EΑ \$50.00 Pathfinder Tunnels \$300 \$50.00 Littlepage Tunnels EΑ 6 50 028200 ASBESTOS REMEDIATION - GENERAL 028200 Bonds LS \$367.50 \$6,982.50 \$7,350 1 \$4,189.50 \$4,410 LS \$220.50 028200 Insurance 1 \$200.00 \$1,000 028200 General Requirements LS \$800.00 \$500.00 \$0.00 \$500 028200 Supervision LS 028200 Scheduling and Coordination LS \$500.00 \$0.00 \$500 \$0.00 \$1,000 028200 Record Drawings LS 1 \$1,000.00 \$200.00 \$1,000 028200 Submittals LS 1 \$800.00 \$5,000.00 028200 NYSDOL Notification LS \$5,200 \$200.00 028200 Debris Removal LS 1 \$2,000.00 \$0.00 \$2,000 \$0.00 \$1,000 028200 Project Meetings LS \$1,000.00 \$1,000 028200 Final Clean-up LS 1 \$1,000.00 \$0.00 \$300.00 \$1,500 028200 Project Close-out LS \$1,200.00 \$480.00 \$600 LS \$120.00 028200 Personal Air Monitoring 95,000 028200 Mobilization / Demobilization LS 1 \$4,000.00 \$1,000.00 Personal and Waste Decontamination \$12,050 028200 \$9,600 (assume 4 setups) LS \$2,400 \$8,000 \$8,000.00 028200 Scaffolding / Lift Rental LS

Dormitory Authority	State	of New	York
515 Broadway			
Albany, NY 12207			
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TRADE	PAY	MENT	BRE	AKD	WO
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	TO DE I MINE I I	12.412	
Project No:	JDE#2938509999	Contract No:	0
Project:	SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility	Study - Building Shell Improvements	
Contractor:	0	Trade:	GC

					CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL	
			Tunnels						
		028200	Tunnel windows (\$600/window) includes 4" of AC spray-on plaster ceiling, 1 strip of AC floor tile/mastic, window frame and AC window panel	EA	Pathfinder- 22 Littlepage- 6	\$13,440	\$3,360	\$16,80	
			Pathfinder Dining Hall						
		028200	Dining room upper level windows- center windows, west elevation (\$1,000/window) includes AC exterior window caulk	EA	7	\$5,600	\$1,400	\$7,00	
			Dining room upper level windows- left side of building, south elevation (\$1,000/window) includes assumed AC exterior window caulk	EA	5	\$4,000	\$1,000		
		028200	Roof- \$3/square foot, includes EPDM, assumed AC caulk and assumed AC penetration caulk	SF	16,200	\$38,880	\$9,720	\$5,00 \$48,60	
			Littlepage Dining Hall					410,00	
		028200	Work-out room windows- (\$500/window of various sizes) includes AC glaze, 1 strip of AC floor tile/mastic and window frame	EA	42	\$16,800	\$4,200	604.00	
			Roof- \$3/square foot, includes EPDM, assumed AC caulk and assumed AC penetration caulk	EA	16,200	\$38,880	\$9,720	\$21,000	
			TOTALS				-	\$227,34	

Dormitory Authority State of New	York
515 Broadway	
515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207	

TRADE	DANGERIT	DDEAKDOWN
IKADE	PAYMENT	BREAKDOWN

Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No:

Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility Study - Building Shell Improvements

Contractor: 0 Trade: GC

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
		030000	CONCRETE					
			Pathfinder					
PDH1			Prepare & patch concrete spalls	SF	350	\$ 85.00	\$ 22.00	37,45
PDH2			Prepare & fill soffit rustication strips in spandrel beams	EA	40	\$ 75.00	\$ 22.00	3,88
PDH3			Prepare & coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete surfaces	SF	10,200	\$ 4.50	\$ 1.85	64,77
PDH4			Remove & replace all sealant joints in the façade	LF	1,650	\$ 5.35	\$ 1.72	11,66
PDH5			Prep & paint exposed steel	LS	1	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 500.00	1,50
PDH6			Urethane deck coating @ loading dock	SF	200	\$ 3.25	\$ 1.70	996
			Littlepage				Ţ	
LDH1			Prepare & patch concrete spalls	SF	350	\$ 85.00	\$ 22.00	\$ 37,450
LDH2			Prepare & fill soffit rustication strips in spandrel beams	EA	40	\$ 75.00	\$ 22.00	\$ 3,880
LDH3			Remove existing coating from concrete surfaces	SF	700	\$ 3.00	\$ 0.85	\$ 2,69
LDH4			Prepare & coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete surfaces	SF	10,200	\$ 4.50	\$ 1.85	\$ 64,770
LDH5			Remove & replace all sealant joints in the façade	LF	1,650	\$ 5.35	\$ 1.72	\$ 11,666
LDH6			Prep & paint exposed steel	LS	1	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 1,500
LDH7			Urethane deck coating @ loading dock	SF	200	\$ 3.25	\$ 1.70	\$ 990
LDH8			Remove & replace section of concrete walk	SF	60	\$ 11.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 900
			Tunnels & Retaining Walls					
TRW1			Prepare & patch concrete spalls	SF	1,950	\$ 85.00	\$ 22.00	\$ 208,650
TRW2			Prepare & fill soffit rustication strips in spandrel beams	EA	35	\$ 75.00	\$ 22.00	\$ 3,39
TRW3			Prepare & coat all exposed cast-in-place concrete surfaces	SF	19,750	\$ 4.50	\$ 1.85	\$ 125,413
TRW4			Repair metal counter flashing	LF	200	\$ 24.00	\$ 12.00	\$ 7,200
TRW5			Rehabilitate cap flashings & sealant joints	EA	8	\$ 650.00	\$ 325.00	\$ 7,800
TRW6			Prep & paint exposed steel	LS	1	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 1,500
TRW7			Repair exterior concrete stairs	LS	1	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 2,200.00	\$ 7,200
TRW8			Provide & install curb at edges of loading dock parking	LF	320	\$ 243.00	\$ 39.00	\$ 90,240

Dormitory Authority State of New York 515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207
TRADE PAYMENT BREAKDOWN

Date:	

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Project No:	JDE#2938509999	Contract No:	
Project:	SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility Study - Building	Shell Improvements	
Contractor:	0	Trade:	GC
•			

				CONTRAC	CONTRACT AMOUNT			
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
		1	TOTALS				1	\$695,50

Dormitory Authori	ty State	of New	York
515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207			
Albany, NY 12207			

TRADE PAYMENT BREAKDOWN

Project No:	JDE#2938509999 Contract No:	0	١
Project:	SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility Study - Building Shell Improvements		
Contractor:	0 Trade:	GC	

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
		060000	WOOD, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES					
	<u> </u>	061000		-	_		-	-
			Wood stud & plywood temporary protection at ground floor openings					
			Pathfinder	SF	1750	\$4.45	\$2.53	\$12,2
			Littlepage	SF	1,750	\$4.45	\$2.53	\$12,2
			Tunnels	SF	864	\$4.45	\$2.53	\$6,0
		061000	Wood stud & plywood temporary protection at upper level openings					
			Pathfinder	SF	3,480	\$6.67	\$2.53	\$32,0
			Littlepage	SF	3,480	\$6.67	\$2.53	\$32,0
			Tunnels	SF	218	\$6.67	\$2.53	\$2,00
	_							
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			TOTALS					\$96,49



Date:	1	

Project No: JDE#293850999		Contract No:	(
Project: SUNY Oswego [Dining Halls Feasibility Study - Building	Shell Improvements	
Contractor:	0	Trade:	GC

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
		2						
		070000	THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION					
			Pathfinder					
			Pathfinder	_				
PDF7			Renovate and replace roof assembly and flashings at main low roof	SF	14,700	\$ 4.50	\$ 7.25	\$ 172,72
PDF8			Remove and replace roof assembly at penthouse	LS	760	\$ 3.75	\$ 5.25	\$ 6,84
PDF9			Recoat entrance canopy roof	SF	80	\$ 8.00		\$ 88
DIS			Littlepage					
DF9			Renovate all existing roof membrane seams & laps	LF	2,100	\$ 6.50	\$ 4.25	\$ 22,57
_DF10		_	Allowance for as needed edge & pipe flashing repair & replacement	LS	1	\$ 2,500.00		\$ 4,00
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_								- 1999
			TOTALS					

Dormitory Authority State of New York	
515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207	
Albany, NY 12207	
TRADE PAYMENT BREAKDOWN	

Project No: JDE#2938509999		Contract No:	(
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Ha	alls Feasibility Study -	Building Shell Improvements	
Contractor:	0	Trade:	GC

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
		080000	OPENINGS					
		000010	Pathfinder	-				
		083613	Insulated sectional doors with integral main door with vision panel	EA	1			\$2,50
		084113	Aluminum framed entrance & storefront					Ψ2,00
			(installed)					
			Type E	EA	4	\$3,780.00	\$10,920.00	\$58,80
			Type H	EA	1	\$5,220.00	\$15,080.00	\$20,30
			Type L	EA	1	\$2,160.00	\$6,240.00	\$8,40
			Type L1	EA	1	\$2,160.00	\$6,240.00	\$8,40
		084413	Glazed aluminum curtain walls with selected spandrel glazing, operable sash & tinted glazing (installed)					
			Type A	EA	1	\$5,940.00	\$17,460.00	\$23,40
			Type A1	EA	1	\$5,940.00		\$23,40
			Type B	EA	1	\$3,465.00		\$13,65
			Type C	EA	- '	\$8,250.00	\$24,250.00	\$32,50
			Type C1	EA	1	\$8,250.00	\$24,250.00	\$32,50
			Type C2	EA	1	\$8,250.00		\$32,50
			Type D	EA	2	\$3,465.00	\$10,185.00	\$27,30
			Type D1	EA	1	\$3,465.00		\$13,65
			Type F	EA	1	\$3,300.00		\$13,00
			Type F1	EA	1	\$3,300.00		\$13,00
			Type G	EA	1	\$1,980.00	\$5,820.00	\$7,80
			Type G1	EA	1	\$1,980.00	\$5,820.00	\$7,80
			Type K	EA	1	\$4,785.00	\$14,065.00	\$18,85
			Type K1	EA	1	\$4,785.00		\$18,85
		084413	Upcharge for custom spandrel glazing			V 1,1 0 0 1 0 0	V 1,000.00	410100
			color setup	LS				\$2,00
			Littlepage					\$
			Insulated sectional doors with integral main door with vision panel	EA	1			\$2,50
		084113	Aluminum framed entrance & storefront (installed)					\$
			Type E	EA	4	\$3,780.00		\$58,80
			Type L	EA	1	\$2,160.00	\$6,240.00	\$8,40
		001110	Type L1	EA	1	\$2,160.00	\$6,240.00	\$8,40
	ALCO STATE OF THE	084413	Glazed aluminum curtain walls with selected spandrel glazing, operable sash & tinted glazing (installed)					\$
			Type A	EA	1	\$5,940.00	\$17,460.00	\$23,40
			Type A1	EA	1	\$5,940.00		\$23,40
			Type B	EA	1	\$3,465.00		\$13,65
			Type C	EA	1	\$8,250.00		\$32,50
			Type C1	EA	1	\$8,250.00		\$32,50

Dormitory Authori	ty State	of New	York
515 Broadway			
Albany, NY 12207			
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TRADE	PAYMENT	BREAKDOWN

Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No:	0
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility St	udy - Building Shell Improvements	
Contractor: 0	Trade:	GC

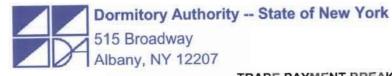
				1	C	ONTRACT	AMOUNT	
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
			Type C2	EA	1	\$8,250.00	\$24,250.00	\$32,500
			Type D	EA	2	\$3,465.00	\$10,185.00	\$27,300
			Type D1	ĒΑ	1	\$3,465.00	\$10,185.00	\$13,650
			Type F	EA	1	\$3,300.00	\$9,700.00	\$13,000
			Type F1	EA	1	\$3,300.00	\$9,700.00	\$13,000
	-		Type G	EA	1	\$1,980.00	\$5,820.00	\$7,800
			Type G1	EA	1	\$1,980.00	\$5,820.00	\$7,800
			Туре К	EA	1	\$4,785.00	\$14,065.00	\$18,850
			Type K1	EA	2	\$4,785.00	\$14,065.00	\$37,700
		084413	Upcharge for custom spandrel glazing color setup	LS				\$2,000
			Connecting Tunnels					\$0
		084113	Aluminum framed entrance & storefront (installed)			-		.\$0
			Pathfinder Type N	EΑ	2	\$451.20	\$902.40	\$2,707
			Littlepage Type J	EA	2	\$451.20	\$902.40	\$2,707
		085113	Aluminum window (installed)			- 5		\$0
			Pathfinder Type J	ĒΑ	22	\$576.00	\$1,512.00	\$45,936
			Littlepage Type N	EA	6	\$576.00	\$1,512.00	\$12,526
		085166	Security Screens					\$0
			Pathfinder Tunnels	EΑ	22	\$216.00	\$864.00	\$23,760
			Littlepage Tunnels	EΑ	6	\$216.00	\$864.00	\$6,480
								\$0
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						_		\$0
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			TOTALS					\$849,868

Dormitory Authority	y State	of New	York
515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207			
Albany, NY 12207			
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Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No: 0	0
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasil	ility Study - Building Shell Improvements	1
Contractor:	Trade: GC	

Date:

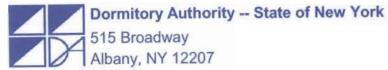
			DESCRIPTION	CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI		UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
_		090000	FINISHES	+				
		030000						
		092300	Plaster repairs	SF	180	\$1.80	\$0.45	\$40
		096513	Resilient base and accessories	LF	600	\$1.25	\$0.84	\$1,25
		099123	Painting of convector covers and interior face of exterior wall in its entirety	SF	4,200	\$0.39	\$0.40	\$3,3
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			TOTALS					\$4,97



Date:		

Project No: JDE#2938509999	Contract No:	0
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls Feasibility	Study - Building Shell Improvements	
Contractor: 0	Trade: GC	

			CSI DESCRIPTION		CONTRACT AMOUNT					
No.	. GSA	csı		UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL		
				_						
		120000	FURNISHINGS	-				_		
		122413 F	Roller Window Shades							
			Pathfinder	SF	4570	\$1.75	\$5.00	\$30,84		
			Littlepage	SF	4570	\$1.75	\$5.00	\$30,84		
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		1	TOTALS					\$61,69		



Project No: JDE#2938509999		Contract No:	
Project: SUNY Oswego Dining Halls F	easibility Study - Buildir	ng Shell Improvements	
Contractor	0	Trade:	GC

Date:

				CONTRACT AMOUNT				
No.	GSA	CSI	DESCRIPTION	UM	QUANTITY	LABOR	MATERIAL	TOTAL
				-				60.40
		230000	HVAC					\$2,10
				1.0	4	\$8,000.00	\$1,800.00	9
		230500	Common work results for HVAC	LS	1	\$8,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$
		000500	Tarian di atian 8 hatanian for UVAC	LS	1	\$5,000.00	\$200.00	4
		230593	Testing adjusting & balancing for HVAC	Lo	-	\$5,000.00	\$200.00	9
		222112	Hydronic piping	LS	1	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	9
	-	232113	Hydrofile piping		· ·	Ψ1,200.00	\$500.00	
		238233	Convectors	LF		\$20.00	\$30.00	
		200200	2011/0000/0					9
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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK OSWEGO, NEW YORK

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#116504; JDE# 2938509999

Prepared For: Woolley Morris Architects 401 N. State Street Syracuse, NY 13203

Prepared By:
Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.
2110 S. Clinton Avenue, Suite 1
Rochester, NY 14618

November 2010

Project No. 40-10-066

Preface

An Asbestos Technical Memorandum and PCB Technical Memorandum have been completed as part of the Dining Hall Feasibility Study of Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls at the State University of New York at Oswego. The results of this Study are included in this report and are presented in two Volumes dated November 2010, namely:

Volume 1 of 2: Asbestos Technical Memorandum

Volume 2 of 2: PCB Technical Memorandum

ASBESTOS EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The State University of New York at Oswego is conducting a feasibility study of Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls for potential replacement of the current window systems (including those windows in adjoining tunnels in both dining halls), the current roof systems and renovation of the exterior façades including stairs and retaining walls.

An Asbestos Technical Memorandum for the Feasibility Study was prepared. Representative accessible areas that have the potential to be impacted by potential renovations (window, roof, façade) were inspected within the Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall interior and exterior.

This Study included a record review, visual inspection and collection of suspect asbestos containing materials (ACM's). At Pathfinder Dining Hall, thirty-three (33) different homogeneous areas were identified, from which twenty-four (24) samples were collected; at Littlepage Dining Hall, thirty-five (35) homogeneous areas were identified, from which eighteen (18) samples were collected. All forty-two (42) samples were submitted to AmeriSci New York for asbestos content determination.

The following tables indicate the materials are asbestos containing (>1% asbestos) based on either record review or laboratory analysis. This estimate of quantities of asbestos containing materials is limited to anticipated impact of this study; it is NOT inclusive of the entire building. Quantity units are in either square feet (SF) or linear feet (LF).

PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS			
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity	
5	Cement board behind plaster topcoat and substrate, drywall and Styrofoam insulation	250 SF	
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	32 SF	
7	9"x9" floor tile	72 SF	
8	Black floor tile mastic	72 SF	
19	2'x2' SAT with holes and ½" gashes	640 SF	
25	Exterior caulk- light grey extremely sticky window caulk- west elevation between bottom of window frame and concrete	50 LF	
28	Chocolate brown/charcoal grey window caulk between metal and concrete-upper windows, south elevation	7 SF	
31	Black EPDM roof material	16,220 SF	
32	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	12,230 LF	

P/	ATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING	TUNNELS
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity
33	Black roof penetration caulk	100 LF

LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity		
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	10 SF		
7	9"x9"FT cream with tan, light brown specks and swirls	95 SF		
8	Black floor tile mastic	95 SF		
9	Interior glaze- black, sticky between metal frame and glass window	1,000 LF		
14	2'x2' white SAT with holes and ½" gashes	640 SF		
32	Cement board behind plaster topcoat and substrate, drywall and Styrofoam insulation	70 SF		
33	Black EPDM roof material	16,220 SF		
34	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	12,230 LF		
35	Black roof penetration caulk	100 LF		

The AHERA and DASNY Sampling protocols were not followed for this study. The recommendations indicated at the end of this report are based on limited sampling collected for this study and the general understanding of the various scopes. Additional asbestos inspection, sample collection, and scope definition would be necessary to facilitate an asbestos abatement design.

In accordance with 12 NYCRR 56, no renovation work shall be commenced by any owner or agent prior to completion of asbestos abatement performed by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor.



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Woolley Morris Architects

401 N. State Street Syracuse, NY 13203

ATTN: James Williams, AIA

Senior Associate

FROM: Michael Waller

Project Engineer

DATE: November 19, 2010

RE: State University of New York at Oswego

Dining Hall-Feasibility Study

Volume 1 of 2: Asbestos Technical Memorandum

SUBJECT: Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall Feasibility Study

INTRODUCTION

Woolley Morris Architects retained Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. (RE&LS) to perform a Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall Feasibility Study at the State University of New York at Oswego campus, Oswego, New York. The required license and certifications to conduct this work are included in Attachment A.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Pathfinder and Littlepage both are two-story structural concrete and masonry dining halls located on the SUNY Oswego campus. The campus intends to replace the current window systems (including those windows in adjoining tunnels in both dining halls), the current roof systems and to renovate the exterior façades including stairs and retaining walls. The survey was necessary to determine potential asbestos impacts of the intended renovations; and included a review of available records (contained in Attachment B), a visual inspection and collection of samples. Site investigations were conducted on October 22 and 26, 2010. The results of the Feasibility Study are presented in this Technical Memorandum.

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING

Representative bulk samples of suspect asbestos containing materials (ACM's) were collected by New York State Department of Labor (NYSDOL) certified inspectors from RE&LS. A copy of RE&LS's license and inspectors' certifications can be found in Attachment A.

Friable bulk asbestos samples were analyzed using NYS ELAP Method EPA 600/M4/82/020 (Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)). Non-friable organically bound (NOB) asbestos samples were analyzed using NYS ELAP Method 198.6 (PLM) and, if found to be less than or equal to 1% asbestos containing, NYS ELAP Method 198.4 (Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)). AmeriSci New York was the NYSDOH approved laboratory used for analysis. A copy of AmeriSci's credentials can be found in Attachment A.

A total of forty-two (42) asbestos bulk samples were collected; 24 at Pathfinder and 18 at Littlepage, and were sent in for laboratory analysis.

The bulk sample locations are indicated on the bulk sample location plans included in Attachment C. The sample identification number indicated on the sketch corresponds to the identification number on the laboratory analytical report, the bulk sample log, and the chain of custody forms; all of which are located in Attachment D.

ASBESTOS RESULTS/FINDINGS

As defined by the NYSDOL 12NYCRR 56, a sample is considered to be asbestos containing if it contains greater than 1% asbestos by weight based on laboratory analysis.

The tables below indicate the materials that were identified as part of this study and the results of those samples that were collected for analysis. Bold and italicized rows indicate that the material is asbestos containing based on laboratory analysis or confirmed asbestos containing based on record review.

	1: PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Aspestos Content and Type of Analysis		
1	White plaster wall topcoat	B001-1A B007-1B	None Detected- PLM		
2	Brown plaster wall substrate	B001-2A	None Detected- PLM		
3	Grey drywall wall	B001-3A	None Detected- PLM		
4	1 ½" blue Styrofoam rigid insulation behind HA#'s 1, 2, 3	Not sampled ¹	NA		

	1: PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING	TUNNELS	
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Asbestos Content and Type of Analysis
5	Cement board behind HA#'s 1, 2, 3, 4	B001-5A	23.5% Chrysotile- PLM
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	B001-6A2	<0.25% Chrysotile- PLM
7	9"x9" floor tile	Not sampled	NA
8	Black floor tile mastic	Not sampled	NA
9	Interior caulk- tan, crumbly original caulk between metal and plaster on top of radiator	B001-9A	None Detected- TEM
10	Black cove molding	B001-10A	None Detected- TEM
11	Chocolate brown, crumbly cove molding mastic	B001-11A	None Detected- TEM
12	Interior caulk- original grey/brown, crumbly window caulk between metal and plaster	B001-12A	<0.25% Chrysotile- PLM
13	Interior caulk-white, flexible window caulk between metal and plaster	B002-13A	None Detected- TEM
14	Interior caulk- black, semi-sticky window caulk between metal and metal in UPD	B003-14A	None Detected- TEM
15	Brown, tan, cream 12"x12" floor tile oatmeal pattern	Not sampled ⁵	NA
16	Interior caulk- blue, flexible, sticky	B006-16A	None Detected- TEM
17	Yellow, sticky carpet glue	Not sampled ⁶	NA
18	Black, sticky floor tile mastic	1001-18A	None Detected- TEM
19	2'x2' SAT with holes and ½" gashes	Not sampled ⁷	NA
20	Exterior caulk- tan, flexible, powders when rubbed between stone wall slabs and stone wall/concrete columns	EE-20A	None Detected- TEM
21	Exterior caulk- light grey, gum-like at base of bldg.	EE-21A	None Detected- TEM
22	Exterior caulk- medium grey, flexible seam caulk	EE-22A	None Detected- TEM
23	Exterior caulk- dark grey, flexible, smooth (top bead of metal base board of retaining wall (east side only))	EE-23A	None Detected- TEM

1: PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Asbestos Content and Type of Analysis	
24	Exterior caulk- med./dark grey, flexible caulk at base of bldg.	EN-24A	None Detected- TEM	
25	Exterior caulk- light grey extremely sticky window caulk- west elevation between bottom and far sides of window frame and concrete	EW-25A	1.6% Chrysotile- TEM	
26	Tan surfacing efis coat	EW-26A	None Detected- PLM	
27	Exterior caulk-battleship grey, semi-flexible caulk	- EW-27A	None Detected- TEM	
28	Chocolate brown/charcoal grey window caulk between metal and concrete- upper windows, south elevation	Not sampled ⁸	NA	
29	Grey plaster wall substrate	B007-29A	None Detected- PLM	
30	Light grey drywall wall	B007-30A	None Detected- PLM	
31	Black EPDM roof material	Not sampled ⁹	NA	
32	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	Not sampled ⁹	NA	
33	Black roof penetration caulk	Not sampled ⁹	NA	

PLM denotes Polarized Light Microscopy

NA denotes Not Analyzed

TEM denotes Transmission Electron Microscopy

UPD denotes University Police Department

⁹ Roof materials were not sampled at this time, until further verification, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing

	2: LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJ	OINING TUNNELS	
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Asbestos Content and Type of Analysis
1	Black cove molding	B001-1A	None Detected- TEM

¹ Material non-suspect but was identified in study for ease of identifying associated materials

² Material determined to have trace amounts of asbestos, ceiling plaster with similar appearance has been positive in several other buildings on campus and is assumed to be asbestos containing

³ Record as-built drawing indicates floor to be Vinyl Asbestos Tile (see Attachment B)

⁴ Previous sample collected and determined to be asbestos containing (see Attachment B)

⁵ Material not intended to be disturbed by this project

⁶ Unable to sample due to residual floor tile mastic contamination

⁷ Inaccessible due to ceiling height; until further verification, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing

 $^{^{8}}$ Inaccessible due to window height; until further verification, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing

Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Asbestos Content and Type of Analysis
2	Cream cove molding mastic associated with HA#1	8001-2A	None Detected- TEM
3	Interior white, crumbly caulk between metal and plaster on top of radiator	B001-3A	None Detected- TEM
4	White plaster wall topcoat	Not sampled ¹	NA
5	Grey plaster wall substrate	Not sampled ¹	NA
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	Not sampled²	NA
7	9"x9"FT cream with tan, light brown specks and swirls	Not sampled ³	NA
8	Black floor tile mastic	Not sampled ²	NA
9	Interior glaze- black, sticky between metal frame and glass window	B002-9A	1.9% Chrysotile- TEM
10	Black with blue specks rubber 2'x2' floor tile over HA#11 on concrete	B002-10A	None Detected- TEM
11	Grey mastic/leveler under HA#10	B002-11A	None Detected- TEM
12	Grey rubber 2'x2' floor tile with symmetrical raised circles	Not sampled ¹	NA
13	Tan floor tile mastic associated with HA#12	Not sampled ¹	NA
14	2'x2' white SAT with holes and ½" gashes	Not sampled⁴	NA
15	Main dining hall carpet (multi-red, grey, blue)	Not sampled ⁵	NA
16	Yellow, sticky mastic under HA#15	Not sampled ¹	NA
17	White floor leveler under HA#15	Not sampled ¹	NA
18	Chocolate brown, brittle cove molding mastic under HA#'s 1, 2	1001-18A	None Detected- TEM
19	8"x8" cream (solid) and rust red (solid) ceramic floor tile	Not sampled ⁵	NA
20	Grey grout associated with HA# 19	1001-20A	None Detected- PLM
21	Exterior caulk-light tan/cream, flexible between concrete and concrete	EN-21A	None Detected- TEM

2: LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS			
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	Asbestos Content and Type of Analysis
22	Exterior caulk-grey/brown/smoky charcoal grey rubber-like door caulk between metal door frame and concrete	EN-22A	None Detected- TEM
23	Light grey/off-white exterior seam caulk between sidewalk panels and between stone wall panels	EN-23A	None Detected- TEM
24	Tan surfacing efis on all retaining walls and building columns	EN-24A	None Detected- PLM
25	Exterior caulk-cream, flexible, powders when rubbed between stone wall panels over HA#21	EW-25A	None Detected- TEM
26	Exterior window glaze-black, very stretchy between glass and metal	EN-26A	None Detected- TEM
27	Charcoal grey/brown window glaze/caulk, flexible	EN-27A	None Detected- TEM
28	Exterior caulk-cream (original) window caulk, existing original caulk behind window frame (visible only because window frame was broken at one section)	EN-28A	None Detected- TEM
29	Exterior caulk-metallic grey seam caulk between concrete and concrete at base of building	ES-29A	None Detected- TEM
30	Exterior caulk-grey, flexible seam caulk between concrete and concrete on retaining wall cube bases and tunnel seams	ES-30A	None Detected- TEM
31	1 ½" blue Styrofoam rigid insulation behind HA#'s 4, 5	Not sampled⁵	NA
32	Cement board behind HA#'s 4, 5, 31	Not samplea ⁶	NA
33	Black EPDM roof material	Not sampled ⁷	NA
34	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	Not sampled ⁷	NA
35	Black roof penetration caulk	Not sampled ⁷	NA

TEM denotes Transmission Electron Microscopy

NA denotes Not Analyzed

PLM denotes Polarized Light Microscopy

¹ Previous samples collected and determined to be non-asbestos containing (see Attachment B)

² Previous samples collected and determined to be asbestos containing (see Attachment B)

³ Record as-built drawings indicate flooring to be Vinyl Asbestos Tile (see Attachment B)

⁴ Inaccessible due to ceiling height; until further verification, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing

⁵ Material is non-suspect but was identified in study for ease of identifying associated materials

⁶ Same material identified in other buildings and determined to be asbestos containing transite

ASBESTOS MATERIALS AND ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

Asbestos exists throughout the inspected areas based on analytical results of this inspection and information gathered from the record review. The following table indentifies the Homogeneous Areas that are asbestos containing along with the material description and approximate quantity. This estimate of quantities of asbestos containing materials is limited to anticipated impact of this study; it is NOT inclusive of the entire building. Quantity units are in either square feet (SF) or linear feet (LF).

PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity		
5	Cement board behind HA#'s 1, 2, 3, 4	250 SF		
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	32 SF		
7	9"x9" floor tile	72 SF		
8	Black floor tile mastic	72 SF		
19	2'x2' SAT with holes and ½" gashes	640 SF		
25	Exterior caulk- grey extremely sticky window caulk	50 LF		
28	Chocolate brown/charcoal grey window caulk between metal and concrete-upper windows, south elevation	7 SF		
31	Black EPDM roof material	16,220 SF		
32	Black EPDM roof seam caulk	12,230 LF		
33	Black roof penetration caulk	100 LF		

LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS			
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity	
6	White ceiling plaster on concrete deck	10 SF	
7	9"x9"FT cream with tan, light brown specks and swirls	95 SF	
8	Black floor tile mastic	95 SF	
9	Interior caulk- black, sticky between metal frame and glass window	1,000 LF	
14	2'x2' white SAT with holes and ½" gashes	640 SF	
32	Cement board behind HA#'s 4, 5, 31	70 SF	
33	Black EPDM roof material	16,220 SF	

⁷ Roof materials were not sampled at this time, until further verification, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing

LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS			
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Quantity	
34	Black EPDM roof seam caulk	12,230 LF	
35	Black roof penetration caulk	100 LF	

LIMITATIONS (each limitation that has a preceding number has a subsequent recommendation with the same preceding number.)

- The asbestos inspection and sampling conducted for this study was limited to the general areas
 that could be impacted by the Feasibility Study Scope. AHERA regulations, 40 CFR Part 763.86
 and 763.87, NYS Code Rule 56 and DASNY protocols with regards to number of samples
 collected were not followed.
- 2. Documentation of previous sampling is identified as a "reference only" document. The past sampling that is referenced in this technical memorandum was adopted from this "reference only" document located in Attachment B.
- **3.** Materials that were not accessible were not sampled and are therefore assumed to be asbestos containing until further verification.
- 4. To avoid potential roof leaks, the EPDM roof systems on both buildings were not sampled and are assumed to be asbestos containing.
- 5. HA#6 in Pathfinder (white ceiling plaster topcoat) was determined to contain trace amounts of asbestos. Ceiling plaster with this same appearance has been positive for asbestos content in several other buildings on campus. Until further sampling is completed, this material is assumed to be asbestos containing.
- 6. The plaster substrate in either tunnel attached to Pathfinder dining hall were determined to be different. Since this survey did not include a complete room-by-room survey and bulk sampling of all existing suspect materials within the building, the plaster substrate within Pathfinder Dining Hall proper is assumed to be both HA# 2 and HA# 29.
- 7. HA#29 collected at Littlepage Dining Hall was visible only because a portion of the window frame was missing. It is unknown if a comparable material exists within the Pathfinder Dining Hall windows.
- 8. The as-built record drawing for Pathfinder Dining Hall entitled "Tunnel Plan, Elevations, Sections and Details," dated February 18, 1965, Plan No. A-21, indicates a ¼" cement asbestos board back-up material within the window panel system between the porcelain enamel and the

Styrofoam rigid insulation. The record drawing for Littlepage Dining Hall entitled "Tunnel Plan, Elevations, Sections and Details," dated October 3, 1966, Plan No. A-21, does not indicate an asbestos cement board within the window panel system (record drawings located in Attachment B). Contrary to the record drawing, this material is present as visually observed from a wall core.

9. The estimate of quantities of asbestos containing materials used within this study are based on areas of impact with regards to the various scopes within this study (window, roof, façade) and is not inclusive of the entire building.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Asbestos containing materials have been identified as part of this study. In accordance with 12 NYCRR 56, no renovation work shall be commenced by any owner or agent prior to completion of asbestos abatement performed by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor. RE&LS recommends, and NYSDOL regulations require, that all of the asbestos containing materials that will be impacted by the intended renovation be removed prior to the renovation.

It is recommended that the windows located in both tunnels at Pathfinder and Littlepage be removed by the abatement contractor; due to the presence of the asbestos cement backer board within the window panel, the asbestos containing ceiling plaster that the window tops are adjacent to and the asbestos containing floor tile and associated mastic that the window bottoms are adjacent to.

It is recommended that the windows in the work-out room in Littlepage Dining Hall be removed by the abatement contractor; due to the presence of asbestos containing window glaze around each window.

It is recommended that the upper windows in the center of Pathfinder Dining Hall, west elevation, be removed by the abatement contractor; due to the presence of asbestos containing caulk located along the bottom and half way up the far left and right side of the unit.

It is recommended that the upper windows on the left side of Pathfinder Dining Hall, south elevation, be removed by the abatement contractor; due to the presence of assumed asbestos containing window caulk located on the far left and right side of the unit, full height.

- 1. It is recommended that a formal Asbestos Pre-Renovation Survey be completed by a NYSDOL certified inspector and subsequent samples be analyzed by a NYSDOH laboratory prior to the planned renovations outlined in this feasibility study.
- 2. When a formal Asbestos Pre-Renovation Survey is completed, it is recommended that proper analytical documentation be gathered to verify the accuracy of samples referenced in the "reference only" document.

- **3.** It is recommended that coordination be set in place to sample those materials that were inaccessible due to either ceiling or window height.
- **4.** It is recommended that all roofing materials be sampled for asbestos content verification at a later time prior to roof renovations
- 5. It is recommended that additional ceiling plaster samples be collected in the Pathfinder Dining hall tunnels to verify asbestos content.
- 6. Two different plaster substrates within the adjoining tunnels to Pathfinder Dining Hall were found not to contain asbestos. It is recommended that verification of plaster wall systems be completed within the main portion of Pathfinder Dining Hall to properly adhere to AHERA sampling protocols with regards to required number of samples.
- 7. It is recommended that further investigation be completed to verify if there are any additional caulk materials behind the exterior window frames at Pathfinder Dining Hall.
- **8.** It is assumed from visual observation that the same cement asbestos board back-up material exists within the porcelain enamel window panels at Littlepage Dining Hall. It is recommended that this material be sampled to verify asbestos content.
- **9.** If there are additions to the various scopes as this project progresses, it is recommended that the quantities of impacted asbestos containing materials be recalculated.

ATTACHMENT A

License and Certifications

ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#116504; JDE# 2938509999

NEW YORK STATE - DEPARTMENT, OF LABOR
DIVISION OF SAFETY AND HEALTH,
LICENSE AND CERTIFICATE UNIT
STATE CAMPUS BUILDING 12 ALBANY, NY 12240

ASBESTOS HANDLING L

Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying P.C.

2110 South Clinton Av

Rochester, NY

ILE NUMBER: 06-1103 LICENSE NUMBER: 29384 LICENSE CLASS: RESTRICTED DATE OF ISSUE: 01/12/2010

EXPIRATION DATE: 02/28/2017

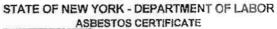
Duly Authorized Representative Nagappa Ravindra

This license has been issued in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 80 of the Labor Law of New York State and of the New York State Codes, Rules and Regulations (12 NYCRR Part 56). It is subject to suspension or revocation for a (1) serious violation of state, federal or local laws with regard to the conduct of an aspestos project, or (2) demonstrated lack of responsibility in the conduct of any job involving aspestos or aspectos in afternal.

This license is valid only for the contractor named above and this license of a photocopy must be prominently displayed at the asbestos project worksite. This license verifies that all persons employed by the licensee on an asbestos project in New York State have been issued an Asbestos Certificate, appropriate for the type of work they perform, by the New York State Department of Labor.

> Maureen A. Cox, Director FOR THE COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

SH 432 (4-07)





CERT# 05-07697 DMV# 782973033 MUST BE CARRIED ON ASBESTOS PROJECTS

STATE OF NEW YORK - DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ASBESTOS CERTIFICATE





CERT# 91-03693 DMV# 596726536 MUST BE CARRIED ON ASBESTOS PROJECTS

STATE OF NEW YORK - DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ASBESTOS CERTIFICATE





CERT# 09-06298 DMV# 569365236 MUST BE CARRIED ON ASBESTOS PROJECTS

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WADSWORTH CENTER

RICHARD F. DAINES, M.D.



Expires 12:01 AM April 01, 201 Issued April 01, 2010

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE Issued in accordance with and pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State:

MR PAUL MUCHA AMERICA SCIENCE TEAM NEW YORK INC 117 EAST 30 TH ST NEW YORK, NY 10016 NY Lab (d)No: 11480 EPA Lab Code: NY01378

is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory for the category ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE All approved subcategories and/or analytes are listed below.

Miscellaneous

Asbestos in Friable Material

EPA 600/M4/82/020

item 198.1 of Manual

Aspestos in Non-Friable Material-PLM (Jem 198.6 of Manual (NOB by/PLM)

Asbestos in Non-Friable Material-TEM ITEM 198.4 OF MANUAL

Serial No.: 41865

Property of the New York State Department of Health. Certificates are valid only at the address, shown must be conspicuously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are urged to call (518) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.

Page 1 of 1

ATTACHMENT B

Record Review-Excerpts

ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#116.504; JDE# 2938509999

PATHFINDER DINING HALL

Pathfinder Asbestos Samples

Sort by ACM							
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	UP Storage		Unknown Possibly TS1	36	Chrysotile	Friable	2006
1	Serving Line	Ceiling	Insulation	30	Chrysotile	Friable	1987
1	Women's Bathroom	Floor	Tile	24	Chrysotile	Non-Friable	1994
	Beverage Area	Floor	Tile - 12x12	4.1	Chrysotile		2007
1	Women's Bathroom	Floor	Mastic	2.7	Chrysotile	Non-Friable	1994
1	Dining Hall	Ceiling	Tile	0			1986
1	Dining Hall, Exhaust Fan Housing	Ceiling	Tile	0			1987
1	N.W. End of Serving Line, W. Side of Hall	Ceiling	Dust	0			1987
1	S.W. End of Serving Line, W. Side of Hall	Ceiling	Dust	0			1987
1	East Serving Line	Ceiling	Dust	0			1987
1	North Kitchen Area	Ceiling	Dust	0			1987
1	Dining Hall, Cayuga Side - Center Column	Column	Plaster	0		Non-Friable	2005
1	Serving Line, Seneca Side - Kitchen Door	Door	Plaster	0		Non-Friable	2005
1	Dishwashing Area, S. Kitchen - Main Exhaust	Duct	Dust	0			1987
1	Kitchen, Time Clock	Object	Plaster	0		Non-Friable	2005
1	Boiler Room	Pipe	Insulation 6"	0		Friable	2008
1	Boiler Room	Pipe	Insulation 8"	0		Friable	2008
1	Boiler Room	Pipe	Insulation 15"	0		Friable	2008
1	Main Roof SW	Roof	Tar	0			1989
1	Main Roof NE	Roof	Tar	0			1989
1	Main Roof Center	Roof	Tar	0			1989
Exterior	Stairs near SE Corner of Cayuga	Stairs	Control joint caulk	0		Non-Friable	2006
1	Dining Room, S. Center - on Windowsill	Wall	Dust	0		Friable	1992
1	S. End of E. Serving Line	Wall	Dust	0		Friable	1992
1	S. End of W. Serving Line	Wall	Dust	0	1	Friable	1992
Exterior		Wall	Caulk Between Wall Joints	1 0		Non-Friable	2004
1	Dining Hall, Cayuga Side - Left Wall	Wall	Plaster	1 0	1	Non-Friable	2005
1	Serving Line, Seneca Side - Dish Drop Wall	Wall	Plaster	0		Non-Friable	2005
1	Kitchen, Store Room	Wall	Plaster	0		Non-Friable	2005
	TO 1 11 71 0 011 11 117	1 11111	7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		1		0005

Wall

Plaster

2005

Non-Friable

Dining Hall, Seneca Side - Nr. Window

STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AT OSWEGO OSWEGO NEW YORK

DINING HALL BUILDING STAGE VII



LIST OF DRAWINGS

UPPER LEVEL PLAN & DETAILS ROOF PLAN & DETAILS 44 A-5 ELEVATIONS ELEVATIONS CROSS SECTIONS - MISSING FROM SET 4-7 WALL SECTIONS A-8 49 WALL SECTIONS & DETAILS STAIR PLANS SECTIONS & DETAILS A-10 FINISH SCHEDULE DOOR SCHEDULE & DETAILS A-11 WINDOW SCHEDULE & DETAILS TOILET PLANS ELEVATIONS & DETAILS A-13 LOWER LEVEL REFLECTED CEILING PLAN & INTERIOR ELEVATIONS UPPER LEVEL REFLECTED CELLING PLAN & INTERIOR ELEVATIONS MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT PLAN A-17 A-18 FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE & ELEVATIONS A-19 FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS A-20 FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS

A-21 TUNNEL PLAN, ELEVATIONS, SECTIONS & CETAILS

STRUCTURAL -C-1 FOUNDATION PLAN S-2 UPPER LEVEL FRAMING PLAN S-3 RODF FRAMING PLAN S. 4 SENERAL HOTES TYPICAL DETAILS & COLUMN SCHEDILE HEATING, VENTILATING & AR CONDITIONING HVAC-I LOWER LEVEL PLAN HWAC-2 UPPER LEVEL PLAN HING-3 MECHANICAL & FAN ROOM DETAILS HMC-4 SCHEDULES & DETAILS PLUMBING LOWER LEVEL PLAN UPPER LEVEL PLAN ROOF PLAN KITCHEN PLAN PISER DIAGRAM & DETAILS ELECTRICAL LOWER LEVEL STAN UPPER LEVEL PLAN €-3 KITCHEN POWER PLANT RISER DIAGRAM, SCHEDULES & SYMBOLS

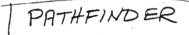
SKIDMORE, OWINGS & MERRILL ADLERSTEIN ASSOCIATES ARCHITECY ASSOCIATED ARCHITECTS

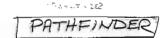
SEELYE STEVENSON VALUE & KNECHT INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

99 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK, N.Y.





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ARCHITECTURAL

PLOT PLAN & TEST BORING LOGS

LOWER LEVEL PLAN & DETAILS

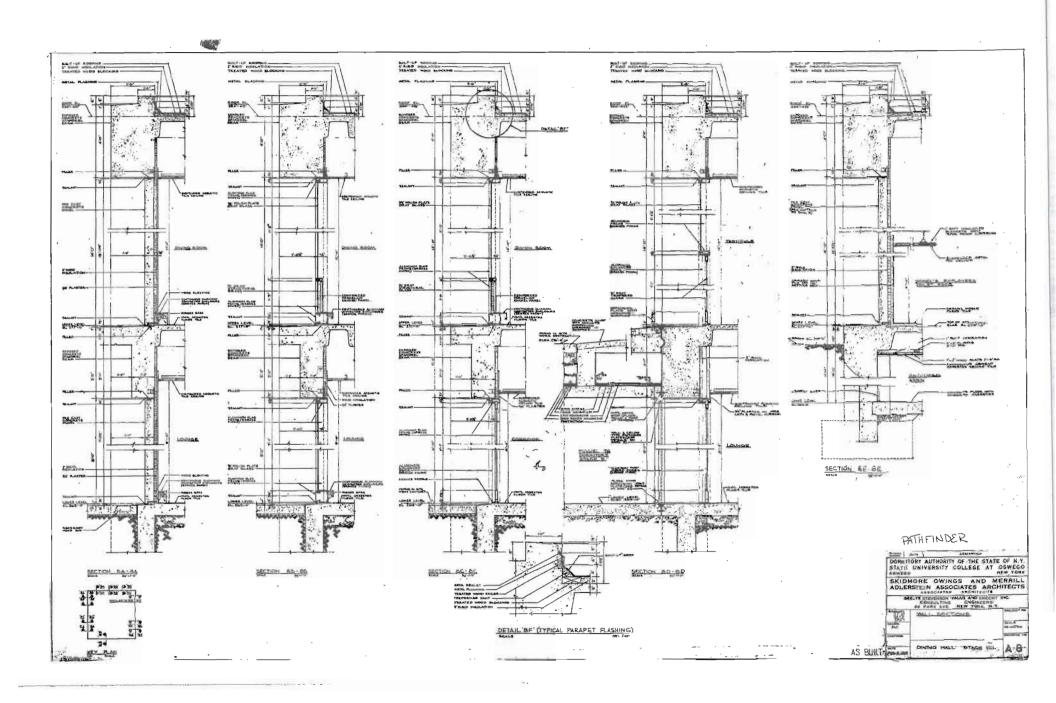
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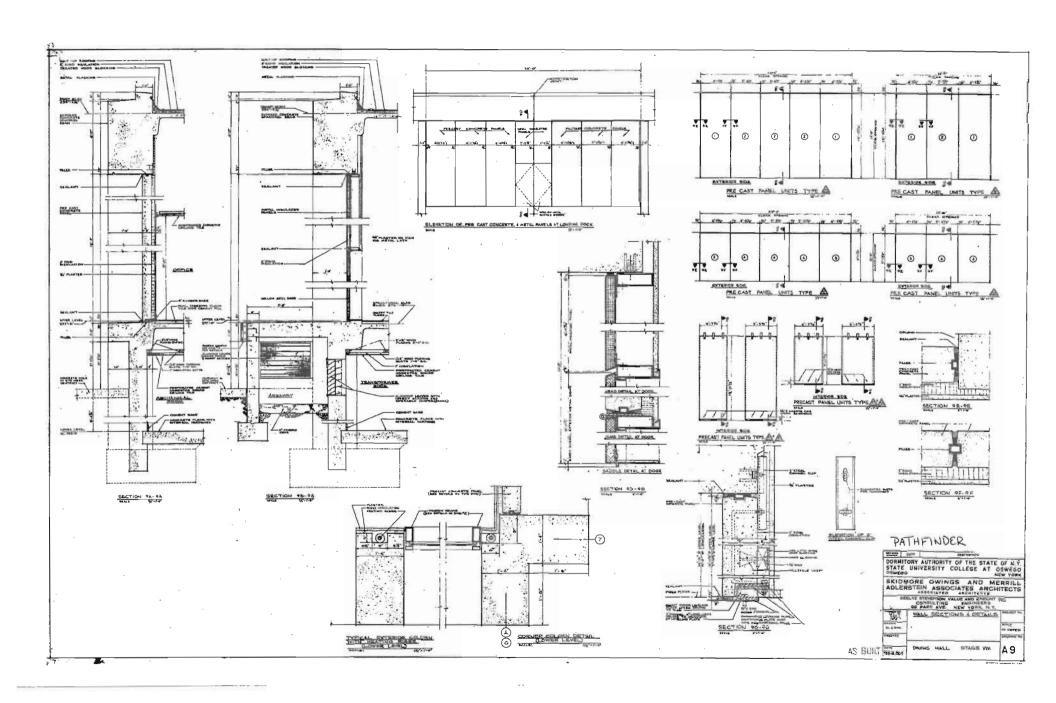
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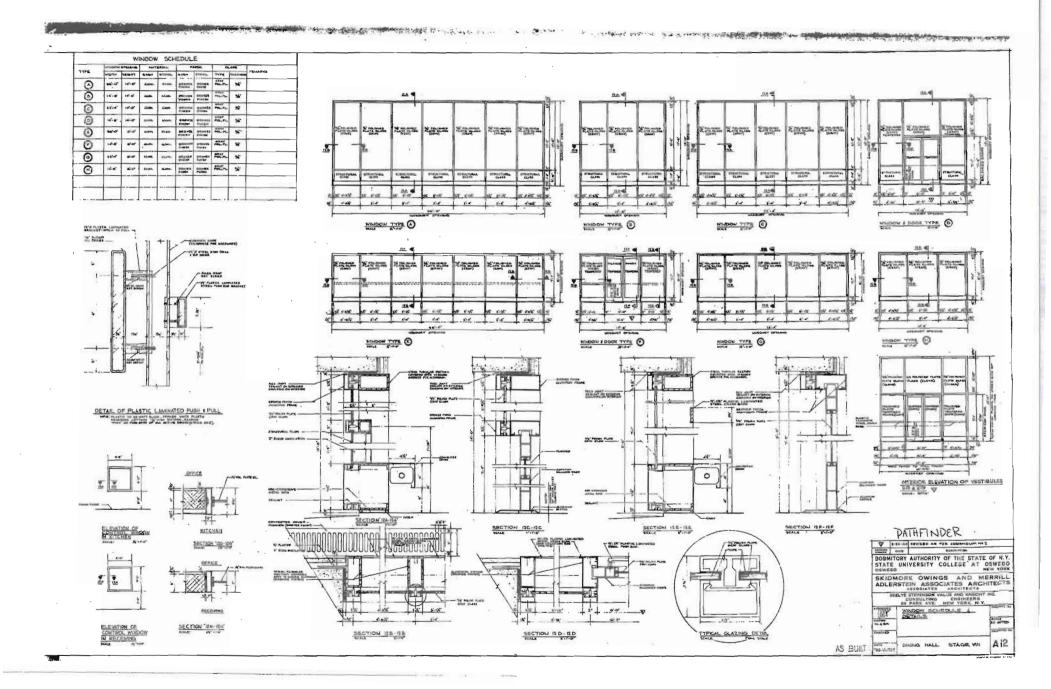
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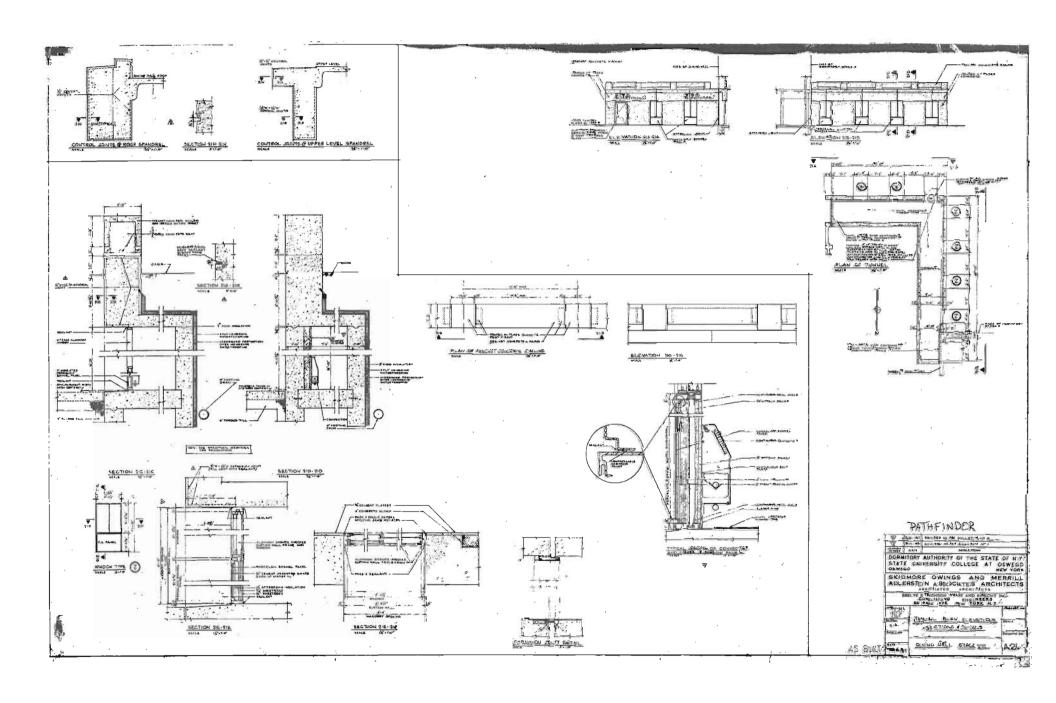
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LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

Littlepage Asbestos Samples

Sort by	ACM
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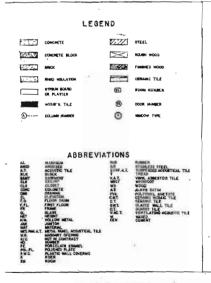
	Te:	Area			[:	479]
	North Serving Line	Floor	Black Mastic Under 9x9 Tiles	<1	Chrysotile		\$- <u>100</u>
	North Center	Floor	Black Mastic Under Tiles	66.7	Chrysotile		2008
	East Wall	Floor	12x12 Crème Floor Tile	60.1	Chrysotile		2008
1	Exhaust Hood Above Ceiling	Ceiling	Insulation	60	Chrysotile	Friable	1987
- i	Kitchen, Main Exhaust Duct	Duct	Insulation	60	Chrysotile	Friable	1987
	Hallway	Pipe	Mud Fitting - Grey	50	Chrysotile	Thable	2004
0.00.10	South Serving Line	Floor	Black Mastic	50	Chrysotile		2008
	North Center	Floor	12x12 Gray Tile	25	Chrysotile	·	2008
	East Wall	Floor	Black Mastic Under Tiles	20	Chrysotile		2008
Ground	Tunnel From Onondaga	Floor	Tile - White	15	Chrysotile		2004
	Tunnel From Oneida	Ceiling	Textured Plaster - White	10	Chrysotile	- .	2004
	Tunnel From Oneida	Ceiling	Textured Plaster - White	10	Chrysotile		2004
	Tunnel From Onondaga	Ceiling	Textured Plaster - White	10	Chrysotile		2004
	Tunnel From Onondaga	Ceiling	Textured Plaster - White	10	Chrysotile		2004
1	Main Dining Room	Ceiling	Tile	. 0	Chrysothe		1986
1	Kitchen, Exhaust Hood	Ceiling	Tile - Grey	0	 		1987
Ground	Hallway	Ceiling	SAT - White	0	 		2004
	Fitness Center, W. Side	Ceiling	SAT - Tectum	0	1		2004
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Floor	Rubber Flooring - Grey	0	 		2004
	Tunnel From Oneida	Floor	Glue - Tan	0	 		2004
Ground	Tunnel From Onondaga	Floor	Mastic - Black	0	1		2004
Exterior		Wall	Caulk Between Wall Joints	0	1	NOB	2004
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Wali	Plaster Top Coat - White	0			2004
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Wall	Plaster Top Coat - White	0			2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Top Coat - White	0	 		2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Top Coat - White	0			2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Top Coat - White	0	+		2004
	Tunnel From Onondaga	Wali	Plaster Top Coat - White	0	 		2004
Ground	Tunnel From Onondaga	Wall	Plaster Top Coat - White	0	 		2004
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0	1		2004
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0	 		2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0			2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0			2004
Ground	Hallway	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0			2004
Ground	Tunnel From Onondaga	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0			2004
Ground	Tunnel From Onondaga	Wall	Plaster Substrate - Grey	0			2004
	Tunnel From Oneida	Wall	Cove Molding - Black	0	 		2004

O CERTIFICATION Samples

		, and		1		cl₂∞.	
10.00	NOOTH-				Trice:	2010	J.C. E
Ground	Tunnel From Oneida	Wall	Cove Molding Mastic - Lt. Brown	0			2004
	Glimmerglass East Wall Center	Wall	Wall Plaster - Multicolored	0			2005
	Glimmerglass NE Corner	Wall	Wall Plaster - White	0			2005
	Glimmerglass Fitness Center	Wall	Wall Plaster - White/Blue	0			2006
1	Main Dining Room	Wall	Plaster - Multi	0			2006
1	Main Dining Room	Wall	Plaster - Multi	0			2006
1	Main Dining Room	Wall	Plaster - White/Blue	0			2006
1	North Entry	Floor	Floor Filler	0			2009
1	Center North Service Line	Floor	Floor Filler	0			2009
1	Between East Stairwells	Floor	Floor Filler	0			2009
1	Center Dining Room	Floor	Floor Filler	0			2009
1	NE Corner Serivce Line	Floor	Floor Filler	0		-	2009
1	NE Serving Track	Floor	Floor Filler	0			2009
1 .	SW Dining Hall	Floor	Carpet Glue - Yellow	0	Ī		2009

STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AT OSWEGO OSWEGO, NEW YORK

DINING HALL BUILDING STAGE



LIST OF DRAWINGS

PLOT PLAN & TEST BORNIG LOGS LOWER LEVEL PLAN & DETAILS HOP'S LEVEL PLAN & STRANS ROOF PLAN & DETAILS ELEVATIONS ** ELEVATIONS 4.7 CROSS SECTIONS WALL SECTIONS A-8 WALL SECTIONS & DETAILS A-9 STAR PLANS SECTIONS & DETAILS Å-II FINISH SCHEDULE DOOR SCHEDULE & DETAILS WINDOW SCHEDULE & DETAILS 412 TOPLET PLANS, ELEVATIONS & DETAILS LOWER LEVEL REFLECTED CELLING PLAN & INTERIOR ELEVATIONS A-14 UPPER LEVEL REPLECTED CEILING PLAN & INTERKR ELEVATIONS A-15 MISCELLANEUUS DETARS A-16 FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT PLAN A. TR FOOD MINVICE EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE & ELEVATIONS FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS A-19 FOOD SERVICE FOURMENT ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS A-20 TURNEL PLAN, ELEVATIONS, SECTIONS & DETAILS

FOUNDATION PLAN 8-2 UPPER LEVEL FRANCIS PLAN ROOF FRANKO ST AN GENERAL NOTES, TYPICAL DETAILS B COLUMN SCHEDULE HEATING, VENTILATING B AIR CONDITIONING MAC-I LOWER LEVEL PLAN WHELE HOPER I SUFE OLAN HAC-3 MECHANICAL & FAX ROOM OFTAILE HARC-4 SCHEDULES & DETAILS PLUMBING P-I LOWER LEVEL PLAN UPPER LEVEL PLAN ROOF PLAN P. . KITCHEN PLAN RISER DIAGRAM & DETAILS ELECTRICAL E-1 LOWER LEVEL PLAN UPPER LEVEL PLAN KITCHEN POWER PLANT RISER DIASRAM, SCHEDULES & TYMBOLS

STRUCTURAL

SKIDMORE, OWINGS & MERRILL ADLERSTEIN ASSOCIATES ARCHITECTS ASSOCIATED ARCHITECTS

SEELYE STEVENSON VALUE & KNECHT INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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CLIFTON C PLATHER

RUSSELL W. SCOFIELD HOMER H. WOODS DAVID F. DEVINE CHARLES A BRIND

TREASURER

ARCHITECTURAL

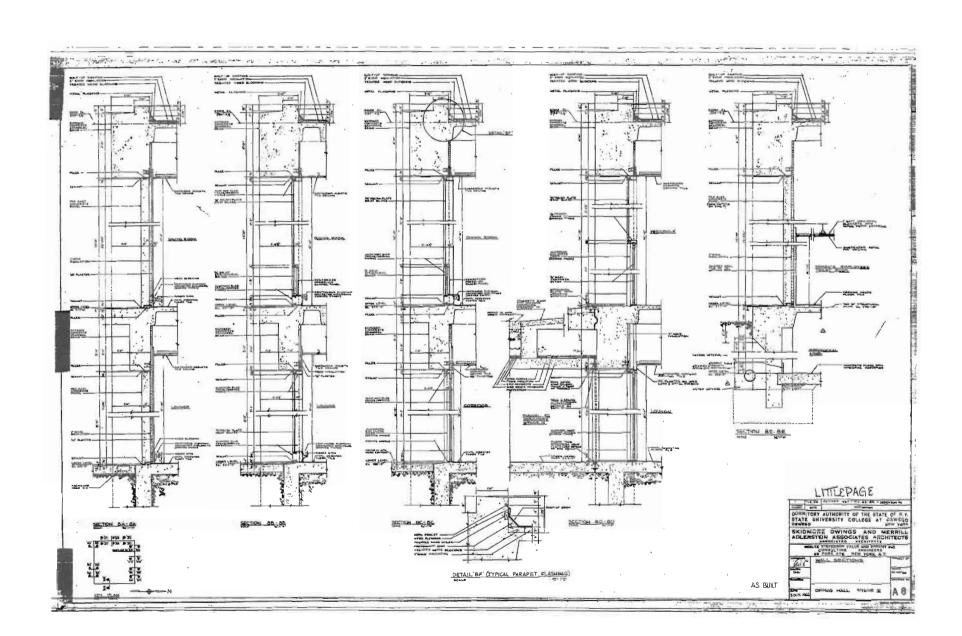
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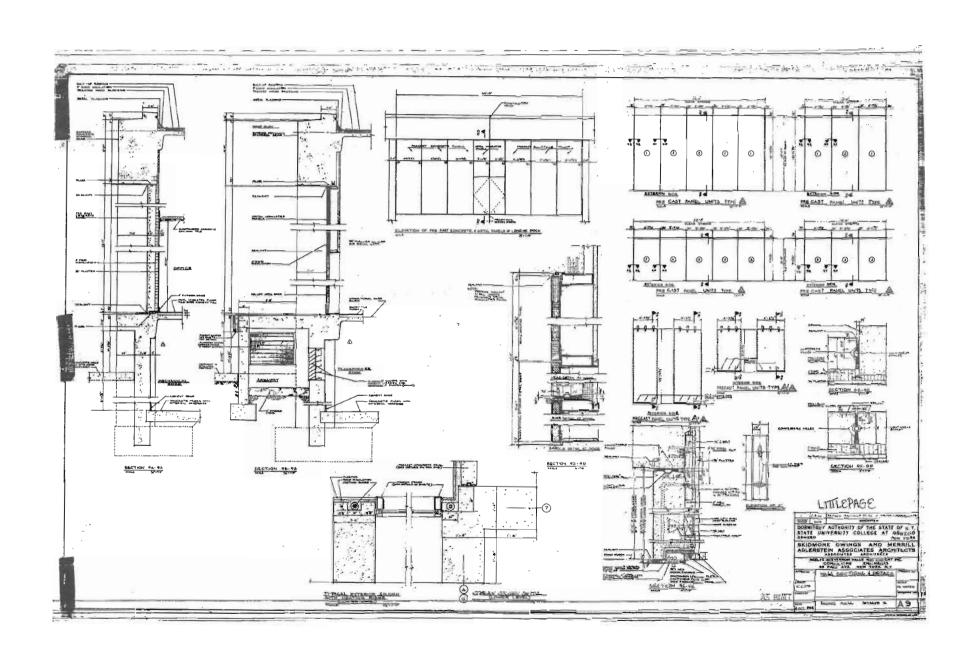
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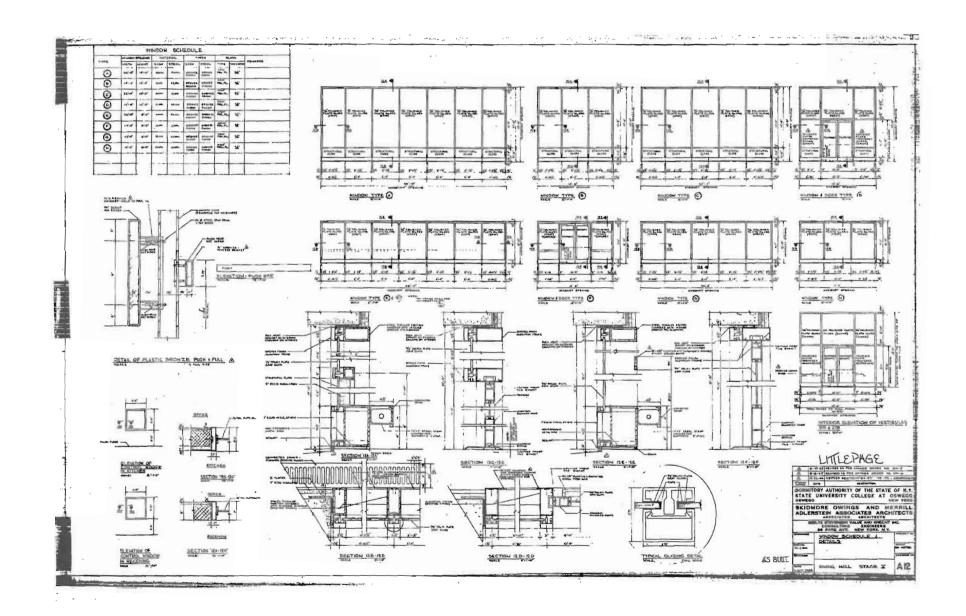
STATE COMPTROLLER PRESIDENT, STATE UNIVERSITY

APPROVED AUTHOR TO THE STATE OF

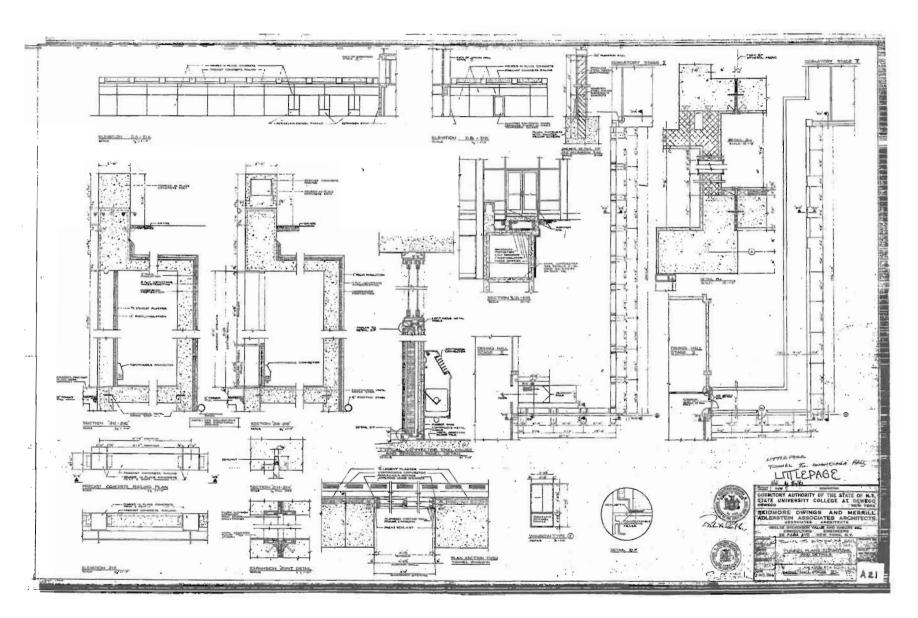
LITTLE PAGE







DINING HALL



ATTACHMENT C

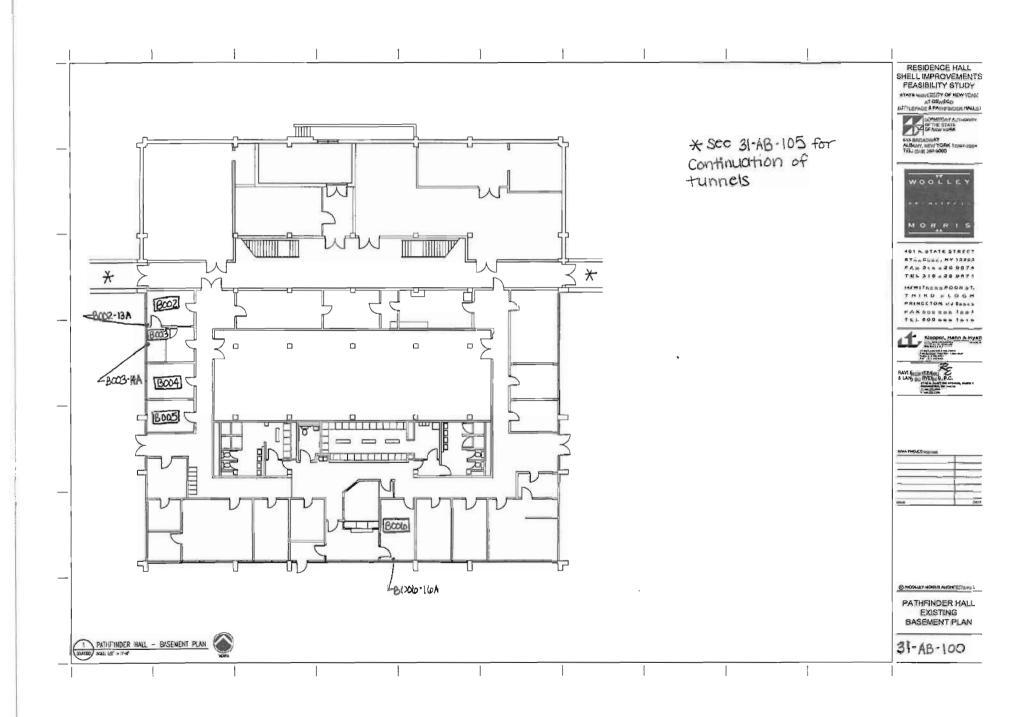
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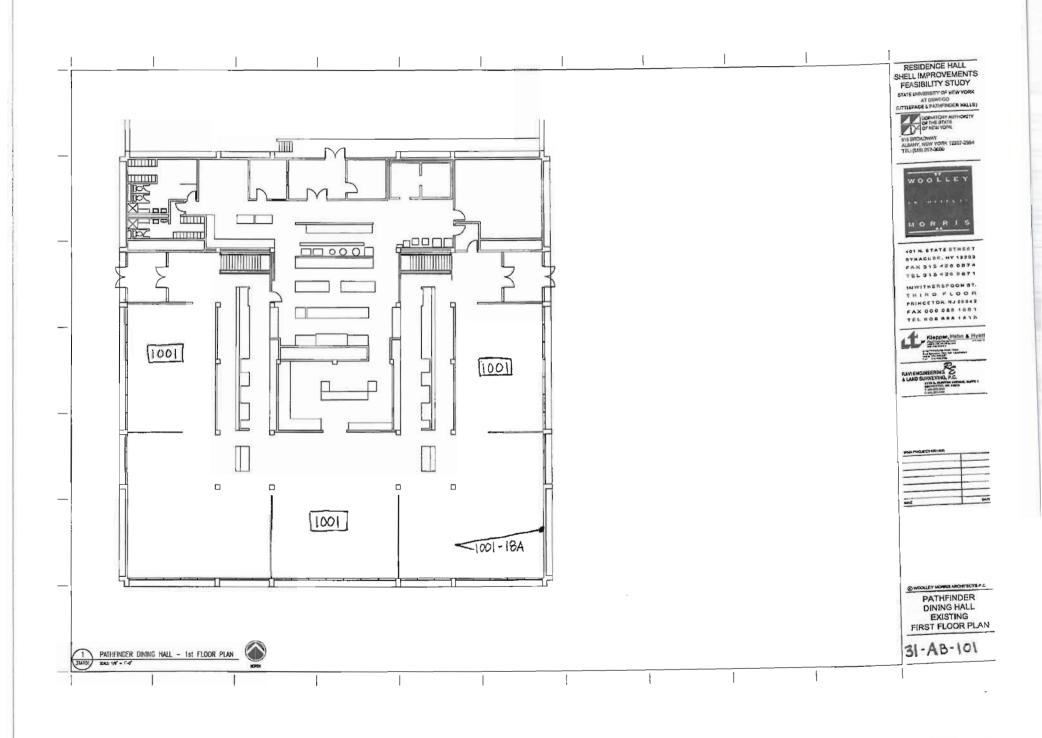
ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

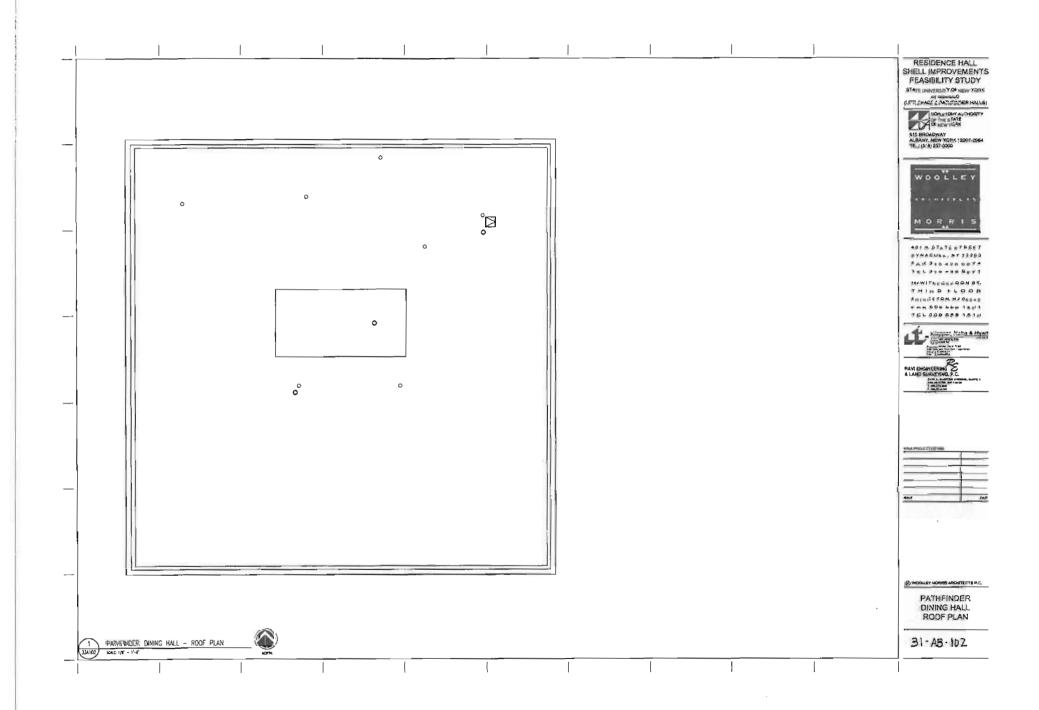
PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

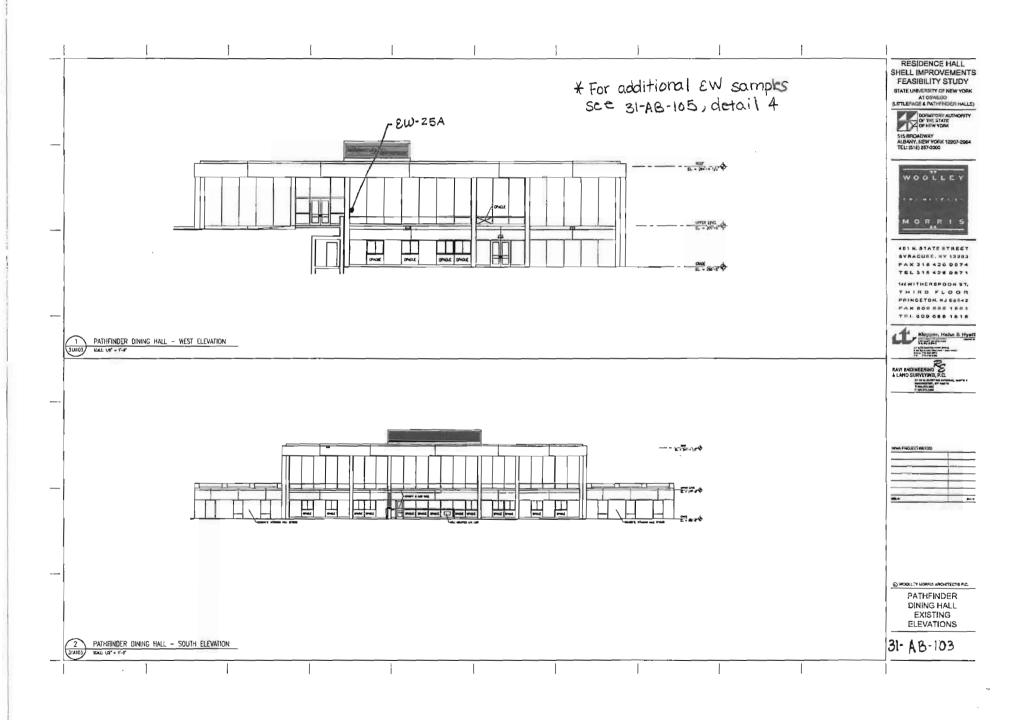
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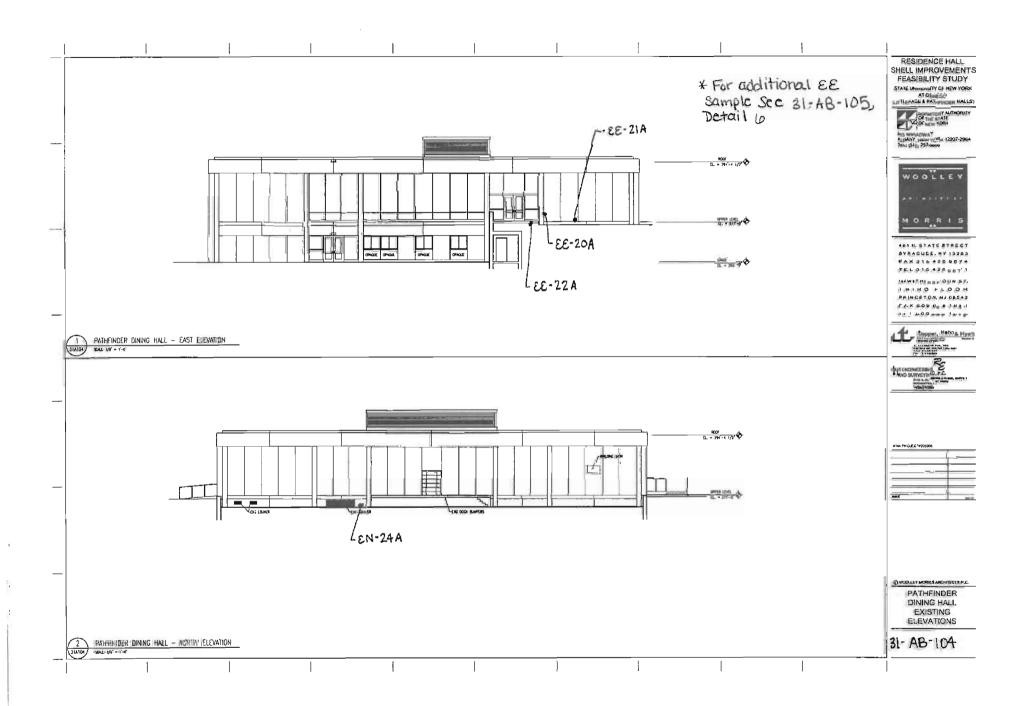
PATHFINDER DINING HALL

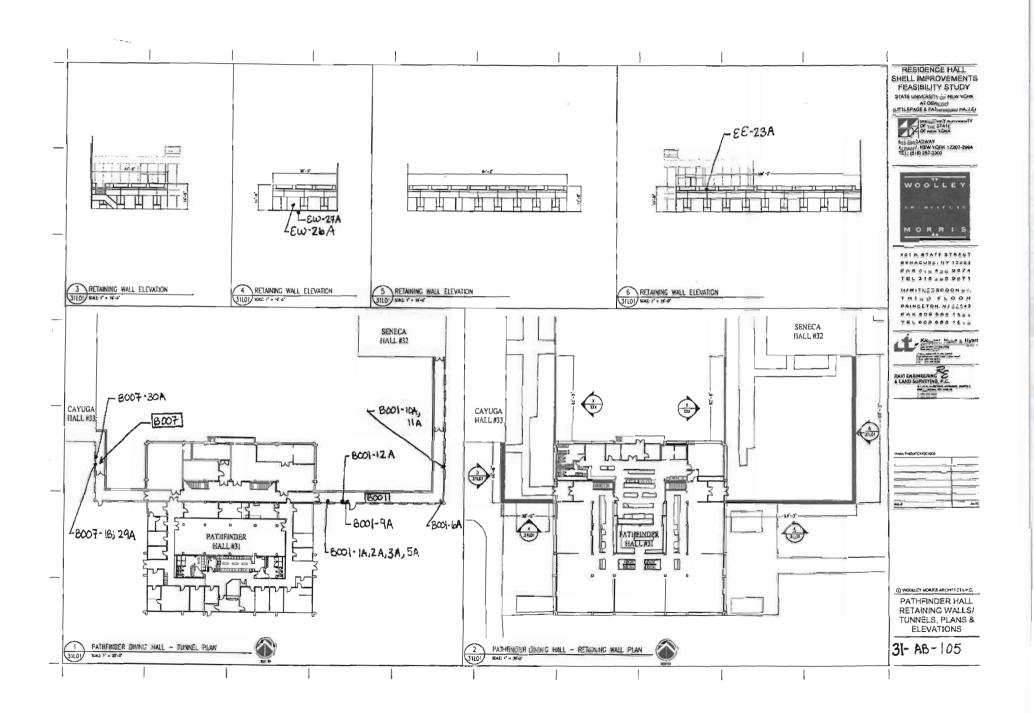




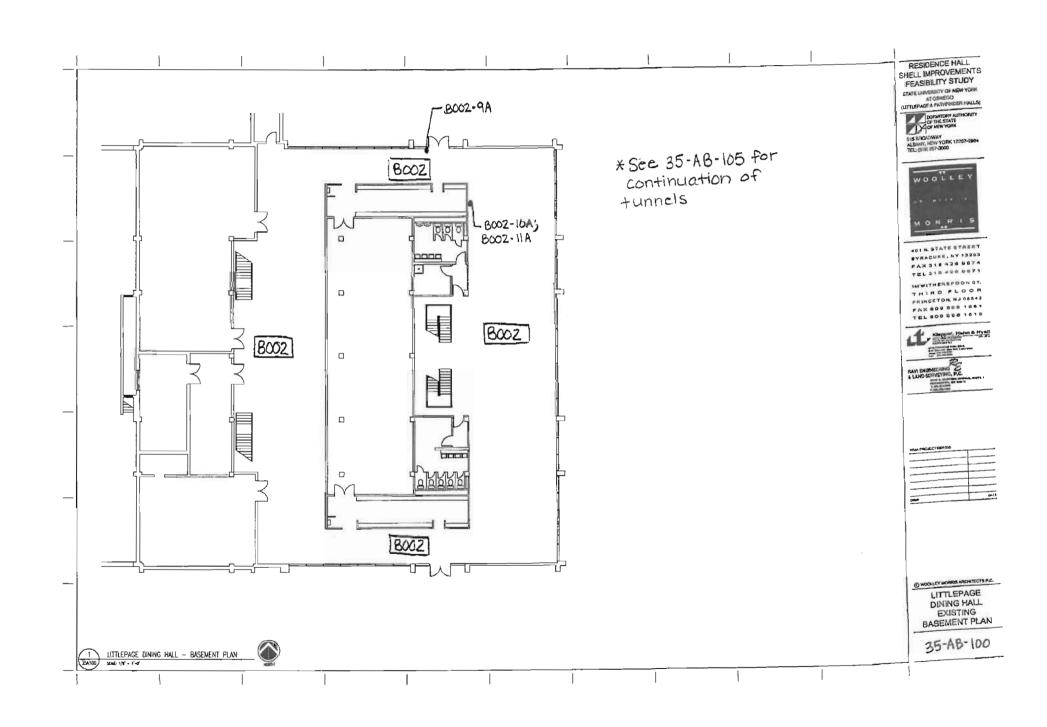








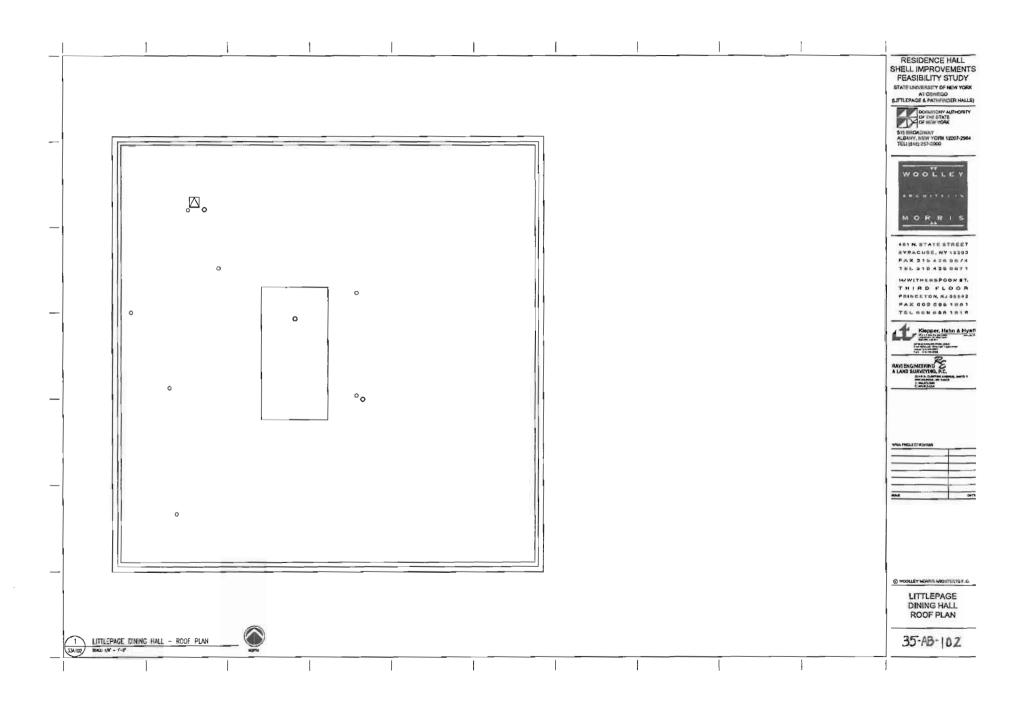
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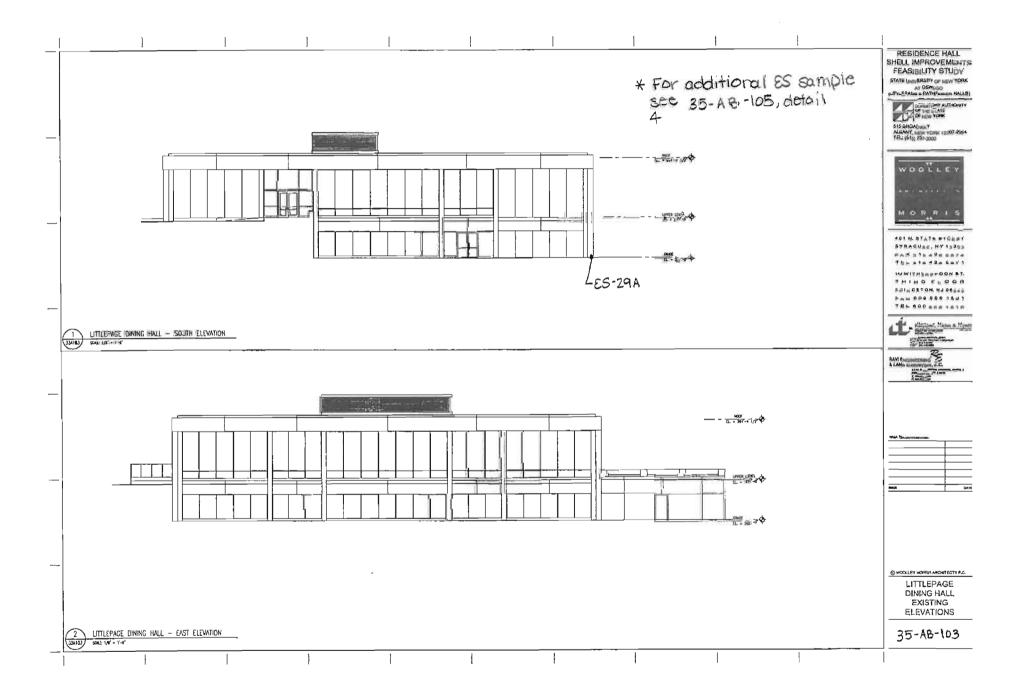


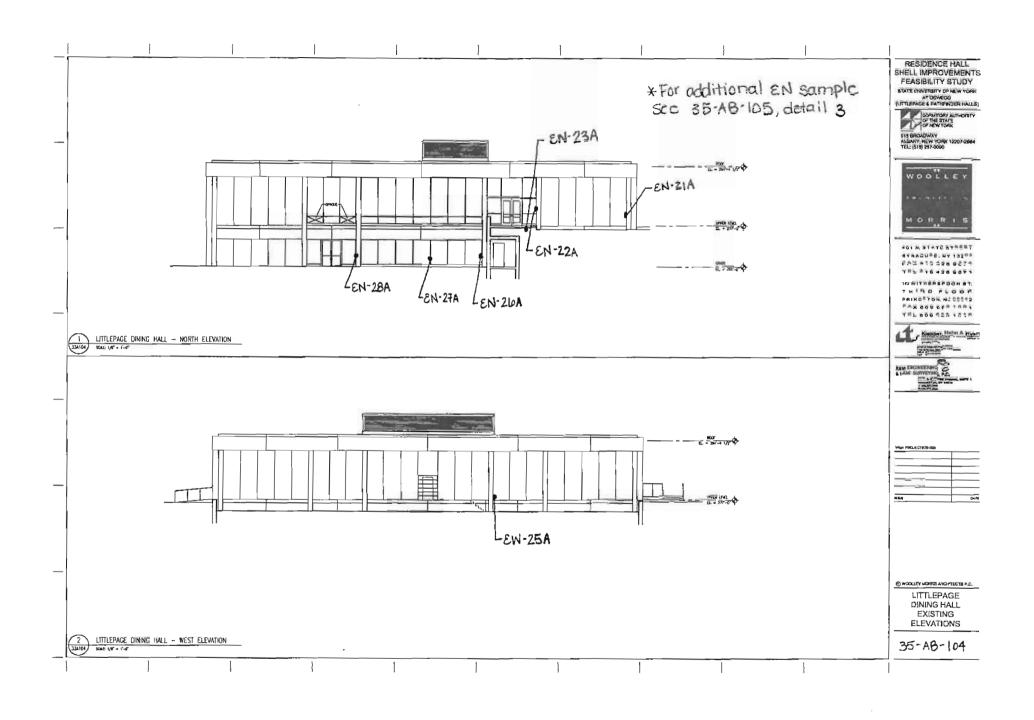
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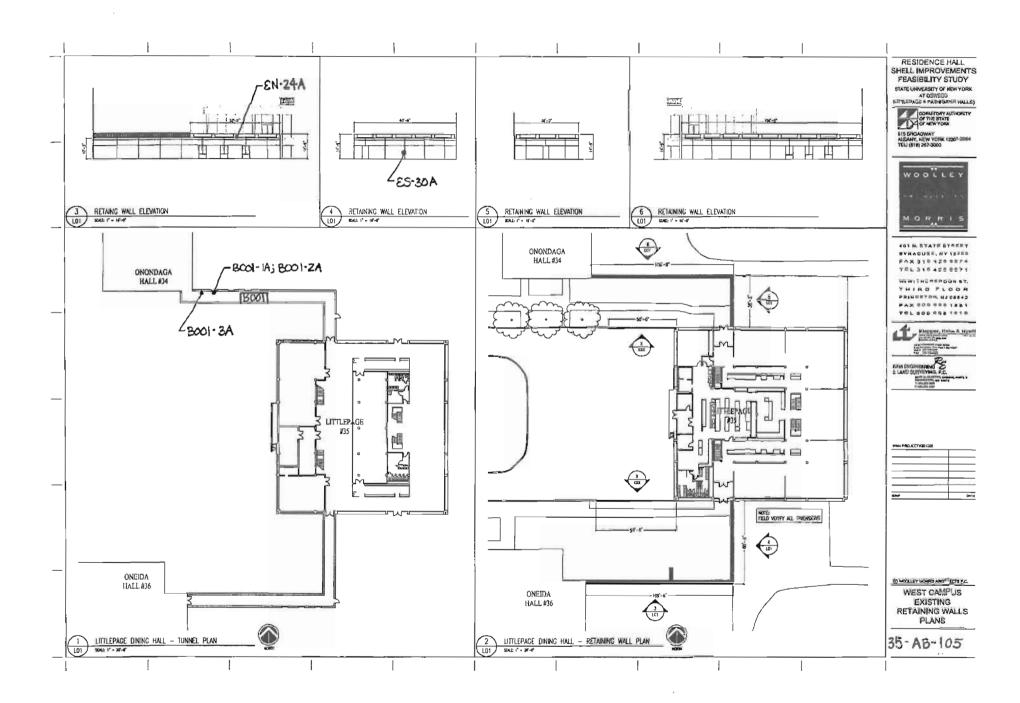
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(UTT DOR LITTORY ALTHORITY
OF THE STATE
OF HEM YORK 515 BROADWAY ALBANY, NEW YORK 12207-2564 TEI+ (518) 263-3000 41001-18A WOOLLEY 1001 ART M. ST. TE STREET -YMACUS . MY 13203 FAX 319 426 9874 YEL 318 450 9871 WWITHEREPOONST. THIRD PLOOR PRINCETON NJ DESA 2 SAX 008 000 1001 000 4 KARDEN HADA AND THE 1001 RAYI ENGINEERING & -1001-20A I 1001 LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL EXISTING FIRST FLOOR PLAN 1 LETLEPAGE INNING HALL - 151 FLOOR PLAN 35-AB-101









ATTACHMENT D

Analytical Reports, Chain of Custody Forms, Bulk Sample Logs

ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#116504; JDE# 2938509999

PATHFINDER DINING HALL



AmeriSci New York

117 EAST 30TH STREET NEW YORK, NY 10016 TEL: (212) 679-8600 • FAX: (212) 679-9392

November 2, 2010

Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. Attn: Jim Mussgnug 2110 S. Clinton Avenue Suite 1 Rochester, NY 14618

RE: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Job Number 210104309

P.O. #40-10-066

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York

13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

Dear Jim Mussgnug:

Enclosed are the results of Asbestos Analysis - Bulk Protocol of the following Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. samples, received at AmeriSci on Thursday, October 28, 2010, for a 5 day turnaround:

B001-1A, B001-2A, B001-3A, B001-5A, B001-6A, B001-9A, B001-10A, B001-11A, B001-12A, B002-13A, B003-14A, B006-16A, 1001-18A, EE-20A, EE-21A, EE-22A, EE-23A, EE-24A, EN-25A, EW-26A, EW-27A, B007-1B, B007-29A, B007-30A

The 24 samples, placed in Zip Lock Bag, were shipped to AmeriSci via UPS. Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. requested ELAP PLM/TEM analysis of these samples.

The results of the analyses which were performed following ELAP Protocols 198.1 PLM Friable and/or 198.6 for PLM NOB. ELAP Protocol 198.4 TEM NOB guidelines are presented within the Summary Table of this report. The presence of matrix reduction data in the Summary Table normally indicates an NOB sample. For NOB samples the individual matrix reduction, combined PLM and TEM analysis results are listed in the Summary Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results in Table I. Complete PLM results for individual samples are presented in the PLM Bulk Asbestos Report. This combined report relates ONLY to sample analysis expressed as percent composition by weight and percent asbestos. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement or approval by these laboratories, NVLAP, ELAP or any other associated agency. The National Institute of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements, mandates that this report must not be reproduced, except in full without the written approval of the laboratory. This report may contain specific data not covered by NVLAP or ELAP accreditations respectively, if so identified in relevant footnotes.

AmeriSci appreciates this opportunity to serve your organization. Please contact us for any further assistance or with any questions.

Sincerely,

Paul J. Mucha Laboratory Director



AmeriSci New York

117 EAST 30TH ST. NEW YORK, NY 10016 TEL: (212) 679-8600 • FAX: (212) 679-3114

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

Date Examined 11/01/10

Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C Date Received

10/28/10

AmeriSci Job #

210104309

Attn: Jim Mussgnug

ELAP#

11480

P.O. # Page

1 of

Suite 1

Rochester, NY 14618

2110 S. Clinton Avenue

RE: 40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall;

SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #:

40-102-01

	GA Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
B001-1A 1	210104309-01 Location: Tunnel To Seneca - White Plaster Wa	No all Top Coat	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos	iption: White, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma Types: _I terial: Non-fibrous 100 %	terial	
B001-2A	210104309-02	No	NAD
2	Location: Tunnel To Seneca - Brown Plaster W	all Substrate	(by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos	iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Cementit Types: Iterial: Non-fibrous 100 %	ious, Bulk Material	
B001-3A	210104309-03	No	NAD
3	Location: Tunnel To Seneca - Grey Drywall Wa	ill	(by NYS ELAP 198.1)
			by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Analyst Descr Asbestos	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk N		by David W. Roderick
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk N Types:		by David W. Roderick
Analyst Descr Asbestos	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk M Types: aterial: Cellulose 70 %, Non-fibrous 30 %	//aterial	by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 23.5 % (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma B001-5A 5 Analyst Descr Asbestos	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk M Types: aterial: Cellulose 70 %, Non-fibrous 30 % 210104309-04	//aterial Yes	by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 23.5 % (by NYS ELAP 198.1)
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma B001-5A 5 Analyst Descr Asbestos	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk Marypes: aterial: Cellulose 70 %, Non-fibrous 30 % 210104309-04 Location: Tunnel To Seneca - Cement Board iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Fibrous, Cementitious Types: Chrysotile 23.5 %	//aterial Yes	by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 23.5 % (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma B001-5A 5 Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	iption: Brown/Grey, Heterogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk Marypes: aterial: Cellulose 70 %, Non-fibrous 30 % 210104309-04 Location: Tunnel To Seneca - Cement Board iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Fibrous, Cementitious Types: Chrysotile 23.5 % aterial: Non-fibrous 76.5 %	Yes Bulk Material	by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 23.5 % (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10

Page 2 of 5

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

Client No. / HG	La La	b No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
B001-9A 9				
Asbestos Ty	ion: OffWhite, Homogeneous, No pes: rial: Non-fibrous 45.5 %	on-Fibrous, Bulk	Material	
B001-10A	2101	04309-07	No	NAD
10	Location: Tunnel To Seneca - I			(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Black, Homogeneous, Non-f pes: rial: Non-fibrous 50.4 %	Fibrous, Bulk Mat	erial	
B001-11A	2101	04309-08	No	NAD
11	Location: Tunnel To Seneca -	Chacolate Brown	Crumbly CMM	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Brown, Homogeneous, Non- pes: rial: Non-fibrous 43.2 %	Fibrous, Bulk Ma	aterial	
B001-12A		04309-09		e (<0.25 % pc)
12	Location: Tunnel To Seneca - Caulk	Interior Caulk - O	riginal Grey / Brown, Crumbly Window	(ELAP 198.6; 400pc) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Brown/Grey, Homogeneous pes: Chrysotile <0.25 % pc rial: Non-fibrous 21.8 %	, Non-Fibrous, Bi	ılk Material	
B002-13A	2101	04309-10	No	NAD
13	Location: Room In University F	Police - Interior C	aulk - White, Flexible Window Caulk	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: White, Homogeneous, Non- pes: rial: Non-fibrous 2 %	Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	
B003-14A	2101	04309-11	No	NAD
14	Location: Room In University F Window Caulk	Police Station - In	terior Caulk - Block, Semi-Sticky	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	tion: Black, Homogeneous, Non- pes: rial: Non-fibrous 5.9 %	Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

Client No. / HG/	La La	b No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
B006-16A 16		04309-12 Police Station - Inte	No erior Caulk - Blue, Flexible, Sticky	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Blue, Homogeneous, Non-Fi nes: rial: Non-fibrous 2.5 %	brous, Bulk Mater	ial	
1001-18A	2101	04309-13	No	NAD
18	Location: Main Cafeteria Eating			(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Black, Homogeneous, Non-F pes: rial: Non-fibrous 28.8 %	Fibrous, Bulk Mate	rial	
EE-20A	2101	04309-14	No	NAD
20	Location: Exterior East - Exterior	W		(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Tan, Homogeneous, Non-Fil pes: rial: Non-fibrous 9.5 %	brous, Bulk Materi	al	
EE-21A		04309-15	No	NAD
21	Location: Exterior East - Exteri	or Caulk Light Gre	ey, Flexible	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-F pes: rial: Non-fibrous 5.5 %	ibrous, Bulk Mate	rial	
EE-22A	2101	04309-16	No	NAD
22	Location: Exterior East - Exteri	or Caulk - Mediun	n Grey, Flexible Seam Caulk	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	tion: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-F pes: rial: Non-fibrous 11.7 %	Fibrous, Bulk Mate	rial	
EE-23A		04309-17	No	NAD
23	Location: Exterior East - Exteri	ior Caulk - Dark G	rey, Flexible, Smooth	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	tion: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-F pes: erial: Non-fibrous 3.9 %	Fibrous, Bulk Mate	rial	

Page 4 of 5

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

	SA .	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
EE-24A 24	Location: Exterior North	210104309-18 n - Exterior Caulk - Med	No / Dark Grey, Flexible Caulk	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos T	otion: Grey, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 14.5 %	, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	terial	0111701710
EN-25A		210104309-19	Yes	Trace (<0.25 % pc)
25	Location: Exterior Wes		mely Sticky Window Caulk	(ELAP 198.6; 400pc) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos 7	otion: Grey, Homogeneous ypes: Chrysotile <0.25 % terial: Non-fibrous 10.4 %		terial	
EW-26A		210104309-20	No	NAD
26	Location: Exterior Wes	t - Tan Surfacing Efis Co	pat	(by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
•	ption: Grey, Homogeneous	, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	terial	
Asbestos 1 Other Ma	ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 100 %			
Other Ma		210104309-21	No	NAD
	terial: Non-fibrous 100 %		No eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri	terial: Non-fibrous 100 % Location: Exterior Wes ption: Grey, Homogeneous	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1 Other Ma	Location: Exterior Wes	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk terial	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri	Location: Exterior Wes	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle , Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar 210104309-22	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk terial	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1 Other Ma B007-1B 1 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1	Location: Exterior Wes ption: Grey, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 24.6 % Location: Tunnel To Ca	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle , Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar 210104309-22 ayuga - White Plaster W	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk terial No /all Top Coat	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1 Other Ma B007-1B 1 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1	Location: Exterior Wes ption: Grey, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 24.6 % Location: Tunnel To Ca ption: White, Homogeneous ypes:	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle , Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar 210104309-22 ayuga - White Plaster W	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk terial No /all Top Coat	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick
Other Ma EW-27A 27 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1 Other Ma B007-1B 1 Analyst Descri Asbestos 1 Other Ma	Location: Exterior Wes ption: Grey, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 24.6 % Location: Tunnel To Ca ption: White, Homogeneous ypes:	t - Exterior Caulk - Battle , Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar 210104309-22 ayuga - White Plaster Was, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar 210104309-23	eship Grey, Semi-Flexible Caulk terial No /all Top Coat aterial	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Page 5 of 5

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

Client No. / HO	A Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
B007-30A	210104309-24	No	NAD
30	Location: Tunnel To Cayuga - Eight Grey Dryw	all Wall	(by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Analyst Descrip Asbestos T	ption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma ypes:	terial	
Other Material: Cellulose 2 %, Non-fibrous 98 %			

Reporting Notes:

Analyzed by: David W. Roderick

*NAD/NSD =no asbestos deteated; NA =not analyzed; NA/PS=not analyzed/positive stop; PLM Bulk Asbestos Analysis by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR 763 (NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0), ELAP PLM Method 198.1 for NY friable samples or 198.6 for NOB samples (NY ELAP Lab ID11480); Note:PLM is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. NAD or Trace results by PLM are inconclusive, TEM is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non asbestos-containing in NY State (also see EPA Advisory for floor tile,FR 59,146,38970,8/1/94). National Institute of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements mandate that this report must not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the lab. This PLM report relates ONLY to the items tested. AIHA Laby# 102843.

Reviewed By: ______END OF REPORT_____

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Table I Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

meriSci sample#	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Welght (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Soluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Norl-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM/DS	** Asbestoe % b
01	B001-1A	1		_		<u> </u>	NAD	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - White P	Plaster Wall Top	p Coat					
02	B001-2A	2	_		_		NAD	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Brown F	Plaster Wall Su	bstrate					
03	B001-3A	3		_		_	NAD	NA.
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Grey Dr	rywall Wall						
04	B001-5A	5		_	_		Chrysotile 23.5	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Cement	t Board						
0 5	B001-6A	6		_	_	_	Chrysotile < 0.25	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - White C	eiling Plaster T	Top Coat					
06	B001-9A	9	0.444	34.9	19.6	45.5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Interior	Caulk - Tan Cr	umbly Original (Caulk				
07	B001-10A	10	0.504	42.1	7.5	50.4	NAD	NAD
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Black C	ove Molding						
80	B001-11A	11	0.407	49.9	6.9	43.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Chacola	ate Brown Crun	nbly CMM					
09	B001-12A	12	0.827	38.0	40.3	21.7	Chrysotile < 0.25	Chrysotile Trace
Location:	Tunnel To Seneca - Interior	Caulk - Origina	l Grey / Brown,	Crumbly Window	Caulk			
10	B002-13A	13	0.298	32,9	65.1	2.0	. NAD	NAD
Location:	Room In University Police -	Interior Caulk -	White, Flexible	Window Caulk				
11	B003-14A	14	0.555	57.3	36.8	5.9	NAD	NAD
Location:	Room In University Police S	tation - Interior	Caulk - Block,	Semi-Sticky Windo	w Caulk			
12	B006-16A	16	0.160	74.4	23.1	2.5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Room In University Police S	tation - Interior	Caulk - Blue, F	lexible, Sticky				
13	1001-18A	18	0.379	62.5	8.7	28.8	NAD	NAD
Location:	Main Cafeteria Eating Area -	- Black, Sticky l	FT Mastic					
14	EE-20A	20	0.484	43.0	47.5	9.5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior East - Exterior Cauli	k Light Grey, F	lexible					
15	EE-21A	21	0.402	59.7	34.8	5.5	NAD	NAD
	Exterior East - Exterior Caul							
16	EE-22A	22	0.333	72. 4	15.9	11.7	NAD	NAD

See Reporting notes on last page

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AmeriSci Job #: 210104309

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Page 2 of 2

Table I Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At PATHFINDER Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01

AmeriSci Sample #	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Soluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM/DS	** Asbestos % by TEM
17	EE-23A	23	0.355	72.1	23.9	3.9	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior East - Exterior Caull	c - Dark Grey,	Flexible, Smooti	h				
18	EE-24A	24	0.220	73.6	11.8	14.5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North - Exterior Cau	lk - Med / Dark	Grey, Flexible	Caulk				
19	EN-25A	25	0.299	55.2	34.4	8.8	Chrysotile <0.25	Chrysotile 1.6
Location:	Exterior West - Exterior Caul	k - Extremely	Sticky Window (Caulk				•
20	EW-26A	26				****	NAD	NA
Location:	Exterior West - Tan Surfacing	g Efis Coat						
21	EW-27A	27	0.448	50.4	25.0	24.6	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior West - Exterior Caul	k - Battleship (Grey, Semi-Flex	ible Caulk				
22	B007-1B	1					NAD	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Cayuga - White Pi	aster Wall Top	Coat					
23	B007-29A	29			_		NAD	NA
Location: 1	Tunnel To Cayuga - Grey Pla	ster Wall Subs	strate					
24	B007-30A	30			_		NAD	NA
Location:	Tunnel To Cayuga - Eight Gr	ey Drywall Wa	I					

Analyzed by: Madell E. Collins Madel & Lace ; Date Analyzed 11/2/2010

Warning Note: PLM limitation, only TEM will resolve fibers <0.25 micrometers in diameter. TEM bulk analysis is representative of the fine grained matrix material and may not be representative of non-uniformly dispersed debris for which PLM evaluation is recommended (i.e. soils and other heterogenous materials).

Reviewed By: Yalfle

^{**}Quantitative Analysis (Semi/Full); Bulk Asbestos Analysis - PLM by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR or ELAP 198.1 for New York friable samples or ELAP 198.6 for New York NOB samples; TEM (Semi/Full) by EPA 600/R-93/116 (not covered by NVLAP Bulk accreditation); or ELAP 198.4 for New York samples; NAD = no asbestos detected during a quantitative analysis; NA = not analyzed; Trace = <1%; Quantitation for beginning weights of <0.1 grams should be considered as qualitative only; Qualitative Analysis: Asbestos analysis results of "Present" or "NVA = No Visible Asbestos" represents results for Qualitative PLM or TEM Analysis only (no accreditation coverage available from any regulatory agency for qualitative analyses); AIHA Lab # 102843, NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0, NYSDOH ELAP LAB ID 11480.

Relingi	ished By: Mega	n. Markan) Date (T	ime: 10/27/10; 1600			AMPLE SHEET
Per	eived By:	Date T	ime: 10/28 1018	<u></u>		Sci New York
				AMERI SCI		ist 30 th Street ork, NY 10016
Kelinqu	ished By:	Date/T	Ime:		Phone:	(212) 679-8600
1500	Tark Lancon					212) 679-9392 E: (800) 705-5227
Rec	eived By:	Date/Ti	me:			meriSci.com
Compan	y: RAVI ENGINEERING & LAND SURVEYING	S C PRC	Project: Asbestos I Feasibility Study at Hall, SUNY Oswego	PATHFINDER Dining	SCILAB #: PAYI PHASE #: 40-102-01	
Street A	ddress: 2110 S. CLIN	TON AVENUE, SUITE 1	Project Address: O	swego, New York 13126	Proje	ect #: 40-10-066
City: Ro	CHESTER Sta	te: NY Zip: 14618	Project Manager: C			ect State: NY
	585-223-3660 Cregan@ravieng.co	Fax: 585-223-4250 Verbal Results: Y N	Analysis:PLM C ASTM Dust (mi	OnlyTEM Only icrovac)ASTM Dus	XX NY ELAP PLM/TEM t (Wipe)) Other (d	
Site/Sec	ondary Fax #:		Turnaround Time:	Five (5) Day	Material Type: (X) B	ulkDust Water
-						
	to: Christine Cregan		Sampled By: MG, N	//W	Date Sampled: 10-26	-10
Special I	to: Christine Cregan Instructions or Comi		Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I	Date Sampled: 10-26 Description urface area sampled)	Homogenous Area (HA#)
Special I	nstructions or Com	ments:	Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area
Special I	Field ID 9001 - 1 A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, M	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area
Special I	Field ID 9001 - 1A 8001 - 2A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#)
Special I	Field ID 3001-1A 8001-2A 8001-3A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, M	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#)
Special I	Field ID 9001 - 1A 8001 - 2A 8001 - 3A 8001 - 3A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, M	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#) 1 2 3
Special I	Field ID 3001-1A 8001-2A 8001-3A 8001-5A 8001-6A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#)
Special I	Field ID 3001-1A 8001-2A 8001-3A 8001-5A 8001-6A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, M	Sample I	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#)
Special I	Field ID 3001-1A 8001-2A 8001-3A 8001-5A 8001-6A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I (for dust= size of s	Description	Homogenous Area (HA#)
	Field ID 3001 - 1A 8001 - 2A 8001 - 3A 8001 - 5A 8001 - 6A 8001 - 9A	ments:	Sampled By: MG, N	Sample I (for dust= size of s	Description urface area sampled)	Homogenous Area (HA#)

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Relinquished By: Megan Houball	Date/Time: 10 27 10; 1000		BULK SAMPLE SHEET AmeriSci New York
Received By: (1) Relations	Date/Time: 10/28 10/5	AMERI SCI	
Relinquished By:	Date/Time:	AMERISCI	New York, NY 10016 Phone: (212) 679-8600 Fax: (212) 679-9392
Received By:	Date/Time:		TOLL FREE: (800) 705-5227 www.AmeriSci.com
Company: RAVI ENGINEERING C & LAND SURVEYING, P.C.	Project: Asbestos Pr Feasibility Study at F Hall, SUNY Oswego		SCILAB #: RAY! PHASE #: 40-102-01
Street Address: 2110 S. CLINTON AVENUE, SUITE 1	Project Address: Osv	wego, New York 13126	Project #: 40-10-066
City: ROCHESTER State: NY Zip: 14618	Project Manager: Ch	ristine Cregan	Project State: NY
Phone: 585-223-3660 Fax: 585-223-4250 EMAIL: CCREGAN@RAVIENG.COM Verbal Results: Y			XX NY ELAP PLM/TEM with NOB Prep. t (Wipe))Other (describe in comments)
Site/Secondary Fax #:	Turnaround Time: Fi	ve (5) Day	Material Type: (X) BulkDustWater
Results to: Christine Cregan	Sampled By: MG, MV	V	Date Sampled: 10-26-10
Special Instructions or Comments:			

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Field ID	Location	Sample Description (for dust=size of surface area sampled)	Homogenous Area (HA #)
8003-14A			14
	7 DICASC COO F		160
	TLEME SEE	BULL	18
EE-20A			20
88-21A	On IOI O ATTA	101	21
. A	LAMPLE NO ALLA	HC) *	22
	Ommer Dog Trilly		23
EN-24A			24
EW-25A		210104309	z 5
EW-ZUA			20
	B003-14A B006-16A L001-18A EE-Z1A EE-Z1A EE-Z3A EN-Z4A EW-Z5A	BOOD-16A 1001-16A EE-21A EE-21A EE-21A EE-22A EN-24A EW-25A	B003-14A

Rec	ished By: MYGON eived By: Del ished By:	Date/T Date/T	ime: 10/27/10', 1600 ime: 10/28 1.01 ime:	S AMERI SCI	Ameris 117 Ea New Yo Phone:	AMPLE SHEET Sci New York st 30 th Street ork, NY 10016 (212) 679-8600 212) 679-9392
Rec	eived By:	Date/T	ime:		TOLL FRE	E: (800) 705-5227 n e r i S c i . c a m
Compan	y: RAVI ENGINEERING C & LAND SURVEYING,		Project: Asbestos P Feasibility Study at Hall, SUNY Oswego	PATHFINDER Dining	Scilab #: Ravi Phase #: 40-102-01	
	ddress: 2110 S. CLIN			wego, New York 13126		ect #: 40-10-066
City: Ro	CHESTER Stat 585-223-3660	e: NY Zip: 14618 Fax: 585-223-4250	Project Manager: Ch			ect State: NY
ACCOMPANION S	CREGAN@RAVIENG.COM		Analysis:PLM Or ASTM Dust (mic	nlyTEM Only rovac) ASTM Dus	XX NY ELAP PLM/TEM t (Wipe)) Other (d	with NOB Prep. escribe in comments)
Site/Sec	ondary Fax #:		Turnaround Time: F	ive (5) Day	Material Type: (X) B	ulkDustWater
Results	to: Christine Cregan		Sampled By: MG, M	W	Date Sampled: 10-26	-10
Special I	nstructions or Comr	Location			Description urface area sampled)	Homogenous Area
	EW-27A			(ioi dust- size of s	unace area sampletr	27
	B007-18	A DI OACO	000 00	1 1/		4
	807-29A	The state of the s	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	9	10104309	29
	B007-30A	100100	000 00	D	10104000	30
		SAMPLE		ATTACHE		
						AGE 3 OF 3



Project 1	Name
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Feasibility Study at Pathfinder Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-22-10

ASBESTOS BULK-PATHFINDER DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE	LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION		NOTES	AMOUNT
B001-1A	Tunnel.	to Seneca	white ploster wall topcoat	Unda	maged		
8001-2A	"	ч	brown plaster wall substrate	·		fibrous	
B001-3A	~	'1	grey drywell wall			behind HA'S # 142	
8001-5A	N.	"	cement board			behind HA#'S 1,2,3,4	
8001-10A	~	"	white ceiling plaster topcoat				_
B001-9A	"	11	interior caulk - tan, crumply original cault	. <u> </u>		between metal/plaster ontop of radiator	
B001-10A		,,	Black Cove modin	9		210104309	
B001-11A	1		chocolate birwn, cnimbly CMM			20200	
B001-12A	,,	"	Intrior caulk-original grey/brown, crumbly window caulk			between metae/ plaster	
8002-13A	Room in L		Interior caulk - white, flexible windows cault		/	botween metal plaster	

Page	1	of	3	
_				•



Project Name:

Feasibility Study at Pathfinder Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-32-10

24

ASBESTOS BULK- PATHFINDER DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPL	E LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION		NOTES	AMOUNT
B003-14A	Room in Viviversity Police station		Interior caulk- block, semi-sticky window caulk	undamaged		between metal/ metal	
B0010-110A	w.	11	Interior caulk- blue, flexible, sticky	unda	amaged	blue from wirdow frame paint absorption	
1001-18A	main (Cafeteria Area	black sticky FT mastic	Une	damaged	under HA #17	
EE-20A		r East	Exterior caulk - tan, flexible, powders when rubbed	und	amaged	between store wall slabs	
EE-21A		И	Exterior Caulk-light grey, Flexible	16	"	cooks like a brain, gum. Like @ base of bldg.	
EE-ZZA	"	11	Exterior Caule - medium grey, flexible seam caule	C.	"	slabjoint	
EE-23A	"	/	extenor caulk-dark gray, flexible, smeeth		"	top bead of metal base board of retaining wall. east side only	
EN-24A	Exterior	North	Exterior Cowlk-med/dark grey-flexible caulk	, L	4	at base of bldg.	
EW-25A	Exterio	r West	Exterior Caulk-extremely Sticky window caulk	11	1 "		
EW-26A	"	ħ	tan surfacing efis coat	undal	maged	coat on extire bldg.	

Page 2 of 3

R	RAVI ENGINEERING &
	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project Name:

Feasibility Study at Pathfinder Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-3/2-10

ASBESTOS BULK-PATHFINDER DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION	NOTES	AMOUNT
EW-27A	Exterior West	grey, semi-flexible cault	undamaged	_	
B007-1B	Tunnel to Cayuga	white plaster wall	"	ty in the state of	
8007-29A	W II	grey plaster wall substrate	4		
8007-30A	" "	giey drywall wall	" "		
			'		
			-		

	1	2
Page	2	of _>

LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

Please Reply To:



AmeriSci New York

117 EAST 30TH ST. NEW YORK, NY 10016 TEL: (212) 679-8600 • FAX: (212) 679-3114

FACSIMILE TELECOPY TRANSMISSION

Jim Mussgnug

From: Aleksandr Barengolts

Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

jmussgnug@ravieng.com,ccregan@ravieng.com,mwa

AmeriSci Job #: 210104308

Fax #: (585) 223-4250

avieng.com

19:42:32

ELAP-PLM/TEM 5 day Results Subject:

Client Project:

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At

LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY

Oswego, Oswego, N

ller@ravieng.com,mgarbach@ravieng.com,kfogle@r

Date: Monday, November 01, 2010

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PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C Date Received

10/28/10

AmeriSci Job#

210104308

Attn: Jim Mussgnug

Date Examined 11/01/10 ELAP#

11480

P.O. # Page

1 of

Suite 1

Rochester, NY 14618

2110 S. Clinton Avenue

RE: 40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall;

SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #:

40-102-02

Client No. / HGA	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto				
B001-1A Loc	210104308-01 ation: Basement In Tunnel To Onondaga/Bl	210104308-01 No sement In Tunnel To Onondaga/Black Cove Molding/4"					
Asbestos Types:	Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma Non-fibrous 2.4 %	terial	on 11/01/10				
B001-2A	210104308-02	No	NAD				
Loc	Location: Basement In Tunnel To Onondaga/Cream CMM/Associated w/HA#1						
Asbestos Types:	Cream, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk M Non-fibrous 14.4 %	aterial					
B001-3A	210104308-03	No	NAD				
Loc	eation: Basement In Tunnel To Onondaga/In Metal & Plaster Located On Top Of R		(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10				
Asbestos Types:	White, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial					
B002-9A	210104308-04	Yes Trace	e (<0.25 % pc)				
Loc	cation: Basement Exercise/Equipment Room Metal Frame/Glass	n/Black, Sticky Window Glaze/Between	(ELAP 198.6; 400pc) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10				
Asbestos Types:	Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma Chrysotile <0.25 % pc Non-fibrous 9.4 %	terial .					
B002-10A	210104308-05	No	NAD				
Loc	eation: Basement Exercise/Equipment Room FT/Over HA#11 On Concrete	n/Black w/Blue Specks Rubber 2'x2'	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10				
Analyst Description:	Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial					

Asbestos Types:

Other Material: Non-fibrous 2 %

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Page 2 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02

Client No. / HGA	A I	_ab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
B002-11A Location: Basement HA#10/Tex		0104308-06 e/Equipment Room Leveler Application	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10	
Asbestos Typ	ion: Grey, Homogeneous, Non nes: rial: Non-fibrous 15.5 %	-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	erial	
1001-18A		0104308-07 rea/Chocolate Brow	No n, Brittle CMM/Under HA#1 & 2	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	ion: Brown, Homogeneous, No pes: rial: Non-fibrous 40 %	on-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	
1001-20A		0104308-08 rea/Grey Ceramic F	No loor Tile Grout/Associated w/HA#19	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	ion: Brown, Homogeneous, No pes: rial: Non-fibrous 100 %	on-Fibrous, Cement	itious, Bulk Material	
EN-21A	210 Location: Exterior North/Exter Conc./Conc.	0104308-09 erior Caulk - Light T	No fan/Cream, Flexible/Between	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	ion; Tan, Homogeneous, Non- pes: rial: Non-fibrous 10.1 %	Fibrous, Bulk Mate	rial	
EN-22A	210 Location: Exterior North/Exte Rubber-Like Door		No rown/Smoky Charcoal Grey	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	ion: Grey, Homogeneous, Nor pes: rial: Non-fibrous 11.2 %	n-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	erial	
EN-23A	Location: Exterior North/Light	0104308-11 ht Grey/Off-White E n Store Wall Panels	No xterior Seam Caulk/Between Sidewalk	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Ty	ion: Grey, Homogeneous, Nor pes: rial: Non-fibrous 23.2 %	n-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	erial	

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02

Client No. / HGA		Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
EN-24A		210104308-12	No	NAD
		-	All Retaining Walls, Bldg. Columns	(by NYS ELAP 198.1) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Grey, Homogeneous, es: ial: Non-fibrous 100 %	Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	erial	
EW-25A		210104308-13	No	NAD
		Exterior Caulk - Clean I nels Over HA#21	Flexible/Powders When Rolled Between	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Cream, Homogeneou les: ial: Non-fibrous 8.2 %	s, Nan-Fibrous, Buik M	aterial	
EN-26A		210104308-14	No	NAD
	Location: Exterior North/ Glass/Metal	Exterior Window Glaze	e, Black, Very Stretchy/Between	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Black, Homogeneous les: ial: Non-fibrous 8.5 %	Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	
EN-27A		210104308-15	No	NAD
		·	Window Glaze/Caulk/Flexible	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Black, Homogeneous es: ial: Non-fibrous 4.8 %	, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	
EN-28A		210104308-16	No	NAD
		Behind Window Frame	(Original) Window Caulk/Existing e (Visible Only b/c Window Frame Was	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Cream, Homogeneou les: īal: Non-fibrous 8.8 %	s, Non-Fibrous, Bulk M	aterial	
ES-29A		210104308-17	No	NAD
		/Exterior Caulk - Metalli Base Of Bldg.	ic Grey Seam Caulk/Between	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Roderick on 11/01/10
Asbestos Typ	on: Grey, Homogeneous, les: Ial: Non-fibrous 32.8 %	Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	erial	

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

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PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02

Client No. / HGA	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
ES-30A	210104308-18	No	NAD
Location: Ext Co	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by David W. Rođerick on 11/01/10		
Analyst Description: Grey, Hom Asbestos Types: Other Material: Non-fibrou	ogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma s 8.2 %	terial	

Reporting Notes:

Analyzed by: David W. Roderick

*NAD/NSD =no asbestos detected; NA =not analyzed; NA/PS=not analyzed/positive stop; PLM Bulk Asbestos Analysis by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40

CFR 763 (NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0), ELAP PLM Method 198.1 for NY friable samples or 198.6 for NOB samples (NY ELAP Lab ID11480);

Note:PLM is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. NAD or Trace results by PLM are inconclusive, TEM is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non asbestos-containing in NY State (also see EPA Advisory for floor tile,FR 59,146,38970,8/1/94). National Institute of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements mandate that this report must not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the lab. This PLM report relates ONLY to the items tested. AlHA Lab # 102843.

Reviewed By:	END OF REPORT
rteviewed by	

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

Table I Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02

meriSci ample#	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Soluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM/DS	** Asbestos % b TEM
01	B001-1A		0.419	47.5	50.1	2.4	NAD	NAD
Location:	Basement In Tunnel To Onc	ndaga/Black C	Cove Molding/4"					
02	B001-2A		0.571	39.2	46.4	14.4	NAD	NAD
Location:	Basement In Tunnel To Onc	ndaga/Cream	CMM/Associate	d w/HA#1				
03	B001-3A		0.450	39.6	29.8	30.7	NAD	NAD
Location:	Basement In Tunnel To Onc	лdaga/Interior	White, Crumbly	Caulk/Between Me	etal & Plaster Located	On Top Of Radiator		
04	B002-9A		0.393	88.0	2.5	7.5	Chrysotile <0.25	Chrysotile 1.9
Location:	Basement Exercise/Equipm	ent Room/Blac	k, Sticky Windo	w Glaze/Between N	/letal Frame/Glass			
05	B002-10A		0.346	95.7	2.3	2.0	NAD	NAD
Location:	Basement Exercise/Equipme	ent Room/Blad	k w/Blue Speck	s Rubber 2'x2' FT/0	Over HA#11 On Concr	ete		
06	B002-11A		0.541	35.1	49.4	15,5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Basement Exercise/Equipme	ent Room/Grey	/ Mastic/Leveling	Under HA#10/Tex	dure = Leveler Applica	ation = Adhesive		
07	1001-18A		0.637	51.2	8.8	40.0	NAD	NAD
Location:	1st Floor Dining Area/Choco	late Brown, Br	ittle CMM/Under	HA#1 & 2				
08	1001-20A		_				NAD	NA
Location:	1st Floor Dining Area/Grey (Ceramic Floor	Tile Grout/Assoc	iated w/HA#19				
09	EN-21A		0.475	43.2	46.7	10.1	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Exterior Caull	c - Light Tan/C	ream, Flexible/B	etween Conc./Con	C.			
10	EN-22A		0.349	39.3	49.6	11.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Exterior Cauli	c - Grey/Brown	/Smoky Charcoa	al Grey Rubber-Like	Door Caulk			
11	EN-23A		0.392	58.2	18.6	23.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Light Grey/Of	f-White Exterio	r Seam Caulk/B	etween Sidewalk P	anels & Between Stor	e Wall Panels		
12	EN-24A		_	_	_	_	NAD	NA
Location:	Exterior North/Tan Surfacing	Efis/On All Re	etaining Walls, E	ildg. Columns				
13	EW-25A		0,328	3.0	88.7	8.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior West/Exterior Caulk	: - Clean Flexib	le/Powders Who	en Rolled Between	Store Wall Panels Ov	er HA#21		
14	EN-26A		0.363	87.1	4.4	8.5	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Exterior Wind	ow Glaze, Blad	k, Very Stretch	//Between Glass/M	etal			
15	EN-27A		0.336	72.9	22.3	4.8	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Charcoal Gre	y/Brown Windo	w Glaze/Caulk/	Flexible				
16	EN-28A		0.410	53.2	38.0	8.8	NAD	NAD
Location:	Exterior North/Exterior Cauli- Window Frame Was Broken			aulk/Existing Origin	al Caulk Behind Wind	ow Frame (Visible Only b/c		

Client Name: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C.

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Table I

Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

40-10-066; Feasibility Study At LITTLEPAGE Dining Hall; SUNY Oswego, Oswego, New York 13126; Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02

AmeriSci Sample #	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Soluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM#DS	** Asbestos % by TEM
17	E\$-29A		0.488	54.3	12.9	32.8	NAD	CAN
Location:	Exterior South/Exterior Caull	k - Metallic Gre	y Seam Caulk/l	Between Conc./Cor	nc. @ Base Of Bldg.			
18	ES-30A		0.377	71.6	20.2	8.2	NAD	NAD
Locations	Exterior South/Exterior Caul	k - Grev Flexion	e Seam Caulk/i	Belween Conc./Cor	nc. On Retaining Wall	Cube Bases & Tunnel Seams		

Analyzed by: Aleksandr Barengolts_

; Date Analyzed 11/1/2010

**Quantitative Analysis (Semi/Full); Bulk Asbest Analysis (PLM by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR or ELAP 193.1 for New York friable samples or ELAP 198.6 for New York NOB samples; TEM (Semi/Full) by EPA 600/R-93/116 (not covered by NVIAP Bulk accreditation); or ELAP 198.4 for New York samples; NAD = no asbestos detected during a quantitative analysis; NA = not analyzed; Trace = <1%; Quantitation for beginning weights of <0.1 grams should be considered as qualitative only; Qualitative Analysis: Asbestos analysis results of "Present" or "NVA = No Visible Asbestos" represents results for Qualitative PLM or TEM Analysis only (no accreditation coverage available from any regulatory agency for qualitative analyses); AIHA Lab # 102843, NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0, NYSDOH ELAP LAB ID 11480.

Warning Note: PLM limitation, only TEM will resolve fibers <0.25 micrometers in diameter. TEM bulk analysis is representative of the fine grained matrix material and may not be representative of non-uniformly dispersed debris for which PLM evaluation is recommended (i.e. soils and other heterogenous materials).

Reviewed By:			

Relinquished By: Megay Backach Received By: Received By:	Date/Time: 10/27/10) 10:00	BULK SAMPLE SHEET
Received By:	Date/Time: 10/28 10/5	AmeriSci New York 117 East 30 th Street
	Date/Time:	RISCI New York, NY 10016
		Phone: (212) 679-8600 Fax: (212) 679-9392
Received By:	Date/Time:	Toll FREE: (800) 705-5227 www.AmeriSci.ecm
Company: RAVI ENGINEERING E & LAND SURVEYING, P.C.	Project: Asbestos Pre-Renovation Feasibility Study at LITTLEPAGE Hall, SUNY Oswego	
Street Address: 2110 S. CLINTON AVENUE, SUITE 1	Project Address: Oswego, New Y	
City: Rochester State: NY Zip: 14618	Project Manager: Christine Creg	an Project State: NY
Phone: 585-223-3660	Analysis:PLM OnlyTE ASTM Dust (microvac)	M Only XX NY ELAP PLM/TEM with NOB Prep. ASTM Dust (Wipe)) Other (describe in comments)
Site/Secondary Fax #:	Turnaround Time: Five (5) Day	Material Type: (X) BulkDust Water
Results to: Christine Cregan	Sampled By: MG, MW	Date Sampled: 10-22-10, 10-26-10
Special Instructions or Comments:		
210104308		Samuel Description
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location		Sample Description Homogenous Area = size of surface area sampled) (HA #)
210104308		Sample Description Homogenous Area size of surface area sampled) (HA #)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location		Sample Description Homogenous Area (HA #)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location		= size of surface area sampled) (HA #)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location 800 - A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA #)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location 800 -1A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA #)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location 800 -1A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA#)
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location 800 -1A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA #) 1
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location B00 - A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA#) Continue
210104308 Lab ID Field ID Location 800 -1A		= size of surface area sampled) (HA #)

Received By: Megalo Houback Received By: Ola Rosa Relinquished By:	Date/Time: 10/27/10 16/00 Date/Time: 10/27/10 16/00 Date/Time:	AMERI SCI	Ameris 117 Ea New Yo Phone: Fax: () Toll FRE	AMPLE SHEET Sei New York 18st 30 th Street 19rk, NY 10016 1(212) 679-8600 1(212) 679-9392 1(800) 705-5227
Received By: Company: RAVI ENGINEERING & LAND SURVEYING, P.C.	Project: Asbestos	at LITTLEPAGE Dining	W W W . A f SciLab#: Ravi Phase #: 40-102-02	neri\$cl.com
Street Address: 2110 S. CLINTON AVENUE, SUITE 1		Oswego, New York 13126		ect #: 40-10-066
City: ROCHESTER State: NY Zip: 14618	Project Manager:	Christine Cregan	Proje	ect State; NY
Phone: 585-223-3660 Fax: 585-223-4250 EMAIL: CCREGAN@RAVIENG.COM Verbal Results: Y N		OnlyTEM Only microvac) ASTM Dust	XX NY ELAP PLM/TEM (Wipe)) Other (d	with NOB Prep. escribe in comments)
Site/Secondary Fax #:	Turnaround Time	: Five (5) Day	Material Type: (X) Bu	ulkDustWater
Results to: Christine Cregan	Sampled By: MG,	MW	Date Sampled: 10-22	-10, 10-26-10
Special Instructions or Comments: 21010	4308		escription	Homogenous Area
EN-23A D		(for dust= size of st	irface area sampled)	(HA#)
EN-24A X 2 & A		12/1/1/	/	2.4
EW-25A	30 328		17	25
EN-210A				26
EN-27A		N 1 1	<u> </u>	27
EN-28A AN	DE 10/5	I TI A II	S / L	28
ES-29A	LE LOS	THACH		29
ES-30A				30
				AGE - OE2



Project Name: Project #:

Feasibility Study at Littlepage Dining Hall

40-10-066 Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-22-10

ASBESTOS BULK-LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION	NOTES	AMOUNT
B0011A	Basement in tunnel to Onordaga	Black cove	undamaged	4"	
B001-2A	4	Cream CMM	(1)	associated w/ HA#1	
B001-3A	Con.	Interior white, crumbly caulk	" "	between metala plaster- located on top of radiator	
B002-9A	Basement exercise/	block, Sticky window glane	N u	between metal frame	
B002-10A	"	Black w/blue specks rubber 2×2' FT	W H	over HA # 11 on concrete	
8007-11A	"	grey mastic/levelor under HA#10	. 11	texture = leveler application = adhesive	
-14A	1st stoor dining area	white 2xZ'SAT w/ Jackes 4 1/2" gashes	(1)	//	
1001-18A		chocolate brown, brittle CMM		under HA# 14Z	
1001-20A	"	grey ceramic floortile grout	N /3	associated w/ HA#19	
EN-21A	Exterior North	anterior cavic-light tan/cream,flexible	**	between conc./conc.	

Page	į	of	2

R	RAVI ENGINEERING &
2	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project ?	Name:
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Feasibility Study at Littlepage Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-22-10

ASBESTOS BULK- LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION		NOTES	AMOUNT
Exterior North	Exterior caulk-grey/ brown/smoky charcal grey rubber-like doorca	und ulk	arragad	between metal door frame/conc-	
Exterior North	Light greyloff-white attrior stam caulk	w ()	4	between sidewalk. Parels & between stone wall panels	
Extenor North	Tan surfacing efis	,,	//	on all retaining walls, bldg. columns	
Exterior West	Exterior caulk-cream, flexible		u	powders when rubbed, between stone wall parek	
Exterior North	exterior window glaze-black, very	ζ.	11	between glass/ metal	
Exterior North	Charcoal grey/brown windows glange/caulk	1-	ų	flexible	
Exterior North	Extenor caulk- cream (original) wirdow		11	window frame cuisible only old	2 section)
Exterior South	Exterior caulk- metallic grey seam	, c	11	between conc./coxc.@ base of bldg.	
Exterior South	Exterior coult- gray, flexible seam	1,	J "	between cone. cone. on retaining wall cube bases - turned seams	
	Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior West Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior South	Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, flexible Exterior Window Streetchy Charcal grey/brown window glange/caulk Exterior Caulk- cream (oniginal) window Exterior Caulk- metallic grey seam caulk Exterior Caulk- metallic grey seam caulk Exterior Caulk- Exterior Caulk- metallic grey seam caulk Exterior Caulk- Exterior Caulk- metallic grey seam caulk Exterior Caulk- Exterior Caulk- Exterior Caulk- Exterior Caulk- metallic grey seam caulk Exterior Caulk-	Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior North Exterior Sam Caulk Exterior North Exterior North Exterior Caulk-grey/ Brown/smoky charcal grey rubber-like darcaulk Light grey/off-white exterior sam caulk Tan surfacing Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, flexible Exterior North Exterior winelow glage-black, very Exterior North Charcal grey/brown window glage/caulk Exterior caulk Exterior caulk	Exterior North Exterior Caulk-grey/ brown/smoky charcal gley rubber-like doorcaulk Exterior North Exterior Sam Caulk Exterior North Exterior West Exterior Caulk-cream, Exterior West Exterior Caulk-cream, Exterior North Exterior Window Exterior North Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, Exterior North Exterior Window Exterior Window Exterior Caulk Exterior Rorth Exterior Caulk Exterior Caulk	Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, " Exterior North Exterior West Exterior Windows glange/caulk Exterior North Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, " Exterior North Exterior Windows glange/caulk Exterior North Exterior Caulk-cream, " E

PCB TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM SUNY Oswego Dining Hall Improvements

FEASIBILITY STUDY



AECOM 5015 Campuswood Drive, Suite 104 East Syracuse, NY 13057-4232

315.432.0506 tel 315.437.0509 fax

February 22, 2011

Mr. Jamie Williams Woolley Morris Architects 401 North State Street Syracuse, New York 13203

Re: SUNY Oswego - Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls

Limited Asbestos Bulk Sampling & Analysis - Roof Sampling

AECOM Project No.: 60139355

Dear Mr. Williams:

This letter and attachments represent AECOM's report for the above-referenced project.

Introduction

AECOM was retained by the Dormitory Authority State of New York (DASNY) to conduct limited bulk sampling and analysis of suspect asbestos-containing material (ACM) roof systems at Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls located at SUNY Oswego in Oswego, New York. The sampling was performed in compliance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56 (ICR 56).

The sampling was conducted on February 18, 2011 by AECOM representative Thomas Wilkinson who was escorted and shown specific areas to be sampled by Klepper, Hahn & Hyatt representative Douglas Arena. Mr. Wilkinson is a New York State Department of Labor (DOL) certified asbestos building inspector. Copies of applicable certifications are provided in Attachment A.

Results and Discussion

Representative bulk sampling, as directed by Mr. Arena, was conducted in 2 areas of the roof deck along with multiple locations of caulking materials on each roof at Pathfinder and Littlepage Halls. Non-friable organically bound (NOB) materials were analyzed in accordance with New York State Department of Health (DOH) requirements. NOBs are first subjected to an ashing and acid washing procedure to properly break down the material. The sample is then analyzed by PLM for asbestos content. If asbestos is found, the analysis is complete. However, a negative result must be confirmed by using transmission electron microscopy (TEM). All samples were analyzed by AmeriSci, New York.

The sampling included the collection of 36 non-friable/NOB material samples. 18 samples were collected from Pathfinder Hall and 18 samples were collected from Littlepage Hall. Laboratory reports and chain-of-custody forms are included in Attachment B. Sample locations are shown on Figures 1 and 2 in Attachment C. Sample results are summarized in the following tables. Materials found to be asbestos — containing (i.e., >1%) are denoted in **BOLD** type.

Mr. Jamie Williams Woolley Morris Architects February 22, 2011

Bulk Sample Summary - Pathfinder Dining Hall

Sample No.	Sample No. Material Sampled Sample Location		Lab Results (% Asbestos)	Condition
ROOF-001A	Gray/Black Paper Backing on	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-001B	Foam	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-002A	Black Top Layer Felt w/"Hot	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-002B	Mop"	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-003A	Black 2 nd /3 rd Layer Felt w/	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-003B	"Hot Mop"	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-004A	Black/Brown Bottom Layer	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-004B	Paper w/ "Hot Mop" on Roof Deck	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
CAULK-005A	Crow Sticky Soft Coully on	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
CAULK-005B	Gray Sticky Soft Caulk on Copper Vent Pipes	East of Mechanical Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-006A	Dark Gray Sealant for Roof	SE Corner at Penetration	NAD	Fair
CAULK-006B	Patches	NE Corner at Penetration	NAD	Fair
CAULK-007A	Light Gray Soft Caulk at	NE Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-007B	Corners of Mechanical Air Plenum	SW Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-008A	Tan Caulk Around Base of	NE Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-008B	Mechanical Air Plenum	SW Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
RFLASH-009A	Black Roof	Top of Curbing for Large Duct Work	3.4% Chrysotile	Fair
RFLASH-009B	Flashing/Penetration Cement	South Side of Mechanical Air Plenum	NA/PS	Fair

NAD signifies No Asbestos Detected

Trace signifies <1% asbestos, (i. e., ~0.25%) is considered a non-asbestos material NA/PS signifies Not Analyzed/Positive Stop

Bulk Sample Summary - Littlepage Dining Hall

Sample No.	Material Sampled	Sample Location	Lab Results (% Asbestos)	Conditi
ROOF-001A	Gray/Black Paper Backing on	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-001B	Foam	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-002A	Black Top Layer Felt w/"Hot	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-002B	Mop"	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-003A	Black Middle Layer Felt w/	NW Corner of Roof	Chrysotile Trace	Fair
ROOF-003B	"Hot Mop"	SW Corner of Roof	Chrysotile <1%	Fair
ROOF-004A	Black/Brown Bottom Layer	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
ROOF-004B	Paper w/ "Hot Mop" on Roof Deck	SW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
CAULK-005A	Gray Sticky Soft Caully on	NW Corner of Roof	NAD	Fair
CAULK-005B	Gray Sticky Soft Caulk on Copper Vent Pipes	East of Mechanical Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-006A	Dark Gray Sealant for Roof	SE Corner at Penetration	NAD	Fair
CAULK-006B	Patches	NE Corner at Penetration	NAD	Fair

Mr. Jamie Williams Woolley Morris Architects February 22, 2011

Sample No.	Material Sampled	Sample Location	Lab Results (% Asbestos)	Conditi
CAULK-007A	Light Gray Soft Caulk at Corners of Mechanical Air	NE Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-007B	Plenum	SW Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-008A	Tan Caulk Around Base of	NE Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
CAULK-008B	Mechanical Air Plenum	SW Corner of Air Plenum	NAD	Fair
RFLASH-009A	Black Roof	Top of Curbing for Large Duct Work	8.4% Chrysotile	Fair
RFLASH-009B	Flashing/Penetration Cement	South Side of Mechanical Air Plenum	NAD NAD NAD NAD	Fair

NAD signifies No Asbestos Detected Trace signifies <1% asbestos, (i. e., ~0.25%) is considered a non-asbestos material NA/PS signifies Not Analyzed/Positive Stop

In accordance with ICR 56, all material determined to be asbestos – containing must be removed by a licensed contractor prior to building renovation or demolition activities which would disturb the asbestos – containing material.

The DOL also requires that a copy of this report be provided to the Commissioner of Labor at the following address:

New York State Department of Labor Division of Safety and Health Asbestos Control Bureau 450 South Salina St. Syracuse, New York 13202

If you have any questions, please call us at (315) 432-0506. It was a pleasure working with you on this project and I hope we can be of service in the future.

Sincerely, **AECOM**

Thomas Wilkinson Industrial Hygienist Mark Fiorini Office Manager

Attachment A NYSDOL License and Inspector Certification
Attachment B Laboratory Reports and Chain-of-Custody Forms

Attachment C Sample Location Drawings

Attachment A

NYSDOL License and Inspector Certification

315,432,0506 315.437.0509

tel

fax

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ASBESTOS HANDLING LICENSE

NEW YORK STATE - DEPARTMENT OF LABOR DIVISION OF SAFETY AND HEALTH LICENSE AND CERTIFICATE UNIT STATE CAMPUS BUILDING 12 ALBANY, NY 12240

ASBESTOS HANDLING LICENSE

AECOM Inc. Suite 104 5015 Campus Wood Drive

East Syracuse, NY 13057-4232

FILE NUMBER: 99-0569 LICENSE NUMBER: 28522 LICENSE CLASS: RESTRICTED DATE OF ISSUE: 09/22/2010 EXPIRATION DATE: 09/30/2011

Duly Authorized Representative - Mark Fiorini

This license has been issued in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 30 of the Labor Law of New York State and of the New York State Codes, Rules and Regulations (12 NYCRR Part 56). It is subject to suspension or revocation for a (1) serious violation of state, federal or local laws with regard to the conduct of an asbestos project, or (2) demonstrated tack of responsibility in the conduct of any job involving asbestos or asbestos material:

This license is valid only for the contractor named above and this license or a photocopy must be prominently displayed at the asbestos project worksite. This license verifies that all persons employed by the licensee on an asbestos project in New York State have been issued an Asbestos Certificate, appropriate for the type of work they perform, by the New York State Department of Labor.

> Maureen A. Cox, Director FOR THE COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

SH 432 (4-07)

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ASBESTOS HANDLING CERTIFICATE

STATE OF NEW YORK - DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ASBESTOS CERTIFICATE

THOMAS A WILKINSON CLASS(EXPIRES) CATEC(05/11) DINSP(05/11) H PM (05/11)

CERT# 05-07890

DMV# 854575816 MUST BE CARRIED ON ASBESTOS PROJECTS

EYES BLU HAIR BRO HGT 61 00"

IF FOUND RETURN TO: NYSDOL - LEC UNIT ROOM 161A BUILDING 12 STATE OFFICE CAMPUS ALBANY NY 12240

Legend - Identification of Letter Designations

A	Asbestos Handler	D	Asbestos Inspector	G	Asbestos Supervisor
В	Allied Trades	E	Management Planner	H	Asbestos Project Manager
C	Air Sampling Technician	F	Operations & Maintenance	1	Asbestos Project Designer

Attachment B

Laboratory Reports and Chain-of-Custody Forms



AmeriSci New York

117 EAST 30TH ST. NEW YORK, NY 10016 TEL (212) 679-8600 · FAX: (212) 679-3114

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

AECOM Environment Attn: Mark Fiorini

5015 Campuswood Drive

Suite 104

East Syracuse, NY 13057-4232

Date Received 02/19/11

ELAP#

AmeriSci Job#

211023082

Date Examined 02/21/11

11480

P.O. # Page

1 of

RE: 60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego, Path Finder Hall;

Oswego, NY

	A Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
Roof-001A 001	2110230B2-01 Location: Gray/Black: Paper Backing On Foa		NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J, Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos Ty	tion: Grey/Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, I pes: anal: Fibrous glass 2 %, Non-fibrous 4.3 %	duk Matenal	
Roof-001B	211023682-02	No	NAD
001	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11		
Asbestos Ty	tion: Grey/Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, l pes: erial: Fibrous glass 20 %, Non-fibrous 24.4 %	Bulk Material	
Roof-002A	211023082-03	No	NAD
002	Location: Black, Top Layer Felt With "Hot Mo	p"; NW Corner Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
and the second second	the second secon		Mil War Till
Asbestos Ty	tion: Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk M /pes: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.7 %	Aaterial	
Asbestos Ty Other Mat	/pes:	No No	NAD
Asbestos Ty	rpes: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.7 %	No	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Asbestos Ty Other Mati Roof-002B 002 Analyst Descrip Asbestos Ty	pes: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.7 % 211023082-04 Location: Black; Top Layer Felt With "Hot Mo	No op"; SW Corner Of Roof	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6)
Asbestos Ty Other Mate Root-002B 002 Analyst Descrip Asbestos Ty Other Mate	pres: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.7 % 211023082-04 Location: Black; Top Layer Felt With "Hot Monthson: Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Maypes:	No op"; SW Corner Of Roof	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Asbestos Ty Other Mati Roof-002B 002 Analyst Descrip Asbestos Ty	pes: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.7 % 211023382-04 Location: Black; Top Layer Felt With "Hot Monthson; Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Marges: erial; Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 1.9 %	No op"; SW Comer Of Roof Material No	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 2 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego; Path Finder Hall; Oswego, NY

	GA Lai	b No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
Roof-003B 003	21102 Location: Black; 2nd/3rd Layer	3082-06 Felt With "Hot Mo	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11	
Asbestos	lption: Black, Homogeneous, Non-F Typos: Iterial: Fibrous glass 1 %, Non-fibro		enal	
Roof-004A	21102	23082-07	No	NAD
004	Roof		Hot Mop On Deck; NW Corner Of	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos	iption: Black/Brown, Horriogeneous, Types: iterial: Non-fibrous 14.1 %	Nan-Fibrous, Bu	ik Material	
Roof-004B	21102	23082-08	No	NAD
004	Location: Black/Brown; Bottom Roof	Layer Paper With	n Hat Mop On Deck; NW Corner Of	(ELAP 198.6; 400pc) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos	C. T. C.	, Non-Fibrous, B	ulk Material	
No.	terial; Non-fibrous 14.8 %			
Caulk-005A	21102	23082-09	No	NAD
		Committee of the commit		NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
005 Analyst Descr Asbestos	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fi	ik On Copper Ve	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fi Types: iterial: Non-fibrous 22.2 %	ik On Copper Ve	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fi Types: iterial: Non-fibrous 22.2 %	ik Ön Copper Vel brous, Bulk Mate 23082-10	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof rial	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma Caulk-005B 005 Analyst Descr Asbestos	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fi Types: iterial: Non-fibrous 22.2 % 21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau Plenum iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fi	ik Ön Copper Vel brous, Bulk Mate 23082-10 Ik On Copper Ve	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof rial No nt Pipes; East Of Mechanical Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6)
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma Caulk-005B 005 Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fit Types: aterial: Non-fibrous 22.2 % Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau Plenum iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fit Types: aterial: Non-fibrous 21.2 %	ik Ön Copper Vel brous, Bulk Mate 23082-10 Ik On Copper Ve	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof rial No nt Pipes; East Of Mechanical Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Asbestos Other Ma Caulk-005B 005 Analyst Descri	21102 Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fit Types: aterial: Non-fibrous 22.2 % Location: Gray; Sticky Soft Cau Plenum iption: Grey, Homogeneous, Non-Fit Types: aterial: Non-fibrous 21.2 %	ik On Copper Vel brous, Bulk Mate 23082-10 ik On Copper Vel brous, Bulk Mate	nt Pipes; NW Comer Of Roof rial No nt Pipes; East Of Mechanical Air rial No	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11

Client Name: AECOM Environment.

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PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego; Path Finder Hall; Oswego, NY

Client No. / HO	SA .	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
Caulk-006B 006	Location: Dark Gray S		No NE Corner At Penetration	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T		os, Non-Florous, bulk ivia	ignai	
Caulk-007A		211023082-13	No	NAD
007	Location: Light Gray; Air Plenum	Soft Caulk At Cornets Of	Mechanical Air Plenum; NE Corner Of	(by NYS ELAP 198.8) by Bells J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T	otion: Grey, Homogeneou ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 13,7 %		terial	
Caulk-007B		211023082-14	No	NAD
007	Location: Light Gray; Air Plenum	Soft Caulk At Corners Of	Mechanical Air Plenum; SW Corner Of	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T Other Mar	otion: Grey, Homogeneou ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 %			NAD
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A	ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 %	211023082-15	No ical Air Plenum; NW Corner Of Air	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descri Asbestos T	ypes; terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum otion: Tan, Homogeneous	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechani s, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	No ical Air Plenum; NW Comer Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6)
Asbestos T Other Mai Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descri Asbestos T Other Mai	ypes; terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum otion: Tan; Homogeneous ypes:	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechani s, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	No ical Air Plenum; NW Comer Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6). by Bella J. Chernis
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descri Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008B	ypes; terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum otion: Tan, Homogeneous ypes; terial: Non-fibrous 12.6 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Materials 211023082-16 Around Base Of Mechanis	No ical Air Plenum; NW Corner Of Air erial No ical Air Plenum; SW Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descrip Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008B 008 Analyst Descrip Asbestos T	ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum otion: Tan, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 12.6 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Materials 211023082-16 Around Base Of Mechanis	No ical Air Plenum; NW Corner Of Air erial No ical Air Plenum; SW Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Belle J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descri Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008B 008 Analyst Descri Asbestos T Other Mar	ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum ption: Tan, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 12.6 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum ption: Tan, Homogeneous ypes:	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate 211023082-16 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mate	No ical Air Plenum; NW Corner Of Air erlal No ical Air Plenum; SW Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Belle J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008A 008 Analyst Descrip Asbestos T Other Mar Caulk-008B 008 Analyst Descrip Asbestos T	ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11.2 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum ption: Tan, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 12.6 % Location: Tan; Caulk Plenum ption: Tan, Homogeneous ypes: terial: Non-fibrous 11 %	211023082-15 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Material 211023082-16 Around Base Of Mechanis, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Material	No ical Air Plenum; NW Corner Of Air erial No ical Air Plenum; SW Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Belle J. Chemis on 02/21/11 NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 4 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego; Path Finder Hall; Oswego, NY

Client No. / H	GA	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
RFlash-009B		211023082-18		NAVPS
009	Location: Black; Root Plenum	Flashing/Penetration (Cement; South Side Of Mechanical Air	
Analyst Descr Asbestos Other Ma	J. 40. 40. C. C. C. A.			

Reporting Notes:

Analyzed by Bella J. Chemis _

la Mun

NAD/NSD =no asbestos detected; NA =not analyzed, NA/PS=not analyzed/positive stop; PLM Bulk Asbestos Analysis by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR 763 (NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0), ELAP PLM Method 193.1 for NY friable samples or 198.6 for NOB samples (NY ELAP Lab ID11480), Note: PLM is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in fibor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. NAD or Trace results by PLM are inconclusive. TEM is currently the only method that, can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non asbestos-containing in NY State (also see EPA Advisory for floor tile, FR 59,146,38970,8/1/94). National inalitate of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements mandate that this report must not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the lab. This PLM report relates ONLY to the items tested. AiPIA Lab # 102843.

Reviewed By:		END OF	REPORT

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Table I
Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results
60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego; Path Finder Hall; Oswego, NY

AmeriSci Sample#	Cliant Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Soluble Inorganic %	Inscluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM/DS	" Asbestos % by TEM
01	Roof-001A	001	0.240	92.9	0.8	6.3	NAD	NAD
Location:	Gray/Black; Paper Backing (On Foam; NW	Comer Of Roof					
D2	Roof-001B	001	0.160	54.4	1.3	44.4	NAD	NAD-
Location:	Gray/Black, Paper Backing C	On Foam; SW	Corner Of Roof					
03	Roof-002A	002	0.259	96.1	1.2	2.7	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black; Top Layer Fell With "	Hot Mop"; NW	Corner Of Roof					
04	Roof-002B	002	0.359	96.7	1.4	1.9	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black, Top Layer Felt With "	Hot Mop"; SW	Carner Of Roof					
05	Roof-003A		0.398	79.9	19-3	9.3	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black; 2nd/3rd Layer Felt Wi	ih "Hot Mop";	NW Comer Of F	Roof				
06	Roof-003B	003	0:211	93.8	2.4	3.8	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black, 2nd/3rd Layer Felt Wi	th "Hot Mop".	NW Corner Of F	Roof				
07	Roof-004A	904	0.305	73.4	12.5	14.L	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black/Brown; Bottom Layer	Paper With Ho	t Mop On Deck;	NW Comer Of Ro	of			
80	Roof-0048	004	0.602	72.8	12.5	14.8	NAD	NAD
Location:	Black/Brown; Bottom Layer	Paper With Ho	t Mop On Deck;	NW Corner Of Ro	No			
09	Caulk-005A	005	0.496	38.3	39.5	22.2	NAD	NAD
Location	Gray, Sticky Soft Caulk On C	Copper Vent P	pes; NW Corne	r Of Root				
30	Caulk-005B	005	0.425	37.4	41.4	21.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Gray, Sticky Soft Caulk On (Copper Vent Pi	pes; East Of Me	echanical Air Plenu	m			
11	Caulk-006A	006	0.327	74.3	20.5	5.2	NAD	NAD
Location:	Dark Gray Sealant For Roof							
12	Caulk-0068	006	0.284	72.2	23.2	4.6	NAD	NAD
	Dark Gray Sealant For Roof			a				
13	Caulk-DD7A	007	0.234	69.2	17.1	13.7	NAD	NAD
	Light Gray; Soft Caulk Al Co							
14	Caulk-007B	007	0.277	75.5	13.4	11.2	NAD	NAD
	Light Gray, Soft Caulk At Co							
15	Caulk-008A	008	0.350	33.4	54.0	12.6	NAD	NAD
	Tan; Caulk Around Base Of						Liefer	x10.505
16	Caulk-008B Tan; Caulk Around Base Of	800	0.290	33.B	55.2	11.Q	NAD	NAD

See Reporting notes on last page

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 2 of 2

Table I Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

60139355 1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego; Path Finder Hall; Oswego, NY

AmeriSci Sample #	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acia Soluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Asbestos % by PLM/DS	"* Asbestos % by TEM
17	RFlash-009A	009	0.200	73.5	6.0	17.1	Chrysotile 3.4	NA.
Location: B	Black, Roof Flashing/Penetra	ation Cement;	Top Of Curbing	For Large Duci				
18	RFlash-009B	009	0,455	69.0	6.8	24.2	NAPS	NA
Locations: 8	Black Roof Flashing/Penetra	ation Cement:	South Side Of M	dechanical Air Pien	ามกา		1000 at 1000	145

Analyzed by: Roman Peysakhov_

Date Analyzed 2/22/2011

"Quantitative Analysis (Semi/Full): Bulk Asbestos Analysis - PLM by EPA 600/M4-82-920 per 40 CFR or ELAP 198.1 for New York finable samples or ELAP 198.6 for New York NOB samples. TEM (Semi/Full) by EPA 600/R-93/116 (not covered by NVLAP Bulk accreditation); or ELAP 198.4 for New York samples; NAD = no asbestos detected during a quantitative analysis; NA = not analyzed; Trace = <1%; Quantitative not beginning weights of <0.1 grams should be considered as qualitative only. Qualitative Analysis. Asbestos analysis results of "Present" or "NVA = No Visible Asbestos" represents results for Qualitative PLM or TEM Analysis only (no accreditation coverage available from any regulatory agency for qualitative analyses); AIHA Lab # 102843, NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0, NYSDCH ELAP LAB ID 11480.

Warning Note: PLM limitation, only TEM will resolve fibers <0.25 misrometers in diameter. TEM bulk analysis is representative of the fine grained matrix material and may not be representative of non-uniformly dispersed debris for which PLM evaluation is recommended the soils and other helerogenous materials).

Reviewed By

Asbestos Bulk Sample Chain-of-Custody

5015 Campuswood	Dr.
ist Syracuse, NY	13057
Ph. (315) 432-0506 Fax (315) 437-0509	

Client:	DASNY	Project #: 6.0139355.1800
Project:	SUNY OSWEGO	Date Sampled: 3/18/11
	Poth Finder Hall	Sampled By: Tw
	Oswego NY	

Report Result		k Fiorini Sear		Figrini @aecom.com
Fax (315) 437-0	509 7	Hour Turna	round Time Written/Invoice: 10 Da	ıys
Homogenous Mat	eria(#	Color	Sample Description	Sample Location
ROOF-001	A G	ay/Black	Paper backing un from	Niw Corner of Rest Sw Corner of Rest
Paif-002	A B1	ack	Top layer FelTwith "Hotmop"	SW Corners FROOF
ROF-007	A B1.	rik	2nd/3rd layer Feltwith "HoTMap"	She Corner of Roof
00f-004	A BI	ack/Brown		NW Corner of Roof
Aulk-005	A Gr	ay	Sticky Seft caulk on copper vent pipes	MIN Corner of Roof East of Merhonsol Ar Please
AUK -0060	-	k Gray Deem	Sealont for Roof portchis and	SECOCARE OF PENETRATION
AVIK-007	A Kigh	T Gray	Seft Loulk at Louning of Mechanical air pleasum	NE Corner of Air Elenum
Avlk-008	B To.	i	Coulk around Base of Mechanial Air Plenum	NECORNEROFAIRMENTS
FIASH-009	A BI	rik	Reaf Flashing/Pantiestion	Top of Curbing Fockage DAT South Side of Mechanial Ace Alexander
Å			,	

* Please Analyze all layers and/or Mastics* Send NOB's to TEM if <1% by PLM **Stop at First Positive for each DUPLICATE OR TRIPLICATE Set** ***Analyze ALL Joint Compound Samples***

Date/Time:	Comments:
2/18/4	Please E-mail results to
12-19-11 1141	@aecom.com
	when complete
	when complete
	2/18/4

FIELD ID CODES

FLVCT- Floor Tile FLVCS- Sheet Flooring FLMAS- Floor Mastic RFSH- Roof Shingle RLRF- Rolled Roof CAULK- Caulking SRSheetrock JC- Joint Compound FLASH- Roof Cement DI- Duct Insulation VAP- Vapor Barrier PIPE- Pipe Insulation ASPH- Asphalt
Siding FIT- Pipe Fitting TRAN- Transite WLMAS-Wall Mastic CET- Ceiling Tiles PLAST- Plaster



AmeriSci New York

117 EAST 30TH ST. NEW YORK, NY 10016 TEL: (212) 679-8600 • FAX: (212) 679-3114

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

AECOM Environment

Attn: Mark Florini

5015 Campuswood Drive

Suite 104

East Syracuse, NY 13057-4232

Date Received 02/19/11

ELAP#

AmeriSci Job #

211023084

Date Examined 02/21/11

11480

P.O. # Page

of

RE: 50139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining

Hall Oswego, NY

Client No. / H	GA Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
Roof-001A 1 Analyst Descr Asbestos	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11		
	iterial: Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 1.2 %		
Roof-001B	2110230B4-02 Location: Gray/Black, Paper Backing On Foam		NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos	iption: Grey/Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bu Types: iterial: Fibrous glass 5 %, Non-fibrous 11.1 %	ik Materia)	
Roof-002A	211023054-03	No	NAD
Ashestos	Location: Black, Top Layer Felt With "Hot Mop" iption: Black, Homogeneous, Fibrous, Bulk Material Types: aterial: Fibrous glass 1 %, Non-fibrous 2.8 %		(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Roof-002B	211023084-04	No	NAD
2	Location: Black, Top Layer Felt With "Hot Mop"	" - North Side Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos	iption: Black, Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma Types: aferial: Fibrous glass Trace, Non-fibrous 2.2 %	nterial	
	211023084-05	No	NAD
Roof-003A		Inn" - West Side Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6)
Roof-003A 3	Location: Black, Middle Layer Felt With "Hot M	Treat Side Of Floor	by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 2 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining Hall Oswego, NY

Client No. / Ho	3A	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
Roof-003B 3		2110230B4-06 lie Layer Felt With "Hot Mo	d therefore entertain	NAD (by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos 1		us, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terial	
Roof-004A		211023084-07	No	NAD
4	Location: Black/Brow Of Roof	n, Bottom Layer Paper Wi	th "Het Mop" On Roof Deck - West Side	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos T		ogeneous, Non-Fibrous, B	kulk Material	
Roof-004B		211023034-08	No	NAD
4	Location: Black/Brow Of Roof	n, Bottom Layer Paper Wi	th "Hot Mop" On Roof Deck - North Side	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos 1		ogeneous, Nori-Fibrous, B	iufk (Material	
Caulk-005A		211023084-09	No	NAD
5	Location: Gray, Stick	y Soft Caulk On Copper V	ent Pipes - SW Corner Of Roof	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos 1		us, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	erial	
Caulk-005B		211023084-10	No	NAD
5	Location: Gray, Stick Plenum	y Soft Caulk On Copper V	ent Pipes - East Of Mechanical Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos		us, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	erial	
Caulk-006A		211023084-11	No	NAD
6		Sealant For Rhof Patches	a - SW Corner Of Roof At Penetration	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Belia J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Analyst Descri Asbestos		us, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat	enal	

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 3 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining Hall Oswego, NY

Client No. / H	GA	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbesto
Caulk-006B		211023084-12	No	NAD
6	Location:	Dark Gray, Sealant For Foof Patche Work	s - West Of Air Plenum At Curb For Duct	(by NYS ELAP 198,6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos '		Homogeneous, Non-Fibroius, Bulk Ma brous 4,3 %	aterial	
Caulk-007A		211023084-13	No	NAD
7	Location:	Light Gray, Soft Caulk At Corners Of Air Plenum	f Mechanical Air Plenum - SE Corner Of	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos		rous 14.9 %	aterial	
Caulk-007B		211023084-14	Na	NAD
7	Location:	Light Gray, Soft Caulk At Corners Of Air Planum	f Mechanical Air Plenum - NW Corner Of	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos		Homogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma prous 23,4 %	aterial	
Caulk-008A		211023084-15	No	NAD
8	Location:	Tan, Caulk Around Base Of Mechan Plenum	vical Air Plenum - SE Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Ashestos		omogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mat mous 13 %	rerial	
Caulk-008B		211023084-16	No	NAD
8	Location:	Tan, Caulk Around Base Of Mechan Plenum	nical Air Plenum - NW Corner Of Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chemis on 02/21/11
Asbestos		omogeneous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Mar	terial	
RF(ash-009A		211023084-17	No	NAD
9	Location:	Black, Roof Flashing/Perietration Co	ement - Top Of Curbing For Large Duct	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
				CHI SISIA III

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 4 of 4

PLM Bulk Asbestos Report

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining Hall Oswego, NY

Client No. / H	GA	Lab No.	Asbestos Present	Total % Asbestos
RFlash-009B		211023034-18	No	NAD
9	Location: Black, I Plenum		ment - East Side Of Mechanical Air	(by NYS ELAP 198.6) by Bella J. Chernis on 02/21/11
Asbestos		neous, Non-Fibrous, Bulk Ma	terizi	4,7

Reporting Notes:

Analysed by Bella J. Chemia. PULL

*NAD/NSD =no asbestos detected, NA =not analyzed, NAPS=not analyzed/positive stop. PLM Bulk Asbestos Analysis by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR 763 (NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0); ELAP PLM Method 196 if for NY friable samples or 198.6 for NOIB samples (NY ELAP Lab D11480); Note: PLM is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in foor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. NAD or Trace results by PLM are inconclusive, TEM is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or realed as non asbestos-containing in NY State (also see EPA Advisory for floor tile, FR 59,146,38970,91184). National histilate of Standards and Technology Accreditation requirements mandate that this report must not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the lab. This PLM report relates ONLY to the items tested. Alt'A Lab # 102843.

Reviewed By. ______END OF REPORT

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Page 1 of 2

Table I
Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results
60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining Hall Oswego, NY

Heat Sample Acid Insciuble Sensitive Weight Soluble Non-Asbestos " Asbestos % by HG " Ashestos % by Amari3cl Organic % norganic % Inorganic % Area (gram) PLM/DS TEM Sample # Client Sample# Roof-001A 0.248 95.2 3.6 12 NAD NAD 1 Location: Gray/Black, Paper Backing On Foam - West Side Of Roof 79.2 4.7 16.1 NAD Roof-001B NAD Location: Gray/Black, Paper Backing On Foam - North Side Of Roof Roof-002A 0.238 95.4 0.8 38 NAD NAD 03 Location: Black, Top Layer Felt With "Ho: Mop" - West Side Of Roof 97.5 2.2 Roof-002B 0.3 MAD NAO 2 Location: Black, Top Layer Felt With "Hot Mop" - North Side Of Roof 3 0.321 94.7 0.9 4.3 NAD Chrysotile Trace ROOT-UUJA Location: Black, Middle Layer Felt With "Hot Mop" - West Side Of Roof 0.307 78.2 11.7 NAD Roof-003B 11.9 Chrys-Bile < 1.0 Location: Black, Middle Layer Felt With "Hot Mog" - North Side Of Roof 77.1 8.1 NAD 0.271 14.8 NAD Location: Black/Brown, Bottom Layer Paper Wilh "Hot Mop" On Roof Deck - West Side Of Roof 0.390 70.0 15.1 14.9 NAD NAD 80 Location: Black/Brown, Bottom Layer Paper With "Hot Mop" On Roof Dack - North Side Of Roof 35.4 36.1 28.4 NAD NAD Caulk-005A Location: Gray, Sticky Soft Caulk On Copper Vent Pipes - SW Corner Of Roof Caulk-005B 0.295 34.9 39.7 25.4 NAG NAD Location: Gray, Sticky Soft Caulk On Copper Vent Pipes - East Of Mechanical Air Plenum 0.423 23.4 52 MAD NAD Caulk-006A Location; Dark Gray, Sealant For Roof Palches - SW Corner Of Roof At Penetration 0.328 23.2 4.3 Caulk-006B 6 NAD NAD Location: Dark Gray, Sealant For Roof Patches - West Of Air Plenum At Curb For Duct Work 70.2 14.9 7 0.235 14.9 MAD NAD Caulk-007A 13 Location: Light Gray, Soft Caulk At Comurs Of Mechanical Air Pfenum - SE Corner Of Air Pfenum 0.252 64.7 11.9 23.4 NAD NAD Location: Light Gray, Soft Caulk At Corners Of Mechanical Air Plenum - NW Corner Of Air Plenum 34.7 52.3 0.377 13.0 NAD Caulk-008A NAD Location: Tan, Caulk Around Base Of Machanical Air Plenum - SE Corner Of Air Plenum 34.6 52.3 13.1 NAD Caulk-008B 0.396 NAD Location: Tan, Caulk Around Base Of Mechanical Air Plenum - NW Corner Of Air Plenum

See Reporting notes on last page

110017

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02/E3

Client Name: AECOM Environment

Table I Summary of Bulk Asbestos Analysis Results

60139355.1800; DASNY; SUNY Oswego - Littlepage Dining Hall Oswego, NY

AmeriSci Sample #	Client Sample#	HG Area	Sample Weight (gram)	Heat Sensitive Organic %	Acid Saluble Inorganic %	Insoluble Non-Asbestos Inorganic %	** Ashestos % by PLM/DS	** Asbestos % by TEM
17	RFlash-009A	9	0.330	74.8	4.2	12.5	NAD	Chrysotile 8:4
Location:	Black, Roof Flashing/Penetra	ation Cement -	Top Of Curbing	For Large Duct				
18	RFlash-009B	D.	0.329	55.0	31.3	13.7	NAD	NAIPS

Analyzed by: Roman Peysakhov Date Analyzed 2/22/2011

"Quantitative Analysis (SemilFull); Bulk Asbestos Analysis - PLM by EPA 600/M4-82-020 per 40 CFR or ELAP 198.1 for New York friable samples or ELAP 198.6 for New York NOB samples; TEM (Semi/Full) by EPA 500/R-93/116 (not covered by NYLAP Bulk accreditation); or ELAP 198.4 for New York samples; NAD = no asbestos detected during a quantitative analysis, NA = not analyzed: Trace = <1%; Quantitation for beginning weights of <0.1 grams should be considered as qualitative analysis; Asbestos analysis results of "Present" or "NVA = No Visible Asbestos" represents results for Qualitative PLM or TEM Analysis only (no accreditation coverage available from any regulatory agency for qualitative analyses); AIHA Lab # 102845, NVLAP Lab Code 200546-0, NYSDOH ELAP LAB ID 11480.

Warning Note: PLM limitation, only TEM will resolve fibers <0.25 micrometers in diameter. TEM bulk analysis is representative of the fine grained matrix material and may not be representative of non-uniformly dispersed debris for which PLM evaluation is recommended (i.e. soils and other heterogenous materials).

Reviewed By

Asbestos Bulk Sample Chain-of-Custody 5015 Campuswood Dr. Client: DASNY vite 104 Project: SUNY Oswego ust Syracuse, NY 13057 Ph. (315) 432-0506 Fax (315) 437-0509

Project #: |6 01393 55.1800 Date Sampled: 2/18/11 Littlegage Dining Hall Sampled By: Tw Oswega, My

Fax (315) 437-0	509	Mark FiorInly Se フム Hour Turn	naround Time Written/Involce: 10 Da	The second secon
Homogenous Ma	orial#	Color	The state of the s	Sample Location
Roof-001	B	GrayBlack	Paper Backing on form	West Side of Koof North Side of Roof
(cof-002	AB	Block	Toplayer Felt with HOT Map"	West Side of Roof North Side of Roof
Roof-003	AB	Block	Middle layer Fell with Hothep"	West Side of Book
Rest-004	8	Black/Brown	BottomLayer Paper with Hottop	West Side of Roof
CAUIK-005	B	Gray	Sticky Soft Coulk on Copper Vent pipes.	Sw Locar of Roof East of Mechanical An Plea
Aulk-806	4 1	Dark Gray	Seplant for roof patches	SWCornerof Roof of Penetration
Aulk-007	AL	ight Gray	Soft Coulk at Corners of Mechanical air plenum.	SE Corner OF Air Menun MW Corner of Air Moura
Aulk-808	4 -	Ton	Caulk around Base of Mechanial Air plenum.	SECORNER OF Air Plenum.
PRAH - 009	A B	Black	Roof Flashing/Penetration	Topofeuch in forbore but

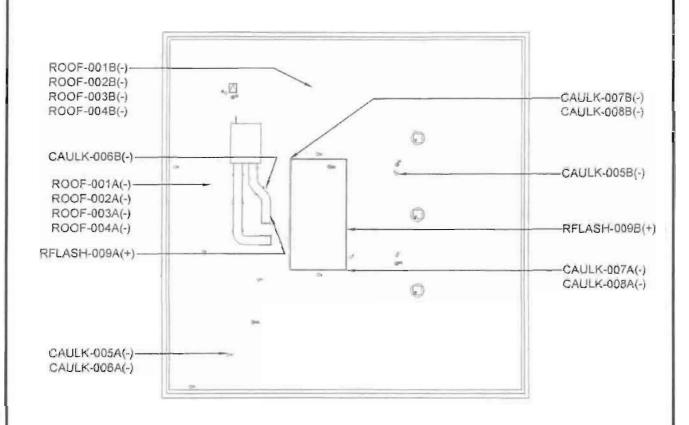
* Please Analyze all layers and/or Mastics* Send NOB's to TEM if <1% by FLM "Stop at First Positive for each DUPLICATE OR TRIPLICATE Set** . ***Analyze ALL Joint Compound Samples***

Chain of Custody:	Signature:	Date/Time;	Comments:
Relinquished by:	Well to	- 2/18/4	Please E-mail results to
Received by: 1 kg		124911 1141	@aecom.com
Relinquished by:			when complete
Received by:			Witer complete

FIELD ID CODES FLVCT- Floor Tile FLVCS- Sheet Flooring FLMAS- Floor Mastic RFSH- Roof Shingle RLRF- Rolled Roof CAULK- Caulking SR-Sheetrock JC- Joint Compound FLASH- Roof Cement DI- Duct Insulation VAP- Vapor Barrier PIPE- Pipe Insulation ASPH- Asphalt

Attachment C Sample Location Drawings





NOT TO SCALE
FIGURE NUMBER:

AECOM

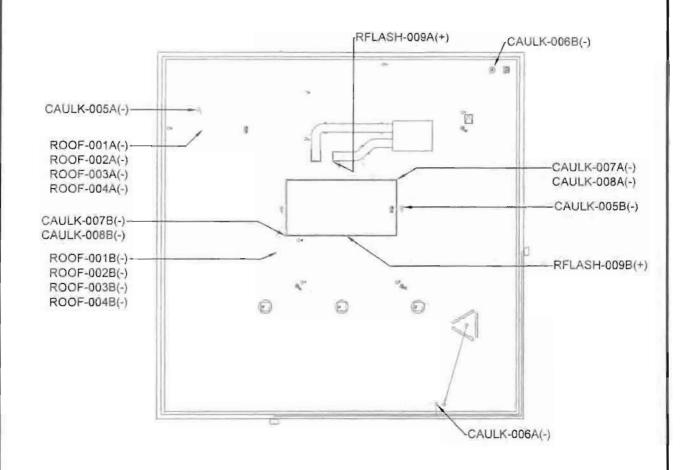
AEICOM 5015 CAMPUSWOOD DRIVE, SUITE 104 EAST SYRACUSE, NEWYORK PHONE: (315) 432-0506 FAX: (315) 437-0509 WEB: HTTP://WWW.AECOM.COM

ROOF PLAN
LITTLEPAGE HALL
SUNY OSWEGO
OSWEGO, NY

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DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY:	DATE	PROJECT NUMBER:	DRAWING NUMBER
RR.	MF	2/22/2011	60139355-1800	1 OF 2





NOT TO SCALE

AECOM 5015 CAMPUSWOOD DRIVE, SUITE 104 EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK	MO	S	ROOF PLAN THFINDER HA UNY OSWEG OSWEGO, N	ALL SO	PIGURE NUMBER:
PHONE: (315) 432-0506 FAX: (315) 437-0509	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	DATE	PROJECT NUMBER:	DRAWING NUMBER
WEB HTTP://WWW.AECOM.COM	RR.	MF	2/22/2011	60139355-1800	2 OF 2

PCB EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The State University of New York at Oswego is conducting a feasibility study of Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Halls for potential replacement of the current window systems (including those windows in adjoining tunnels in both dining halls), the current roof systems and renovation of the exterior façades including stairs and retaining walls.

A PCB Technical Memorandum for the Feasibility Study was prepared. Representative accessible areas that have the potential to be impacted by potential renovations (window, roof, façade) were inspected within the Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall interior and exterior.

This Study included a visual inspection and collection of suspect PCB containing caulks and glazing. At Pathfinder Dining Hall, twelve (12) different caulk/glazing materials were identified and sampled; at Littlepage Dining Hall, eleven (11) different caulk/glazing materials were identified and sampled. All twenty-three (23) samples were submitted to either AmeriSci Boston or Paradigm Environmental for analysis.

The following tables indicate the caulk/glazing materials that are PCB containing (\geq 50 ppm) based on analytical results.

PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Sample Location	Description	PCB Content		
Tunnel to Seneca	Interior caulk- tan, crumbly original caulk between metal and plaster on top of radiator	82.7 ppm		
Tunnel to Seneca	Interior caulk- original grey/brown, crumbly window caulk between metal and plaster	61.9 ppm		
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- tan, flexible, powders when rubbed between stone wall slabs and stone wall/concrete columns	3950-4570 ppm		
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- light grey, gum-like at base of bldg.	590-1870 ppm		
Exterior north	Exterior caulk- med./dark grey, flexible caulk at base of bldg.	34.9-173 ppm		
Exterior west	Exterior caulk- light grey extremely sticky window caulk- west elevation between bottom and far sides of window frame and concrete	3300-6630 ppm		
Exterior west	Exterior caulk-battleship grey, semi- flexible caulk	3420 ppm		
Exterior south	Chocolate brown/charcoal grey window caulk between metal and concrete-upper windows, south elevation	NA¹		
Roof	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	NA ²		

P/	PATHFINDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS				
Sample Location	Description	PCB Content			
Roof	Black roof penetration caulk	NA ²			

NA denotes Not Analyzed

²Roof materials were not sampled at this time; until further verification, materials are assumed to be PCB containing

Sample Location	Description	PCB Content	
unnel to Onondaga	Interior glaze- black, sticky between metal frame and glass window	344 ppm	
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-light tan/cream, flexible between concrete and concrete	7490-8560 ppm	
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-grey/brown/smoky charcoal grey rubber-like door caulk between metal door frame and concrete	50.7 ppm	
Exterior north	Exterior window glaze-black, very stretchy between glass and metal	11.1-61.7 ppm	
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-cream (original) window caulk, existing original caulk behind window frame (visible only because window frame was broken at one section)	61,000 ppm	
Exterior south	Exterior caulk-metallic grey seam caulk between concrete and concrete at base of building	5920 ppm	
Roof	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	NA ¹	
Roof	Black roof penetration caulk	NA¹	

NA denotes Not Analyzed

It is recommended that these materials be removed, handled and disposed of in accordance with current Federal, State and Local requirements. Contract specifications should be developed and included within Contract Documents when this project progresses to the point to do so.

¹ Inaccessible due to window height; until further verification, this material is assumed to be PCB containing

¹Roof materials were not sampled at this time; until further verification, materials are assumed to be PCB containing



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Woolley Morris Architects

401 N. State Street Syracuse, NY 13203

ATTN: James Williams, AIA

Senior Associate

FROM: Michael Waller

Project Engineer

DATE: November 19, 2010

RE: State University of New York at Oswego

Dining Hall-Feasibility Study

Volume 2 of 2: PCB Technical Memorandum

SUBJECT: Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall Feasibility Study

INTRODUCTION

Woolley Morris Architects retained Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. (RE&LS) to perform a Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall Feasibility Study at the State University of New York at Oswego campus, Oswego, New York.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Pathfinder and Littlepage are two story structural concrete and masonry dining halls located on the SUNY Oswego campus. The campus intends to replace the current window systems (including windows in adjoining tunnels in both dining halls), the current roof systems and to renovate the exterior facades including stairs and retaining walls. The survey was necessary to determine potential PCB containing caulk/glazing impacts of the intended renovations; and included a visual inspection and collection of samples. Site investigations were conducted on October 22 and 26, 2010. The results of the feasibility study are presented in this technical memorandum.

PCB CAULK SAMPLING

A total of twenty-three (23) samples were collected; 12 at Pathfinder and 11 at Littlepage. Each caulk or glaze that was sampled, was also sampled and analyzed for asbestos content as part of the

complimentary November 16, 2010 Technical Memorandum, "Pathfinder and Littlepage Dining Hall Feasibility Study." Each PCB sample number for this study contains the corresponding HA# found in the asbestos feasibility study.

The suspect PCB caulks and glazes that were collected were submitted for laboratory analysis. Bulk PCB samples were analyzed using EPA Method 8082. AmeriScri Boston and Paradigm Environmental Services were the NYSDOH-approved laboratories used for analysis. A copy of Paradigm's and AmeriSci's credentials can be found in Attachment A.

The sample locations are indicated on PCB Sample Location Plans included in Attachment B. The sample numbers indicated on the plans correspond to the sample numbers on the laboratory analytical reports and the chain of custody forms, which are included in Attachment C.

PCB RESULTS/FINDINGS

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) defines PCB bulk waste as, "waste derived from manufacturing products containing PCB's in a non-liquid state, at any concentration where concentration at the time of designation for disposal was ≥ 50 ppm PCB's."

The tables below indicate the caulk and/or glazing materials that were identified as part of this study and subsequent analytical results received from AmeriSci Boston and Paradigm Environmental Services. Samples that are **Bold and italicized** are ≥ 50 ppm.

1: PATHFI	NDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNEL	S-PCB SAMPLE S	SUMMARY
Sample Location	Sample Description	Sample Number	PCB Content
Tunnel to Seneca	Interior caulk- tan, crumbly original caulk between metal and plaster on top of radiator	PCB-B001-9	82.7 ppm
Tunnel to Seneca	Interior caulk- original grey/brown, crumbly window caulk between metal and plaster	PCB-B001-12	61.9 ppm
Room in University Police	Interior caulk-white, flexible window caulk between metal and plaster	PCB-B002-13	7.96 ppm
Room in University Police	Interior caulk- black, semi-sticky window caulk between metal and metal in UPD	PCB-B003-14	27.5 ppm
Room in University Police	Interior caulk- blue, flexible, sticky	PCB-B006-16	29.8 ppm
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- tan, flexible, powders when rubbed between stone wall slabs and stone wall/concrete columns	PCB-EE-20	3950-4570 ppm
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- light grey, gum-like at base of bldg.	PCB-EE-21	590-1870 ppm

1: PATHF	INDER DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNEL	S-PCB SAMPLE S	UMMARY
Sample Location	Sample Description	Sample Number	PCB Content
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- medium grey, flexible seam caulk	PCB-EE-22	8.6-13.6 ppm
Exterior east	Exterior caulk- dark grey, flexible, smooth (top bead of metal base board of retaining wall (east side only))	PCB-EE-23	None Detected
Exterior north	Exterior caulk- med./dark grey, flexible caulk at base of bidg.	PCB-EN-24	34.9-173 ppm
Exterior west	Exterior caulk- light grey extremely sticky window caulk- west elevation between bottom and far sides of window frame and concrete	PCB-EW-25	3300-6630 ppm
Exterior west	Exterior caulk-battleship grey, semi- flexible caulk	PCB-EW-27	3420 ppm
Exterior south	Chocolate brown/charcoal grey window caulk between metal and concrete- upper windows, south elevation	Not sampled ¹	NA
Roof	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	Not sampled ²	NA
Roof	Black roof penetration caulk	Not sampled ²	NA

UPD denotes University Police Department

NA denotes Not Analyzed

² Roof materials were not sampled at this time; until further verification, materials are assumed to be PCB containing

2: LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS-PCB SAMPLE SUMMARY			
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	PCB Content
Tunnel to Onondaga	Interior white, crumbly caulk between metal and plaster on top of radiator	PCB-B001-3	2.04 ppm
Tunnel to Onondaga	Interior glaze- black, sticky between metal frame and glass window	PCB-8002-9	344 ppm
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-light tan/cream, flexible between concrete and concrete	PCB-EN-21	7490-8560 ppm
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-grey/brown/smoky charcoal grey rubber-like door caulk between metal door frame and concrete	PCB-EN-22	50.7 ppm
Exterior north	Light grey/off-white exterior seam caulk between sidewalk panels and between stone wall panels	PCB-EN-23	4.54-6.96 ppm
Exterior west	Exterior caulk-cream, flexible, powders when rubbed between stone wall panels over HA#21	PCB-EW-25	33.9 ppm
Exterior north	Exterior window glaze-black, very stretchy between glass and metal	PCB-EN-26	11.1-61.7 ppm

 $^{^{\}mathrm{I}}$ Inaccessible due to window height; until further verification, this material is assumed to be PCB containing

2: LITTLE	PAGE DINING HALL & ADJOINING TUNNELS-	PCB SAMPLE S	UMMARY
Homogeneous Area No.	Description	Sample Number	PCB Content
Exterior north	Charcoal grey/brown window glaze/caulk, flexible	PCB-EN-27	None Detected
Exterior north	Exterior caulk-cream (original) window caulk, existing original caulk behind window frame (visible only because window frame was broken at one section)	PCB-EN-28	61,000 ppm
Exterior south	Exterior caulk-metallic grey seam caulk between concrete and concrete at base of building	PCB-ES-29	5920 ppm
Exterior south	Exterior caulk-grey, flexible seam caulk between concrete and concrete on retaining wall cube bases and tunnel seams	PCB-ES-30	None Detected
Roof	Black EPDM roof seam caulk ≈ 2" wide	Not sampled ¹	NA
Roof	Black roof penetration caulk	Not sampled ¹	NA

NA denotes Not Analyzed

LIMITATIONS

Materials that were not accessible were not sampled and are therefore assumed to be PCB containing until further verification.

To avoid potential roof leaks, the EPDM roof systems on both buildings were not sampled, caulks present on the roof are assumed to be PCB containing.

Sample identification number PCB-ES-29 collected at Littlepage Dining Hall was visible only because a portion of the window frame was missing. It is unknown if a comparable material exists within the Pathfinder Dining Hall windows.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Due to the presence of PCBs in caulk, it is recommended that a PCM removal specification be included within the Contract Documents as the project progresses since the scopes of this study will impact PCB containing window caulks/glazing and seam caulk.

Removal of PCB containing caulk generates a regulated hazardous waste. It is recommended that Federal and State regulations for generation, waste characterization, transport and disposal be adhered to.

¹ Roof materials were not sampled at this time; until further verification, these materials are assumed to be PCB containing

It is recommended that coordination be set in place to sample those materials that were inaccessible.

It is recommended that all roofing materials be sampled for PCB content verification at a later time prior to roof renovations.

It is recommended that further investigation be completed to verify if there are any additional caulk materials behind the exterior window frames at Pathfinder Dining Hall.

ATTACHMENT A

Laboratory Certifications

PCB TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#1:16504; JDE# :29:38:509999

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WADSWORTH CENTER RIGHARD F. DAINES, M.D.



Expires 12:01 AM April 01, 2011 Issued April 01, 2010

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE

Issued in accordance with end pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State

MS. NICOLE CORTESE AMERISCI BOSTON 8 SCHOOL STREET EAST WEYMOUTH, MA 02189 NY Lab Id No; 10982 EPA Lab Code: MA00069

is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory in conformance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference Standards for the category.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE

All approved analytes are listed below:

Polychlorinated Biphenyls		Priority Pollutant Phenois	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	2-Nitrophenol	EPA 8270C
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons		4-Chiaro-3-methylphenol	EPA 8270C
Acenaphthene	EPA 8270C	4-Methylphenol	EPA 8270C
Acenaphthylene	EPA 8270C	4-Nitrophenol	EPA 8270C
Anthracene	EPA 8270C	Pentachlorophenol	EPA 8270C
5. 《西西·克克·克克·马克·马克·克克·克克·克克·克克·克克·	EPA 8270C	Phenol	EPA 8270C
Benzo(a)anthracene	EPA 8270C	Purgeable Aromatics	
Вепро(а)ругеле	A STATE OF THE STA		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	EPA 8270C	f;2,4-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 8021B
Benza(ghi)perylene	EPA 8270C		EPA 82608
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	EPA 8270C	1,2-Dichlarobenzene	EPA 8021B
Chrysène	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
Dibenzo(e,b)anthracene	EPA 8270C	1;3,5-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 8021B
Fluoranthene	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
Fluorene	EPA 8270C	1:3-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 80218
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
Naphthalene	EPA 8270C	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 8021B
Phenanthrene	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
Pyrene	EPA 8270C	2-Chlorotoluene	EPA.8260B
Priority Pollutant Phenois		4-Chlorotoluene	€PA 8260B
	EPA 8270C	Benzene	EPA 8021B
2,4,5-Trichloropheriol			EPA 8260B
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ERA 8270C	Bromobènzene	EPA 8260B
2.4-Dichlorophenol	EPA 8270C	Chlorobenzene	EPA 8021B
2,4-Dimethylpheriol	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
2.4-Dinitrophenol	EPA 8270C	Ethyl benzene	EPA 8021B
2-Ghlerophenol	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	EPA:8270C	Isopropylbenzene	EPA:8021B
2-Methylphenol	EPA 8270C		EPA 8260B

Serial No.: 41616

Property of the New York State Department of Health: Certificates are valid only at the address shown, must be conspictiously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are tirged to call (518) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.



NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WADSWORTH CENTER

RICHARD F. DAINES, M.D.



Expires 12:01 AM April 01, 2011 Issued April 01, 2010

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR LABORATORY SERVICE

Issued in accordance with and pursuant to section 502 Public Health Law of New York State

MR. BRUCE HOOGESTEGER PARADIGM ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC 179 LAKE AVENUE ROCHESTER, NY 14608 NY Lab Id No: 10958 EPA Lab Code: NY01287

is hereby APPROVED as an Environmental Laboratory in conformance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference Standards for the category ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES NON POTABLE WATER All approved analytes are listed below:

Phthalate Esters		Polynuclear Aromatics	
Diethyl phthalate	EPA 8270C	Anthracene	EPA 625
Dimethyl phthalate	EPA 625		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8270C	Benzo(a)anthracene	EPA 625
Di-n-butyl phthalate	EPA 625		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8270C	Benzo(a)pyrene	EPA 625
Di-n-octyl phthalate	EPA 625		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8270C	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	EPA 625
Polychlorinated Biphenyls			EPA 8270C
PCB-1016	Benzo(ghi)pervlene		EPA 625
PCB-1016	EPA 608		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	EPA 625
PCB-1221	EPA 608		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Chrysene	EPA 625
PCB-1232	EPA 608		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	EPA 625
PCB-1242	EPA 608		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Fluoranthene	EPA 625
PCB-1248	EPA 608		EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Fluorene	EPA 625
PCB-1254	EPA 608	, identification	EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	EPA 625
PCB-1260	EPA 608	mocno(1,2,0-dd)pyrend	EPA 8270C
	EPA 8082	Naphthalene	EPA 625
Polynuclear Aromatics		таринасте	EPA 8260B
•			
Acenaphthene	EPA 625	Pharacethagas	EPA 8270C
	EPA 8270C	Phenanthrene	EPA 625
Acenaphthylene	EPA 625	_	EPA 8270C
	EPA 8270C	Pyrene	EPA 625

Serial No.: 41598

Property of the New York State Department of Health. Certificates are valid only at the address shown, must be conspicuously posted, and are printed on secure paper. Continued accreditation depends on successful ongoing participation in the Program. Consumers are urged to call (618) 485-5570 to verify the laboratory's accreditation status.



ATTACHMENT B

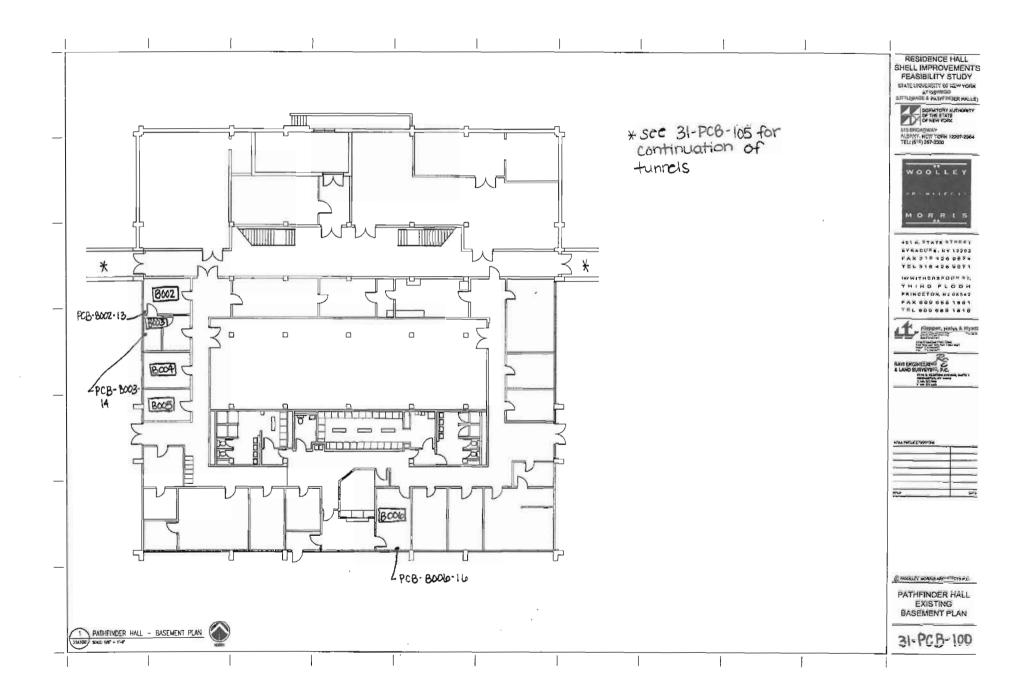
Bulk Sample Location Plans

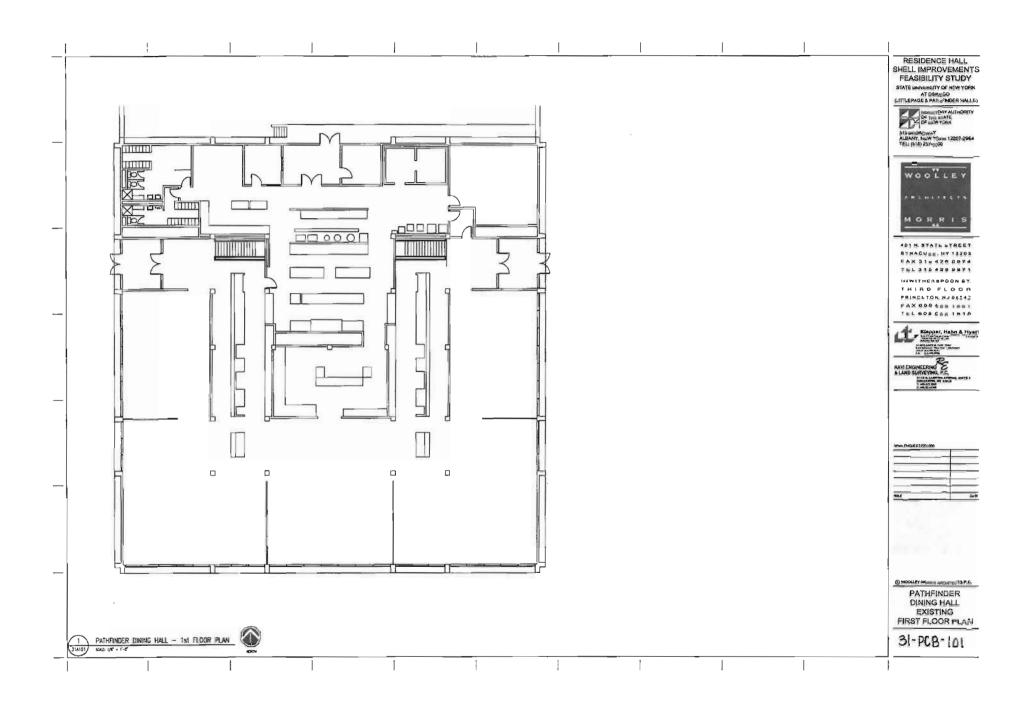
ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

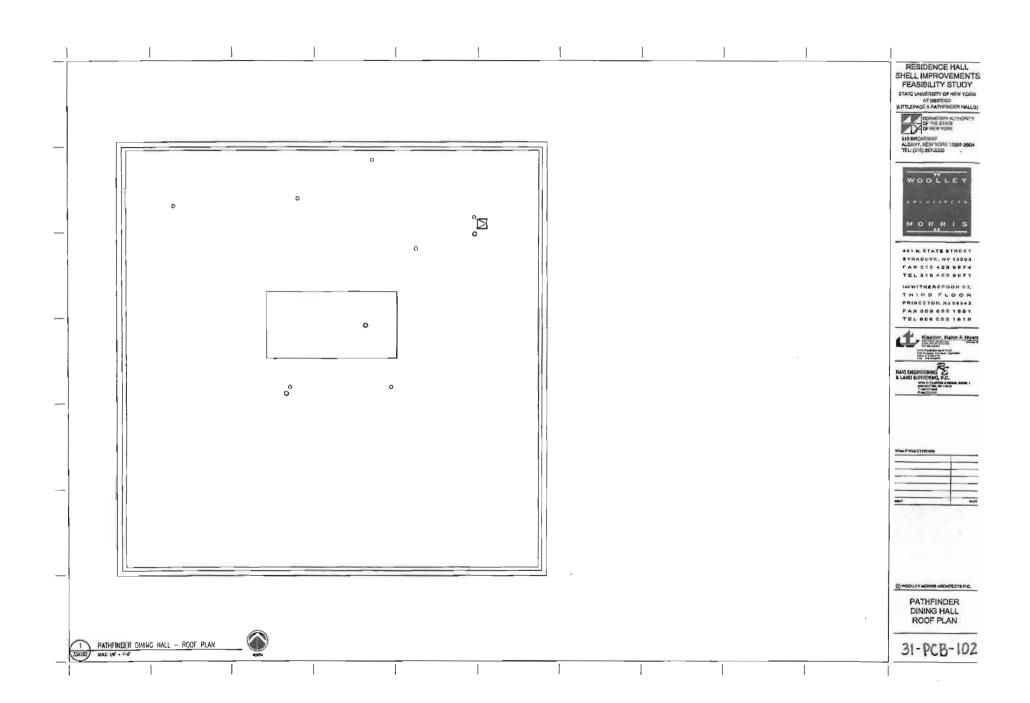
PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

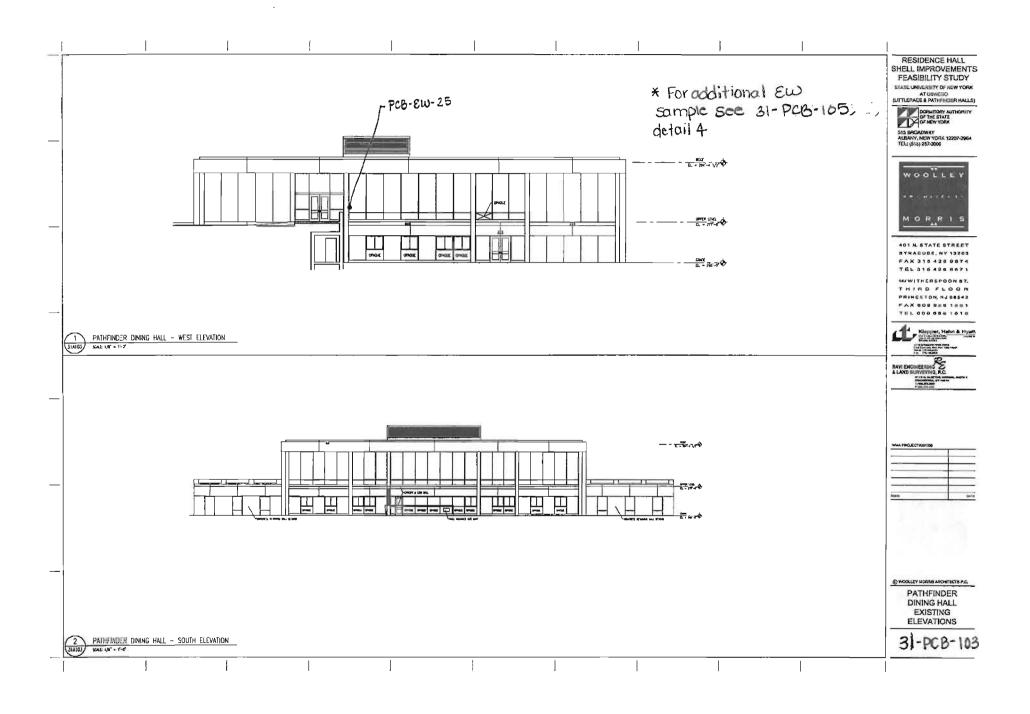
DASNY D#116504; JDE# 2938509999

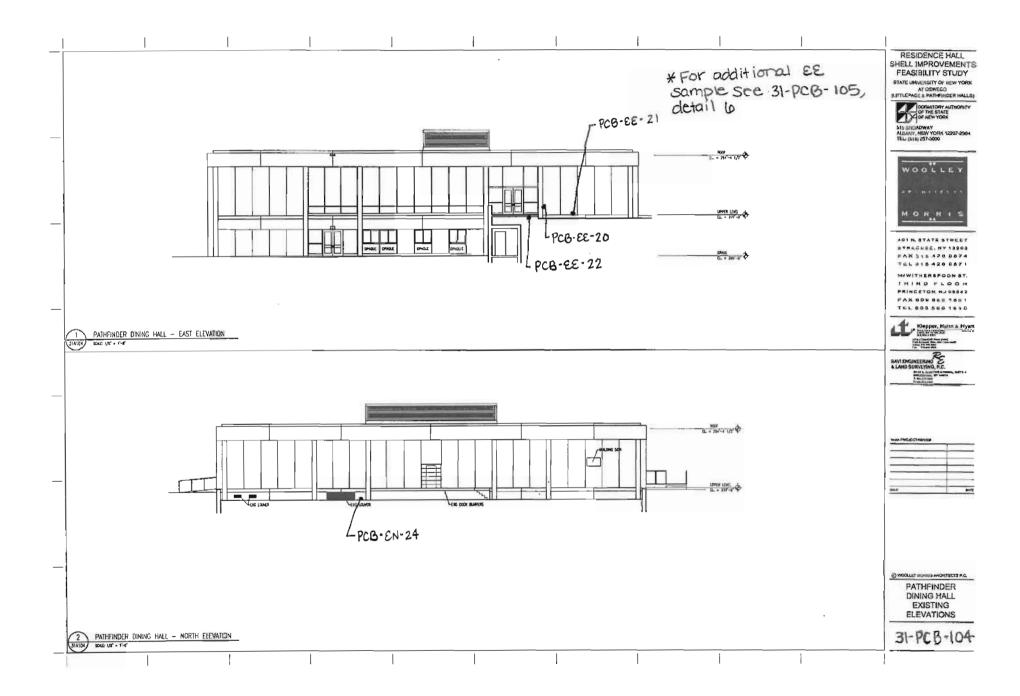
PATHFINDER DINING HALL



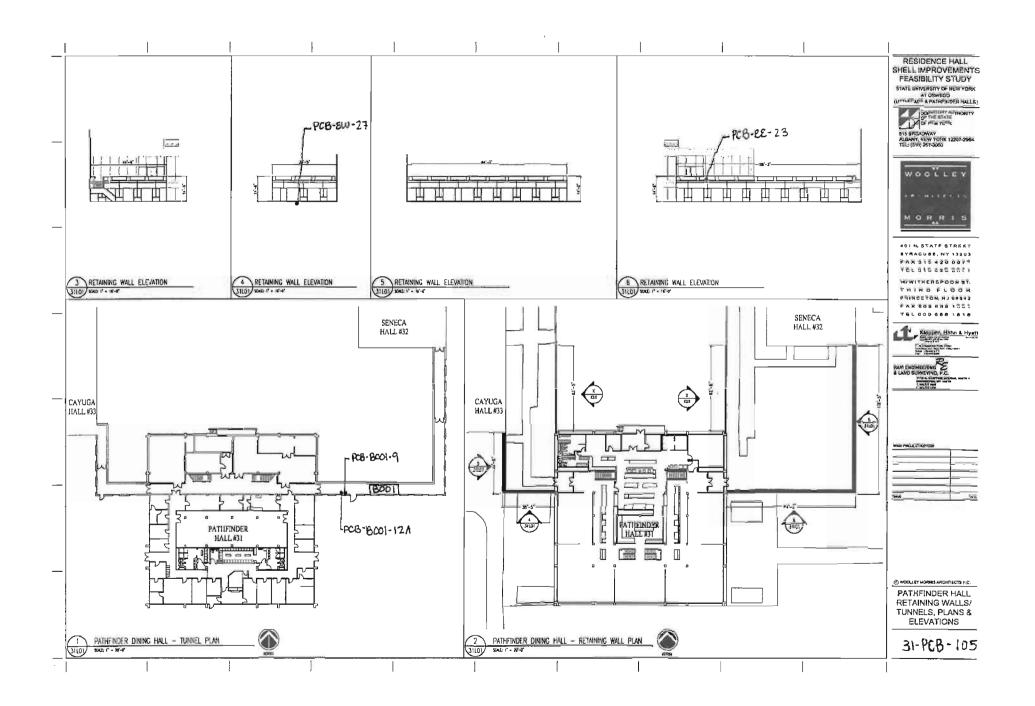




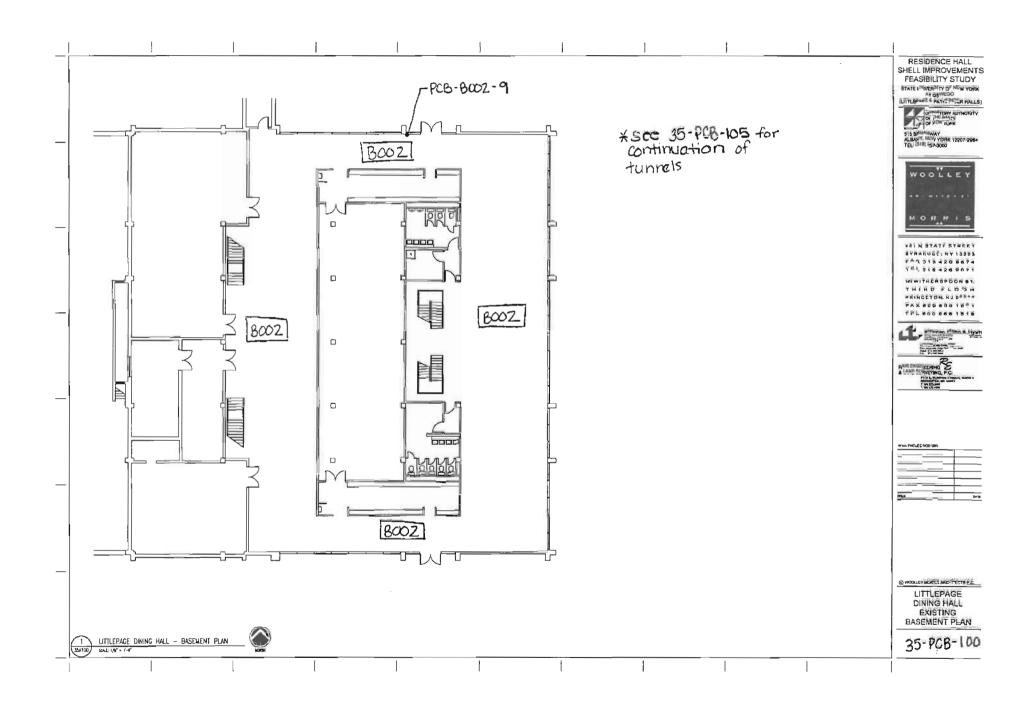


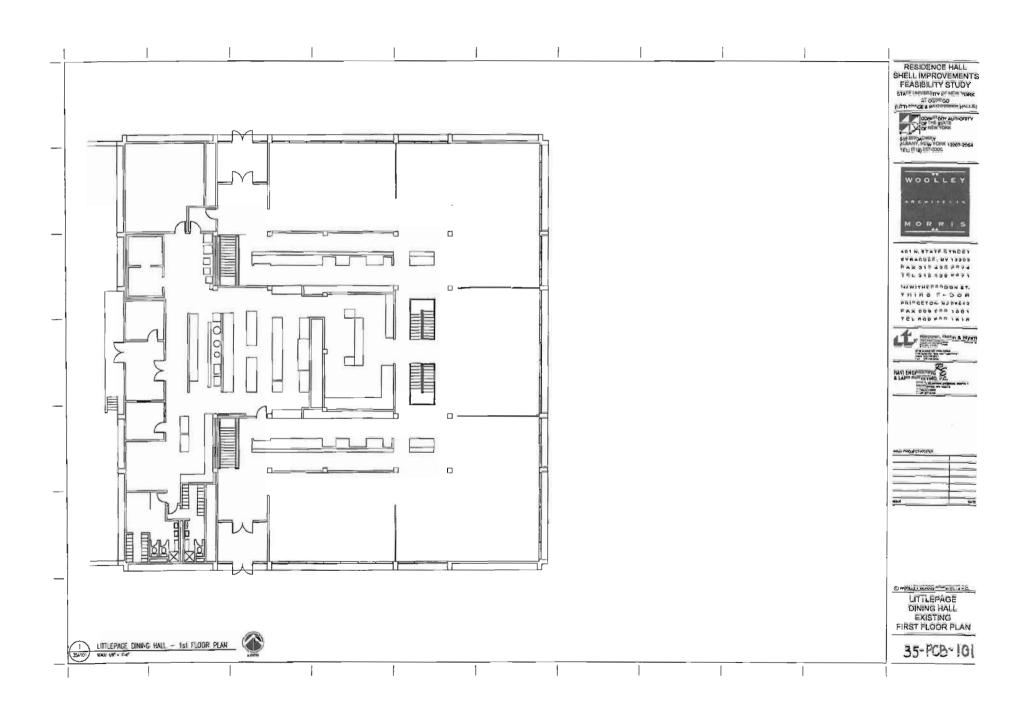


the feet from the first first feet feet feet from the feet from from from the from the

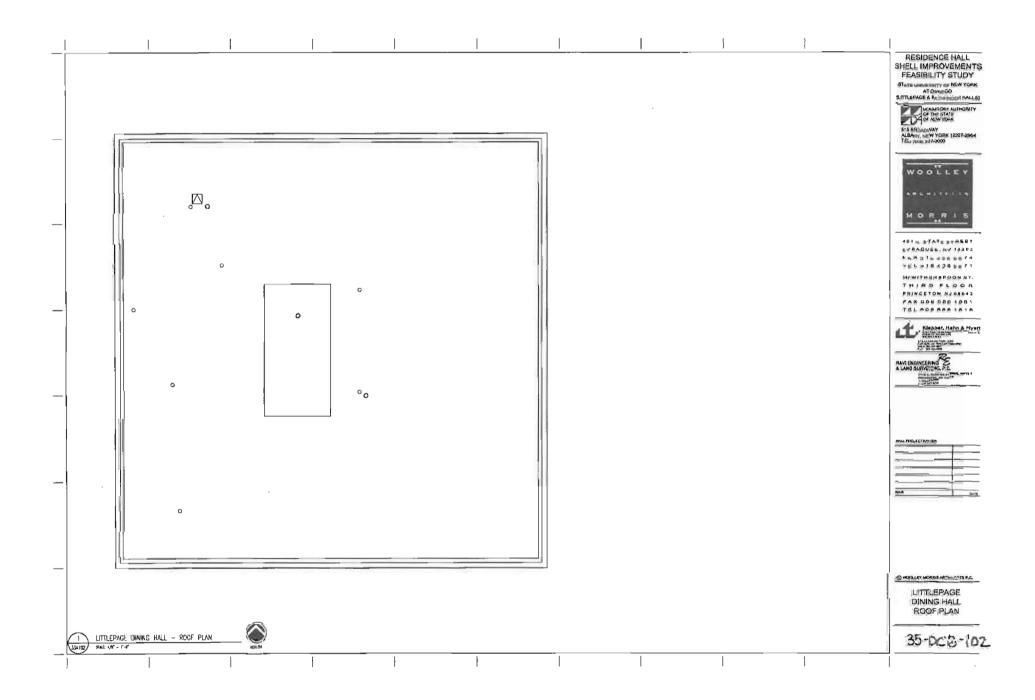


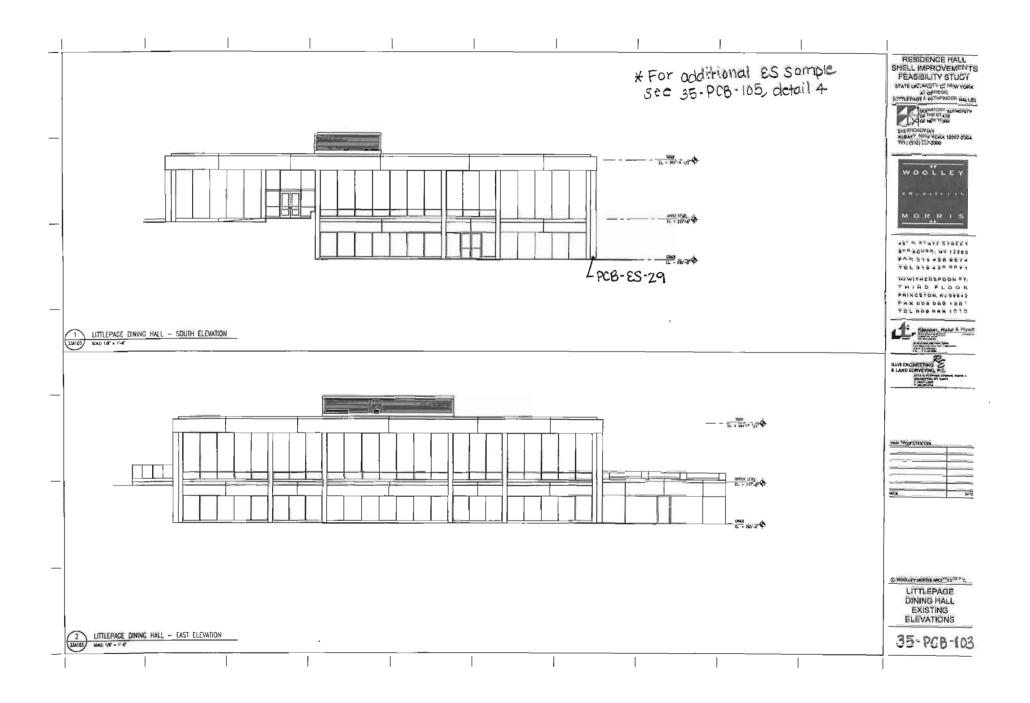
LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL



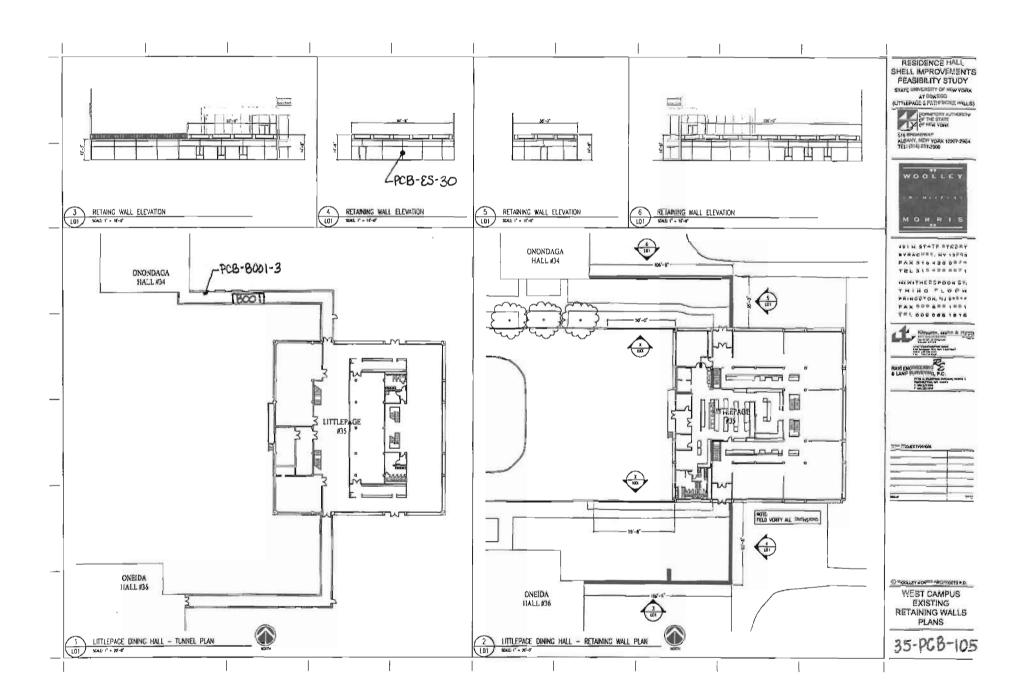


CENTRE CE









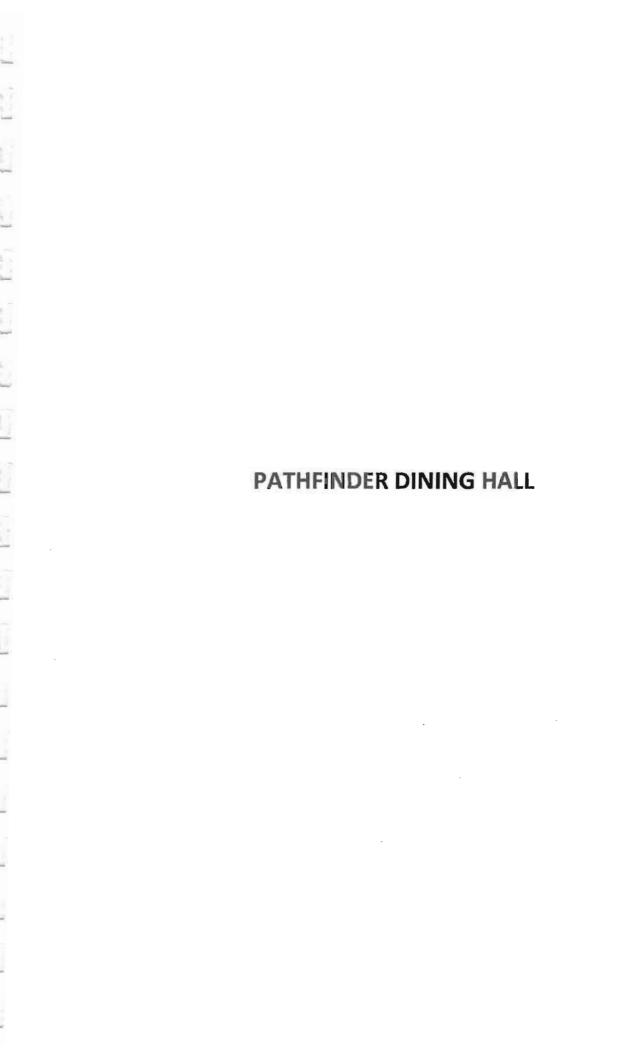
ATTACHMENT C

Analytical Reports, Chain of Custody Forms, Bulk Sample Logs

ASBESTOS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

PATHFINDER AND LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL FEASIBILITY STUDY

DASNY D#116504; JDE# 2938509999





Please Reply To:

AmeriSci Boston Eight School Street Weymouth, MA 02189 TEL:(781)337-9334 FAX:(781)337-7642

To: Christine Cregan

Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Fax # MWALLER@RAVIENG.COM

MGARBACH@RAVIENG.COM

Email: CCREGAN@RAVIENG.COM

Date: Thursday, November 04, 2010

Time: 1:54:43PM

Comments: This report contains a total of 13 pages, including the cover sheet, laboratory report, chain of

custody, airbill, sample receiving form, and any other correspondence related to this work order.

AmeriSci Job# 1010-00298

Subject: PATHFINDER: PCB

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Laboratory Report

AmeriSci Boston **Eight School Street** Weymouth, MA 02189 781-337-9334

Report Date 11/04/2010 Workorder No. 1010-00298

Customer:

Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

2110 S. Clinton Ave.

Suite 1

Rochester, NY 14618

Attention:

Christine Cregan

Subject:

PATHFINDER: PCB

Sample:

001 PCB-B001-9: TUNNEL TO SENECA-INTERIOR CAULK-TAN, CRUMBLY, ORIGINAL

CAULK-BETWEEN METAL/PLASTER ON TOP OF RADIATOR

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix: CAULK

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	<u>Results</u>	Units	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	u g/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	82700	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4950	TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 12:31	G

Sample:	002	PCB-B002-13: ROOM IN UN CAULK-BETWEEN METAL/		LICE-INTERIOR	CAUI	-K-WH	ITE,FLEXIBLE WIN	DOW
Collection Date: Matrix: CA				Received Date:	10/28	/2010	Time: 10:00:00AM	
Parameler PCB in Caulk/Paint		Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	u g/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	

Certifications:

MA: MA069

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

ND = Ncit Detected PQL= Practical Quantitation Limit

Page:

1 of



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

Sample:

Matrix:

002 PCB-B002-13: ROOM IN UNIVERSITY POLICE-INTERIOR CAULK-WHITE, FLEXIBLE WINDOW CAULK-BETWEEN METAL/PLASTER

(Continued)

Parameter PCB-1248	Method EPA 8082	Results ND	<u>Units</u> ug/Kg	<u>PQL</u> 3230	<u>Tech</u> TLL	Analysis Date/Time 11/04/2010 / :49	Qual
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	7960	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3230	TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / :49	G

Sample: 003 PCB-B003-14: ROOM IN UNIVERSITY POLICE-INTERIOR CAULK-BLACK, SEMI-STICKY

WINDOW CAULK-BETWEEN METAL/METAL

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

CAULK

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	POL	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL.	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL.	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	27500	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4350	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G

Sample: 004 PCB-B006-16: ROOM IN UNIVERSITY POLICE-INTERIOR CAULK-BLUE, FLEXIBLE,

STICKY-BLUE FROM WINDOW FRAME PAINT ABSORPTION

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:

CAULK

<u>Parameter</u> <u>Method</u> <u>Results</u> <u>Units</u> <u>PQL</u> <u>Tech</u> <u>Analysis Date/Time</u> <u>Qual</u>

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

Page: 2 of

ND = Not Detected

PQL= Practical Quantitation Limit



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

Sample:

PCB-B006-16: ROOM IN UNIVERSITY POLICE-INTERIOR CAULK-BLUE, FLEXIBLE, 004 STICKY-BLUE FROM WINDOW FRAME PAINT ABSORPTION

(Continued)

<u>Parameter</u> PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	29800	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4030	TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 8:00	G

Sample: PCB-EE-20: EXTERIOR EAST-EXTERIOR CAULK-TAN, FLEXIBLE, POWDERS WHEN **RUBBED-BETWEEN STONE WALL SLABS**

Collection Date: 10/26/2010 Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix: CAULK

Parameter PCB in Caulk/	Paint	Method	Results	<u>Unite</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	. ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1248		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1254		EPA 8082	4570000	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1260		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1262		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1268		EPA 8082	3950000	ug/Kg	284000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
TCMX (SURR	OGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G
DCB (SURRO	GATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

Sample:

PCB-EE-21: EXTERIOR EAST-EXTERIOR CAULK-LIGHT GREY, FLEXIBLE-LOOKS LIKE A

BRAIN, GUM-LIKE @ BASE OF BLDG.

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

U	L	
l	U	ULI

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis <u>Date/Time</u>	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	u g/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	1870000	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	590000	ug/Kg	176000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G

Sample: PCB-EE-22: EXTERIOR EAST-EXTERIOR CAULK-MEDIUM GREY, FLEXIBLE SEAM

CAULK-SLAB JOINT

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:	CAUL	K

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB in Caulk/Paint							
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	8620	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	13600	ug/Kg	2360	TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 4:00	G

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

4 of

Page:



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

Sample: 008 PCB-EE-23: EXTERIOR EAST-EXTERIOR CAULK-DARK GREY, FLEXIBLE, SMOOTH-TOP

BEAD OF METAL BASEBOARD OF RETAINING WALL-E. SIDE

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:	CAUL	K

<u>Parameter</u>	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB in Caulk/Paint							
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1920	TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 23:00	G

Sample: 009 PCB-EN-24: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-MED/DRK GREY, FLEXIBLE-AT BASE OF

BLDG.

Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Matrix:	CAULK							
Parameter PCB in Caulk/Pain	nt	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL.	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1248		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1254		EPA 8082	173000	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1260		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1262		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1268		EPA 8082	34900	ug/Kg	18400	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
TCMX (SURROGA	ATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G
DCB (SURROGAT	TE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

010 PCB-EN-25: EXTERIOR WEST-EXTERIOR CAULK-EXTREMELY STICKY WINDOW CAULK Sample: Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM Collection Date: 10/26/2010

Matrix: CAULK

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Melhod	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL <u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ид/Кд	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	6630000	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	3300000	ug/Kg	397000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	TLL	11/04/2010 / 10:18	G

PCB-EW-27: EXTERIOR WEST-EXTERIOR CAULK-BATTLESHIP GREY, SEMI-FLEXIBLE Sample:

CAULK

Collection Date: 10/26/2010 Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

CAULK Matrix:

<u>Parameter</u> PCB in Caulk/Paint	<u>Method</u>	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u> <u>I</u>	<u>[ech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ц g/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	3420000	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	185000	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	-	TLL	11/04/2010 / 18:00	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	-	TLL.	11/04/2010 / 18:00	G

Certifications: ND = Not Detected MA: MA069

PQL= Practical Quantitation Limit

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

Page: 6 of



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00298

Surrogate recoveries are not reported due to sample dilution,

To the best of my knowledge this report is true and accurate.

Tanya Luongo, Env. Laboratory Manager

Authorized By:

Date:

11/04/10

NOTE: All solid results are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted.

CT: PH0119

AMERI SCI

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AMERISCI BOSTON

AMERISCI JOB NO:	1010-298	PAGE OF
DUE DATE:		TEMP UPON RECEIPT:
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DATA PACKAGE:		P.O.#

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COMPANY:	avi Engineering ~ Lar	d Suri	reu ina	, P.	C .										<i> </i>			\overline{I}		
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Phone:	10 S. Clinion Ave.,	Kacino	10171	2) (FAX 2					-				4	1	- 1			1	
PHONE: (585) 2	223-3660 (5	85) ZZ	23 - 42	50						<u>~</u>				2	1	1		- 1	1	
CLIENT Chr	istine cregan, Mike Wall Megan Garbach	CG EM	<u>lail:</u> cgan@r	nuian	a como	mw	allere r	avie	ng. con	Щ				80824	1	ĺ	- 1			
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4	PCB-B0010-110	S		P		11 11		11	/1	G			√							
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Z-	RAVI ENGINEERING &
2	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project Name:

Feasibility Study at Pathfinder Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach

Date:

10-22-10

PCB- PATHFINDER DINING HALL

	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION		NOTES	AMOUNT
Į	PCB-8001-9	Tunnel to Sereca	interior caulk-tan, crumbly, original caulk	undamaged		between metal/plaster on top of radiator	
2	PCB- B002-13	Room in University Police	interior caulk · white, flexible window caulk	\\ 	4	between metal/plaster	
3	PCB-B003-14	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Intenor Caulk - black, semi-sticky window caulk	10	4	between metal/metal	
4	PCB-B006-16	"	Interior caulk-blue, flexible, sticky	((4	blue from window frame paint absorption	
5	RCB-EE-20	Exterior East	exterior coulk-fair, flexible, powders when rubbed	16	1/	between stone wall slabs	
6	PCB-EE-Z1	A. H	grey; flexible	14	11	looks like on brain, gum-like @ base of bldg	
7	PCB-EE-22	1/	exterior cault- medium grey, flexible seam caulk	(L	(1	slabjoint	
8	PCB - EE - 23	"	grey, flexible, smooth	11	и	top bead of metal base board of retaining wall-east side only	
9	PCB-EN-24	Exterior North	exterior caulk- med/drkgrey, flexible	,ι	4	at base of bldg.	
10	PCB-EW-25	Exterior west	extenor cault- extremely sticky window caulic	U .	"		

N 0/28/10 1000

Page _ l of _ Z

R.	RAVI ENGINEERING &
2	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project Name:

Feasibility Study at Pathfinder Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Inspector Name:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach 10-22-10

Date:

ZU

PCB- PATHFINDER DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION	NOTES	AMOUNT
PCB-EW-27	Exterior West	Exterior caulk- battleship grey, Semi- Flexible caulk	undamaged		
	_				
	-		_		_
			M w/28/10		

Mallow

Page 2 of 2

UPS Internet Shipping: View/Print Label

- 1. **Print the label(s):** Select the Print button on the print dialog box that appears. Note: If your browser does not support this function select Print from the File menu to print the label.
- 2. Fold the printed label at the solid line below. Place the label in a UPS Shipping Pouch. If you do not have a pouch, affix the folded label using clear plastic shipping tape over the entire label.

* " P * " V * 1

3. GETTING YOUR SHIPMENT TO UPS

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UPS NEXT DAY AIR

TRACKING #: 1Z W47 535 01 9410 6039

BILLING: P/P

Reference#1: Project No.-40-10-066
Reference#2: Phoject No.-40-10-066

Sample Receiving Form

CLIENT: RAVI ENSIGNALLIS	WORKORDER:	10/0-	- 291	7
CLIENT: RAUL ENGINEERING CLIENTS JOB: 40-10-066; PCB	RECEIVED BY:	PP		
Control Prince of the Control of the	SHIPPING METHOD:	UPS		
TEMP UPON RECEIPT: Amsimus		0/2		
"No" responses must be explained in the con	mment section below.			
Checklist		YES	NO	NA
Were custody seals on shipping container(s)	intact? Check "NA" if			
no seals, or if containers were hand delivere	d.			X
Were Chain of Custody Forms included with	the samples?			
Were Chain of Custody Forms properly filled	ed out (ink, signed, etc.) 🗶		
Were all containers received in good conditi	on (Check for breakage	/ ' _		
leaks)?				
Were all containers labeled with required in	formation (Sample Id,			
date, signed, analysis, preservation)?				
Were the correct containers used for the test		X		
Were proper preservation techniques indicat	ed?			X
Were samples received within holding times	? If "NO"	./		
nonconformance form is required.		X		
Were all VOA bottles checked for the present				
bubbles were found please note in the comm			<u> </u>	×
Were samples in direct contact with wet ice?	•			
	No Ice		X	
Is sample temperature recorded?				
If "NO" check one: ☐ Unable to record	☐ Temp taken near	×		
samples	<u>-</u>			_
Were pHs of samples checked and recorded	on the COC forms?			X
Did the laboratory accept samples?		X	ļ	
Will samples be subcontracted? If "yes" list	subcontractor and tests	in	X	
specified sections below.				
Subcontractor:	Date Sent Out:			
Analyses Sent:				
Login Technician: (μρ/	Login Review:			
Comments:				
				-, -



Analytical Report Cover Page

Ravi Engineering

For Lab Project #10-4495 Issued November 5, 2010 This report contains a total of 3 pages

The reported results relate only to the samples as they have been received by the laboratory.

Any noncompliant QC parameters having impact on the data are flagged or documented on the final report.

All soil/sludge samples have been reported on a dry weight basis, unless qualified "reported as received". Other solids are reported as received.

Each page of this document is part of a multipage report. This document may not be reproduced except in its entirety, without the prior consent of Paradigm Environmental Services, Inc.

The Chain of Custody provides additional information, including compliance with sample condition requirements upon receipt. Sample condition requirements are defined under the 2003 NELAC Standard, sections 5.5.8.3.1 and 5.5.8.3.2.

NYSDOH ELAP does not certify for all parameters. Paradigm Environmental Services or the indicated subcontracted laboratory does hold certification for all analytes where certification is offered by ELAP unless otherwise specified.

Data qualifiers are used, when necessary, to provide additional information about the data. This information may be communicated as a flag or as text at the bottom of the report. Please refer to the following list of frequently used data flags and their meaning:

[&]quot;<" = analyzed for but not detected at or above the reporting limit.

[&]quot;E" = Result has been estimated, calibration limit exceeded.

[&]quot;Z" = See case narrative.

[&]quot;D" = Duplicate results outside QC limits. May indicate a non-homogenous matrix.

[&]quot;M" = Matrix spike recoveries outside QC limits. Matrix bias indicated.

[&]quot;B" = Method blank contained trace levels of analyte, Refer to included method blank report.



PCB Analysis Report for Soils/Solids/Sludges

Client: Ravi Engineering & Land Surveying

Client Job Site: N/A

Lab Project Number: Lab Sample Number: 14305

10-4495

Client Job Number:

40-10-066

Date Sampled:

Field Location: Field ID Number: N/A

Date Received:

11/02/2010

Sample Type:

PCB-B001-12 Solid

11/02/2010

Date Analyzed:

11/04/2010

PCB Identification	Results in mg / Kg
Aroclor 1016	61.9
Aroclor 1221	< 13.9
Aroclor 1232	< 13.9
Araclor 1242	< 13.9
Aroclor 1248	< 13.9
Aroclor 1254	< 13.9
Aroclor 1260	< 13.9
1	

ELAP Number 10958

Method: EPA 8082

Comments: mg / Kg = milligram per Kilogram

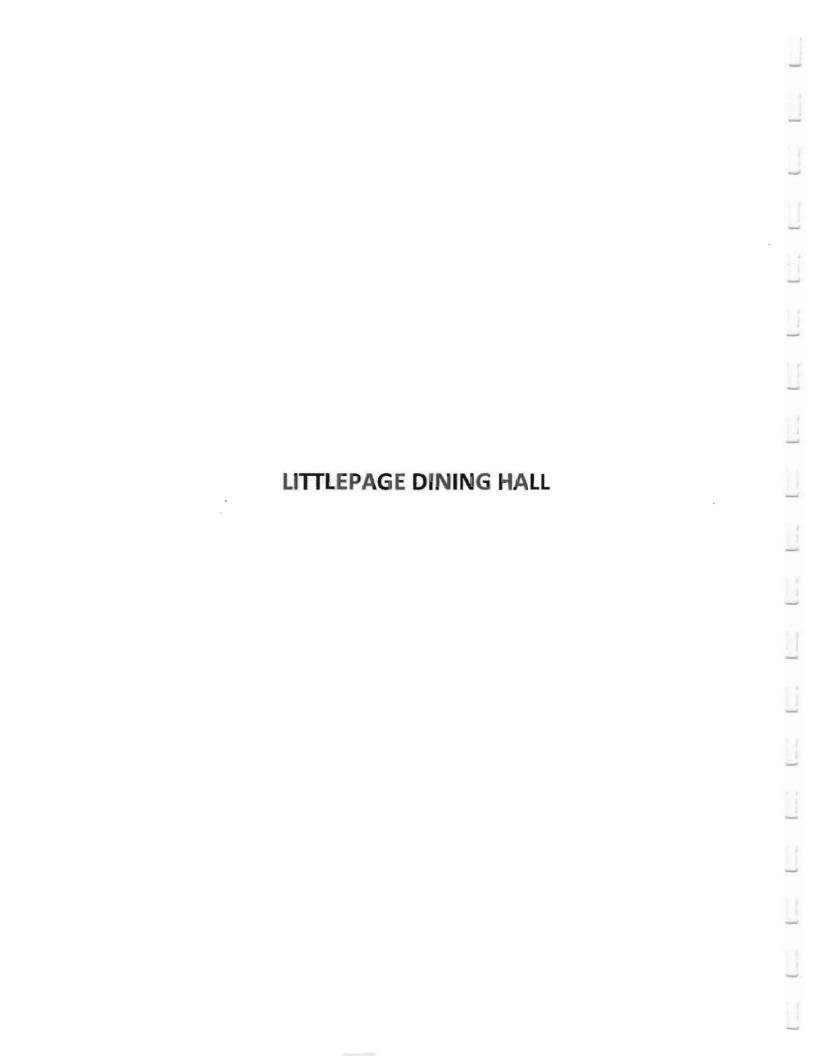
Signature:

Bruce Hoogesteger: Technical Director
This report is part of a multipage document and should only be evaluated in its entirety. Chain of Custody provides additional information, including compliance with sample condition 104495P1 requirements upon receipt.

179 Lake Avenue, Rochester, NY 14608 Office (585) 647-2530 Fax (585) 647-3311

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

DA	RADIO	M			REPORT TO:					il	NVOIC	E TO:									
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Please Reply To:

AmeriSci Boston Eight School Street Weymouth, MA 02189 TEL:(781)337-9334 FAX:(781)337-7642

To: Christine Cregan

Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

AmeriSci Job# 1010-00297

Subject: LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL: PCB

Fax # MWALLER@RAVIENG.COM

MGARBACH@RAVIENG.COM

Email: CCREGAN@RAVIENG.COM

Date: Thursday, November 04, 2010

Time: 1:54:20PM

Comments:

This report contains a total of 13 pages, including the cover sheet, laboratory report, chain of

custody, airbill, sample receiving form, and any other correspondence related to this work order.

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: Unless otherwise indicated, the information contained in this communication is confidential information intended for the use of the individual named above. If the reader of this communication is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution or copying of this communication is prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify the sender by telephone and return the original message to the above address via US Postal Service at our expense. Preliminary data reported here will be verified before final report is issued. Samples are disposed of in 60 days unless otherwise instructed by the protocol or special instructions in writing. Thank you.

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Laboratory Report

AmeriSci Boston Eight School Street Weymouth, MA 02189 781-337-9334

Report Date 11/04/2010 Workorder No. 1010-00297

Customer:

Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

2110 S. Clinton Ave.

Suite 1

Rochester, NY 14618

Attention:

Christine Cregan

Subject:

LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL: PCB

Sample:

001 PCB-B001-3: BASEMENT IN TUNNEL TO ONONDAGA-INTERIOR, WHITE, CRUMBLY

CAULK-BETWEEN MEDIA PLASTER LOC. ON TOP OF RADIATOR

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:

CAULK

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TŁL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	2040	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	771	ug/Kg	431	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		94.2	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
DCB (SURROGATE)		127	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	

Sample:

002 PCB-B002-9: BASEMENT IN TUNNEL TO ONONDAGA-BLACK, STICKY WINDOW

GLAZE-BETWEEN METAL FRAME/GLASS

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix: GLAZING

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 N

NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

1 of



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00297

Sample:

002 PCB-B002-9: BASEMENT IN TUNNEL TO ONONDAGA-BLACK, STICKY WINDOW GLAZE-BETWEEN METAL FRAME/GLASS

(Continued)

Parameter PCB-1248	Method EPA 8082	Results ND	<u>Units</u> ug/Kg	<u>PQL</u> 43500	Tech TLL	Analysis Date/Time 11/04/2010 / 9:42	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	344000	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	NĐ	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	NĐ	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	43500	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G

PCB-EN-21: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-LIGHT TAN/CREAM, FLEXIBLE-BETWEEN Sample:

CONC./CONC.

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Matrix:

CAULK

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	<u>Method</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Units</u>	PQL T	ech_	Analysis Date/Time	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	7490000	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	8560000	ug/ K g	862000 T	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	Т	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	Т	ΓLL	11/04/2010 / 16:00	G

PCB-EN-22: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-GREY/BROWN/SMOKY CHARCOAL Sample:

GREY RUBBER-LIKE DOOR CAULK-BETWEEN METAL DOOR FR/CON Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

SOLID Matrix:

Analysis Date/Time Qual <u>PQL</u> Tech Method Results <u>Units</u> Parameter

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

7

ND = Not Detected PQL= Practical Quantitation Limit

Page: 2 of



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00297

Sample:

004 PCB-EN-22: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-GREY/BROWN/SMOKY CHARCOAL GREY RUBBER-LIKE DOOR CAULK-BETWEEN METAL DOOR FR/CON

(Continued)

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	50700	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7810	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G

Sample: 005 PCB-EN-23: EXTERIOR NORTH-LIGHT GREY/OFF-WHITE EXTERIOR SEAM

CAULK-BETWEEN SIDEWALK PANELS + BETWEEN STONE WALL PANELS

Matrix CALLK

Collection Date: 10/22/2010 Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

matrix:	CAULK								
Parameter PCB in Caulk/Pain	nt	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date	<u>/Time</u>	Qual
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1248		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1254		EPA 8082	6960	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1260		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1262		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
PCB-1268		EPA 8082	4540	ug/Kg	1690	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	
TCMX (SURROGA	ATE)		0.00	%		TLL.	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	G
DCB (SURROGAT	ГЕ)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010	/ 23:00	G

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

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Page:

of 7



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00297

Sample:

006 PCB-EW-25: EXTERIOR WEST-EXTERIOR CAULK-CREAM, FLEXIBLE-POWDERS WHEN

RUBBED BETWEEN STONE WALL PANELS OVER HA #21

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:

CAULK

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	<u>Method</u>	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	33900	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	28300	ug/Kg	3910	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TĻL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G

Sample:

007 PCB-EN-26: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR WINDOW GLAZE-BLACK, VERY

STRETCHY-BETWEEN GLASS /METAL

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Matrix: GLAZING

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	<u>PQL</u>	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	61700	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	11100	ug/Kg	7940	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%		TLL.	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G

Certifications: ND = Not Detected MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

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Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Workorder No.

1010-00297

Sample:

008 PCB-EN-27: EXTERIOR NORTH-CHARCOAL GREY/BROWN WINDOW GLAZE/ CAULK

EXTERIOR-STRETCHY

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Matrix:

CAULK

matrix:	CAULK							
Parameter PCB in Caulk/Pain	nt .	Method	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL	Tech	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1248		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1254		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1260		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1262		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
PCB-1268		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4630	TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	
TCMX (SURROGA	ATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	G
DCB (SURROGAT	TE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010 / 20:00	G

Sample: 009 PCB-EN-28: EXTERIOR NORTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-CREAM (ORIGINAL) WINDOW

CAULK-EXISTING ORIGINAL CAULK

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

Matrix: CAULK

0/22/2010 Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	<u>Melhod</u>	Results	<u>Units</u>	PQL Tec	Analysis Date/Time	Qual
PCB-1016	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1221	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1232	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1242	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1248	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1254	EPA 8082	61000000	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1260	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1262	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
PCB-1268	EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	4810000 TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	
TCMX (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G
DCB (SURROGATE)		0.00	%	TLL	11/04/2010 / 9:42	G

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

Page: 5 of



Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00297

Sample:

010 PCB-ES-29: EXTERIOR SOUTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-METALLIC GREY SEAM

CAULK-BETWEEN CONC./CONC. @ BASE OF BLDG.

Collection Date: 10/22/2010

CAULK

Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Matrix:

111000111111									
Parameter PCB in Caulk/Paint	t	Method	<u>Results</u>	<u>Units</u>	POL	<u>Tech</u>	Analysis Date	/Time	<u>Qual</u>
PCB-1016		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1221		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1232		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1 242		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1248		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1254		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1260		EPA 8082	5920000	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1262		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
PCB-1268		EPA 8082	ND	ug/Kg	362000	TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	
TCMX (SURROGA	ATE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	G
DCB (SURROGAT	ſE)		0.00	%		TLL	11/04/2010	/ 12:49	G

Sample: 011 PCB-ES-30: EXTERIOR SOUTH-EXTERIOR CAULK-GREY, FLEXIBLE SEAM CAULK-BETWEEN CONC./CONC. ON RETAINING WALL CUBE BASE + SEA

10/22/2010 Received Date: 10/28/2010 Time: 10:00:00AM

Collection Date: 10/22/2010 Matrix: SOLID

Analysis Date/Time Parameter Method Results <u>Units</u> PQL <u>Tech</u> Qual PCB in Caulk/Paint TLL EPA 8082 ND ug/Kg 1790 11/04/2010 / 12:10 PCB-1016 EPA 8082 ND 1790 TLL 11/04/2010 / 12:10 PCB-1221 ug/Kg PCB-1232 ND 1790 TLL **EPA 8082** ug/Kg 11/04/2010 / 12:10 TLL EPA 8082 ND 1790 11/04/2010 / 12:10 PCB-1242 ug/Kg TLL PCB-1248 **EPA 8082** ND ug/Kg 1790 11/04/2010 / 12:10 1790 TLL 11/04/2010 / 12:10 PCB-1254 EPA 8082 ND ug/Kg TLL **EPA 8082** ND ug/Kg 1790 11/04/2010 / 12:10 PCB-1260 PCB-1262 EPA 8082 ND ug/Kg 1790 TLL 11/04/2010 / 12:10 1790 TLL 11/04/2010 / 12:10 EPA 8082 ND ug/Kg PCB-1268 TLL 11/04/2010 / 12:10 G % TCMX (SURROGATE) 0.00 TLL G 0.00 % 11/04/2010 / 12:10 DCB (SURROGATE)

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

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Ravi Engineering & LS, P.C.

Workorder No.

1010-00297

G Surrogate recoveries are not reported due to sample dilution.

To the best of my knowledge this report is true and accurate.

Tanya Luongo, Env. Laboratory Manager

Authorized By:

Janya Luongo

Date:

11/04/10

NOTE: All solid results are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted.

Certifications:

MA: MA069

NY:10982

CT: PH0119

RI:LAO00201 NJ: MA744

NH: 2011

Page: 7

of

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AME	RISCI

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AMERISCI BOSTON

888,724,5221 Toll Free

	TEMP UPON RECEIPT:
1 DAY 2 DAY 3 DAY 5 DAY 7 DAY 10 DAY	Amsius

0/0-29

PAGE

8 School Street ~Weymouth, MA 02189 P.O.# 781.337.9334 Phone~781.337.7642 Fax DATA PACKAGE: www.amerisci.com COMPANY: Engineering or Land Surveying, P.C ADDRESS: 2110 S. Clinton Ave, Rochester, NY 14018 FAX1: (585)223-4250 FAX 2: PHONE: (505)223-3660 EMAIL: coregan@ravieng.com, mwaller@raviern.
mgarbach@ravieng.com
com CLIENT Christine Cregan, Mike Waller, CONTACT: Megan Garbach PROJECT Pre-Renovation Feasibility Study
NAME: at LITTLE PAGE Dining Hall PROJECT 40-10-066 PROJECT 40-10-066 PROJECT NY NUMBER: Phase: 40-102-02 STATE: NY PH AT LOGIN MATRIX: A-WATER (S-SOIL/SOLIDS) SL-SLUDGE OIL-OIL CH-CHIPS CONTAINER P-PLASTIC PRESERVATIVES WI-WIPES C-CASSETTES W-WASTE O-OTHER G-GLASS V-VOA GRAB (G) OR SAMPLING INFORMATION CONTAINER SAMPLE CLIENT SAMPLE LAB MATRIX ID IDENTIFICATION SIZE TYPE # TIME DATE TECH Notes: PCB-B001-3 S 4 10/22/10 MG, MW PCB- PM2-9 p S Ĝ ¥ S PCB-EN-21 0 11 Ĝ 10 ı, S RB-EN-22 P 11 S D 11 11 G 11 11 S S 0 11 11 G 1 11 17 0 11 G 0 11 S Р ۱۲ 11 11 47 G 11 0 'n 11 11 G O S 11 " Ĺ IJ S 1 A DATE 10/27/10 RECEIVED BY: (PRINT) DATE: TIME (400 (SIGN) TIME: RECEIVED BY: (PRINT) RELINQUISHED BY: (PRINT) DATE: THME: TIME: (SIGN) (SIGN) RECEIVED FOR LABORATORY BY: RELINQUISHED BY: (PRINT) DATE: DATE: (SIGN) (SIGN) TIME: TIME:

AMERISCI JOB NO:

R	RAVI ENGINEERING &
2	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project Name: Project #:

Feasibility Study at Littlepage Dining Hall

40-10-066

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach 10-22-10 Inspector Name:

Date:

PCB-LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION	NOTES	AMOUNT
PCB-B001-3	Basement in turnel to Onondaga	Interior, white crumbly caulk	Undamaged	between metala plaster located on top of radiator	
- ROB-8002 - 9	»	blackisticky window glage	" \ \ "	glass metal frame	
PCB-EN-21	Exterior North	Exterior caulk-light tan/cream. flexible	undamaged	between conc./conc.	
PCB-EN-2Z	30 11	exterior caulk-grey/ brown/smoky charcoal grey wober-like door caulk	" "	between metal door frame/conc.	
PCB-EN-23	· 1	Light grey/off-white exterior seam caulk	a / "	between sidewalk panels a between store	
PCB-EW-25	Exterior West	exterior cault- cream, flexible	~ "	powders when whole who bed between stone w	all pareis over
PCB-EN-26	Exterior North	Exterior windows glane-black, very stretchy	1	between glass/	
PCB-EN-27	ч	charcoal/grey/bown	× //	stretchy	
PCB-EN-28	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Exterior ca ulk-cream (original) window cavik	♥ // // // // // // // // // // // // //	existing original caulk	
PC8-65-29	Exterior South	Exterior caulk- metallic gley scam caul	K V "	e base of bldg.	

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Page _ of 2

R	RAVI ENGINEERING &
	LAND SURVEYING, P.C.
	CONSULTING ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

Project Name:

Inspector Name:

Feasibility Study at Littlepage Dining Hall

Project #:

40-10-066

Date:

Mike Waller, Megan Garbach 10-22-10

PCB- LITTLEPAGE DINING HALL

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL TYPE	CONDITION	NOTES	AMOUNT
PCB-ES-30	Exterior South	Exterior caulk- grey, floxible scam ca	undamaged	between core core. on retaining wall cube says	
					-
_					
-					
			M co/28/	(O	

M co/28/10

Page 2 of 2

UPS Internet Shipping: View/Print Label

- 1. **Print the label(s):** Select the Print button on the print dialog box that appears. Note: If your browser does not support this function select Print from the File menu to print the label.
- Fold the printed label at the solid line below. Place the label in a UPS Shipping Pouch. If you do not have a pouch, affix the folded label using clear plastic shipping tape over the entire label.

3. GETTING YOUR SHIPMENT TO UPS

Customers without a Daily Pickup

Schedule a same day or future day Pickup to have a UPS driver pickup all of your Internet Shipping packages.

Hand the package to any UPS driver in your area.

Take your package to any location of The UPS Store[®], UPS Drop Box, UPS Customer Center, UPS Alliances (Office Depot[®] or Staples[®]) or Authorized Shipping Outlet near you. Items sent via UPS Return ServicesSM (including via Ground) are also accepted at Drop Boxes. To find the location nearest you, please visit the 'Find Locations' Quick link at ups.com.

Customers with a Daily Pickup

Your driver will pickup your shipment(s) as usual.

SCI-SOP-1003 Sample Receiving Form CLIENT: LAVE Ensineering WORKORDER: 010-297 CLIENTS JOB: 40-10-066; PCB RECEIVED BY: RECEIVED DATE: 10/28/10 UPS. SHIPPING METHOD: TEMP UPON RECEIPT: Among "No" responses must be explained in the comment section below. Checklist YES NO NA Were custody seals on shipping container(s) intact? Check "NA" if no seals, or if containers were hand delivered. Were Chain of Custody Forms included with the samples? Were Chain of Custody Forms properly filled out (ink, signed, etc.) Were all containers received in good condition (Check for breakage/ leaks)? Were all containers labeled with required information (Sample Id, date, signed, analysis, preservation)? Were the correct containers used for the tests indicated? Were proper preservation techniques indicated? X Were samples received within holding times? If "NO" nonconformance form is required. Were all VOA bottles checked for the presence of air bubbles? If X bubbles were found please note in the comment section. Were samples in direct contact with wet ice? X No Ice If "NO" check one: ☐ Blue Ice Is sample temperature recorded? If "NO" check one: ☐ Unable to record ☐ Temp taken near samples Were pHs of samples checked and recorded on the COC forms? X Did the laboratory accept samples? Will samples be subcontracted? If "yes" list subcontractor and tests in Z specified sections below. Date Sent Out: Subcontractor: Analyses Sent: Login Technician:/mp Login Review: Comments: